

Exosome Isolation and Purification Kit (from body fluids)

1 Contents

Components	HY-K1065-30T
Exosome Concentration Solution (ECS)	15 mL
Exosome Purification Filter (EPF)	30 Tubes

Body fluids	ECS volume	PBS volume
2 mL	0.5 mL	0.2 mL

2 Introduction

Exosomes are small vesicles (30-150 nm) containing RNA and protein that are secreted by various types of cells in culture, and found in abundance in body fluids including blood, saliva, urine, and breast milk. Exosomes are thought to function as intercellular messengers, delivering their cargo of effector or signaling macromolecules between specific cells.

MCE Exosome Isolation and Purification Kit provides a simple and effective method to isolate and purify intact exosomes from cerebro-spinal fluid, amniotic fluid, milk, saliva, etc, which can be used for electron microscope analysis, NTA analysis, WB, qPCR, etc. This product contains sufficient reagents for processing 60 mL of body fluids.

3 General Protocol

Sample preparation

1. For newly prepared sample, place on ice for later use. For frozen samples, defrost in 25°C water bath and then place on ice.
2. Centrifuge 2 mL of body fluids at 3,000 g at 4°C for 10 minutes to remove cells and debris. Transfer the supernatant to a new tube without disturbing the pellet.
3. Centrifuge at 10,000 g at 4°C for 10 minutes and collect the supernatant.

Note: If additional debris remains detectable, centrifuge for additional 10 minutes and collect the supernatant.

Isolation of exosomes

1. Add 0.5 mL of Exosome Concentration Solution (ECS) per 2 mL of the supernatant.

Note: Mix the Exosome Concentration Solution thoroughly before use.

2. Mix by vortexing for 1 minute, and then incubate at 4°C for more than 2 hours.

Note: The yield of exosomes could be increased with longer incubate time. However, it is recommended not to exceed 24 hours.

3. Centrifuge at 10,000 g at 4°C for 60 minutes, discard the supernatant. Exosomes are contained in the pellet at the bottom of the tube (not visible in most cases).

4. Add 0.2 mL of 1× PBS per 2 mL of body fluids to resuspend the pellet. Centrifuge at 12,000 g at 4°C for 2 minutes, and the supernatant is crude exosomes.

Note: If additional debris remains detectable, centrifuge for additional 2 minutes and collect the supernatant.

Purification and storage of exosomes

1. Add the crude exosomes to the Exosome Purification Filter, centrifuge at 3,000 g at 4°C for 10 minutes and collect the purified exosomes.
2. Aliquot the purified exosomes into multiple tubes and store at -80°C for downstream analysis. Avoid repetitive freeze-thaw cycles.

4 Storage

Store at room temperature for two years

5 Precautions

1. To ensure that isolated exosomes originated from your cells of interest, it is recommended to culture the cells with exosome depleted fetal bovine serum (FBS).
2. This product is free of RNase and DNase. Please avoid the contamination of RNase and DNase during use.
3. This product is for R&D use only, not for drug, household, or other uses.
4. For your safety and health, please wear a lab coat and disposable gloves to operate.