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Inhibitors, Screening Libraries, Proteins

# PDGFR

## Platelet-derived growth factor receptor

PDGFR (Platelet-derived growth factor receptors) are cell surface tyrosine kinase receptors for members of the platelet-derived growth factor (PDGF) family. PDGF subunits -A and -B are important factors regulating cell proliferation, cellular differentiation, cell growth, development and many diseases including cancer. There are two forms of the PDGFR: PDGFR alpha and PDGFR beta.

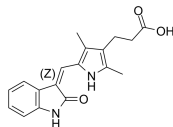
## PDGFR Inhibitors

### (Z)-Orantinib

(Z)-SU6668; (Z)-TSU-68)

Cat. No.: HY-10517A

(Z)-Orantinib ((Z)-SU6668) is a potent, selective, orally active and ATP competitive inhibitor of Flk1/KDR, PDGFR $\beta$ , and FGFR1, with IC<sub>50</sub>s of 2.1, 0.008, and 1.2  $\mu$ M, respectively. (Z)-Orantinib is a potent antiangiogenic and antitumor agent that induces regression of established tumors.



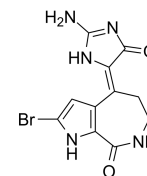
**Purity:** 99.02%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10 mM  $\times$  1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

### 10Z-Hymenialdisine

((Z)-Hymenialdisine; Hymenialdisine)

Cat. No.: HY-N6794

10Z-Hymenialdisine ((Z)-Hymenialdisine) is a natural bioactive pyrrole alkaloid. 10Z-Hymenialdisine is a pan kinase inhibitor, and has anticancer activities.

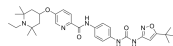


**Purity:** >98%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 1 mg, 5 mg

### AC710

Cat. No.: HY-13493

AC710 is a potent PDGFR inhibitor with K<sub>d</sub>s of 0.6, 1.57, 1, 1.3, 1.0 nM for FLT3, CSF1R, KIT, PDGFR $\alpha$  and PDGFR $\beta$ , respectively.

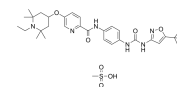


**Purity:** 99.89%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10 mM  $\times$  1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

### AC710 Mesylate

Cat. No.: HY-13493A

AC710 Mesylate is a potent PDGFR inhibitor with K<sub>d</sub>s of 0.6, 1.57, 1, 1.3, 1.0 nM for FLT3, CSF1R, KIT, PDGFR $\alpha$  and PDGFR $\beta$ , respectively.

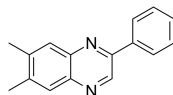


**Purity:** >98%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 1 mg, 5 mg

### AG 1295

Cat. No.: HY-101957

AG 1295 is a selective platelet-derived growth factor receptor (PDGFR) tyrosine-kinase inhibitor. AG1295 abolishes autophosphorylation of the PDGFR whereas not affects the autophosphorylation of the EGF receptor.

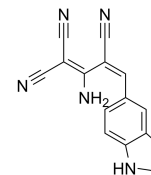


**Purity:** 99.90%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10 mM  $\times$  1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

### AG 370

Cat. No.: HY-116111

AG 370, an indole tyrphostin, is a potent PDGF-induced mitogenesis inhibitor (IC<sub>50</sub> of 20  $\mu$ M). AG 370 displays weak inhibition of the EGF receptor.



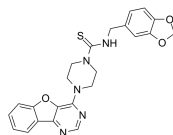
**Purity:** >98%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 1 mg, 5 mg

### Amuvatinib

(MP470; HPK 56)

Cat. No.: HY-10206

Amuvatinib (MP470) is an orally bioavailable multi-targeted tyrosine kinase inhibitor with potent activity against mutant c-Kit, PDGFR $\alpha$ , Flt3, c-Met and c-Ret.



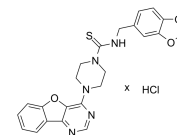
**Purity:** 98.07%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 2  
**Size:** 10 mM  $\times$  1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

### Amuvatinib hydrochloride

(MP470 hydrochloride; HPK 56 hydrochloride)

Cat. No.: HY-10206A

Amuvatinib hydrochloride (MP470 hydrochloride) is an orally bioavailable multi-targeted tyrosine kinase inhibitor with potent activity against mutant c-Kit, PDGFR $\alpha$ , Flt3, c-Met and c-Ret.



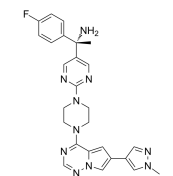
**Purity:** >98%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 2  
**Size:** 1 mg, 5 mg

### Avapritinib

(BLU-285)

Cat. No.: HY-101561

Avapritinib (BLU-285) is a highly potent, selective, and orally active KIT and PDGFRA activation loop mutant kinases inhibitor with IC<sub>50</sub>s of 0.27 and 0.24 nM for KIT D816V and PDGFRA D842V, respectively.



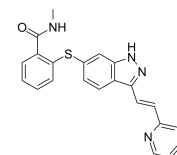
**Purity:** 99.94%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10 mM  $\times$  1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

### Axitinib

(AG-013736)

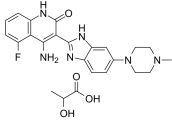
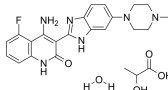
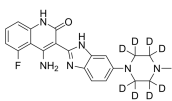
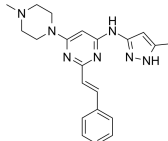
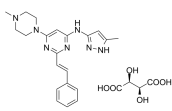
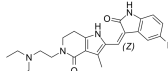
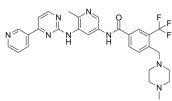
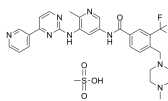
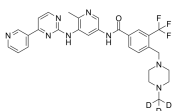
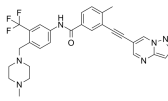
Cat. No.: HY-10065

Axitinib is a multi-targeted tyrosine kinase inhibitor with IC<sub>50</sub>s of 0.1, 0.2, 0.1-0.3, 1.6 nM for VEGFR1, VEGFR2, VEGFR3 and PDGFR $\beta$ , respectively.

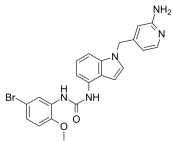
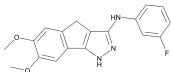
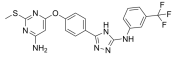
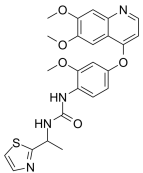
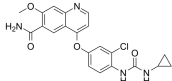
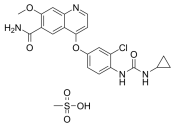
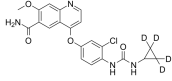
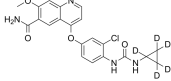
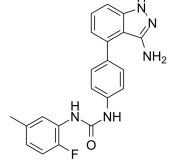
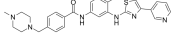


**Purity:** 99.94%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10 mM  $\times$  1 mL, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg

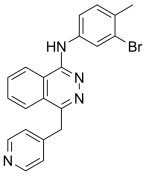
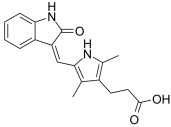
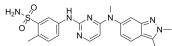
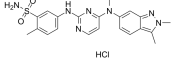
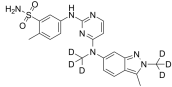
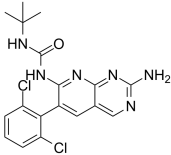
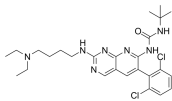
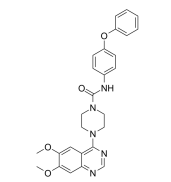
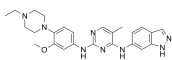
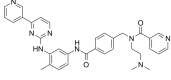
<p><b>Axitinib 13CD3</b> (AG-013736 13CD3)</p> <p>Axitinib 13CD3 (AG-013736 13CD3) is a 13C-labeled and deuterium labeled Axitinib. Axitinib is a multi-targeted tyrosine kinase inhibitor with IC<sub>50</sub>s of 0.1, 0.2, 0.1-0.3, 1.6 nM for VEGFR1, VEGFR2, VEGFR3 and PDGFR<math>\beta</math>, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg</p>	<p><b>AZD2932</b></p> <p>AZD2932 is a potent and multi-targeted kinase inhibitor VEGFR2, PDGF<math>\beta</math>, Flt-3 and c-Kit with IC<sub>50</sub>s of 8, 4, 7 and 9 nM in cell assay, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 96.11% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>
<p><b>Cediranib</b> (AZD2171)</p> <p>Cediranib (AZD2171) is a highly potent, orally available VEGFR tyrosine kinase inhibitor with IC<sub>50</sub>s of &lt;1, &lt;3, 5, 5, 36, 2 nM for Flt1, KDR, Flt4, PDGFR<math>\alpha</math>, PDGFR<math>\beta</math>, c-Kit, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.58% <b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 3 <b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg</p>	<p><b>Cediranib maleate</b> (AZD-2171 maleate)</p> <p>Cediranib maleate (AZD-2171 maleate) is a highly potent, orally available VEGFR inhibitor with IC<sub>50</sub>s of &lt;1, &lt;3, 5, 5, 36, 2 nM for Flt1, KDR, Flt4, PDGFR<math>\alpha</math>, PDGFR<math>\beta</math>, c-Kit, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.74% <b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 3 <b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>
<p><b>Chiauranib</b> (CS2164)</p> <p>Chiauranib (CS2164) is an orally active multi-target inhibitor against tumor angiogenesis.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.28% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>	<p><b>CHIR-124</b></p> <p>CHIR-124 is a potent and selective Chk1 inhibitor with IC<sub>50</sub> of 0.3 nM, and also potently targets PDGFR and FLT3 with IC<sub>50</sub>s of 6.6 nM and 5.8 nM.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 96.57% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>
<p><b>CP-673451</b></p> <p>CP-673451 is a potent and selective inhibitor of PDGFR with IC<sub>50</sub>s of 10 and 1 nM for PDGFR<math>\alpha</math> and PDGFR<math>\beta</math>, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.65% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>	<p><b>Crenolanib</b> (CP-868596)</p> <p>Crenolanib is a potent and selective inhibitor of wild-type and mutant isoforms of the class III receptor tyrosine kinases FLT3 and PDGFR<math>\alpha/\beta</math> with K<sub>d</sub>s of 0.74 nM and 2.1 nM/3.2 nM, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.72% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>
<p><b>DMPQ dihydrochloride</b></p> <p>DMPQ dihydrochloride is a potent and selective inhibitor of human platelet-derived growth factor receptor <math>\beta</math> (PDGFR<math>\beta</math>) with an IC<sub>50</sub> of 80 nM.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>	<p><b>Dovitinib</b> (CHIR-258; TKI258)</p> <p>Dovitinib (CHIR-258) is an orally active, potent multi-targeted tyrosine kinase (RTK) inhibitor with IC<sub>50</sub>s of 1, 2, 36, 8/9, 10/13/8, 27/210 nM for FLT3, c-Kit, CSF-1R, FGFR1/FGFR3, VEGFR1/VEGFR2/VEGFR3 and PDGFR<math>\alpha</math>/PDGFR<math>\beta</math>, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.94% <b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 3 <b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg</p>

<p><b>Dovitinib lactate</b> (CHIR-258 lactate; TKI-258 lactate)</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-10207</p>	<p><b>Dovitinib lactate hydrate</b> (TKI258 lactate hydrate; CHIR-258 lactate hydrate)</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-B0062</p>
<p>Dovitinib lactate (TKI258 lactate) is a multi-targeted tyrosine kinase inhibitor with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 1, 2, 8/9, 10/13/8, 27/210 nM for FLT3, c-Kit, FGFR1/3, VEGFR1/2/3 and PDGFR<math>\alpha/\beta</math>, respectively.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"></p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.62% <b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 3 <b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg</p>	<p>Dovitinib lactate hydrate (TKI258 lactate hydrate) is a multi-targeted tyrosine kinase inhibitor with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 1, 2, 8/9, 10/13/8, 27/210 nM for FLT3, c-Kit, FGFR1/3, VEGFR1/2/3 and PDGFR<math>\alpha/\beta</math>, respectively.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"></p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>
<p><b>Dovitinib-D8</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-509055</p>	<p><b>ENMD-2076</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-10987A</p>
<p>Dovitinib-D8 (CHIR-258-D8) is the deuterium labeled Dovitinib. Dovitinib (CHIR-258) is a multi-targeted tyrosine kinase inhibitor with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 1, 2, 8/9, 10/13/8, 27/210 nM for FLT3, c-Kit, FGFR1/3, VEGFR1/2/3 and PDGFR<math>\alpha/\beta</math>, respectively.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"></p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>	<p>ENMD-2076 is a multi-targeted kinase inhibitor with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 1.86, 14, 58.2, 15.9, 92.7, 70.8, 56.4 nM for Aurora A, Flt3, KDR/VEGFR2, Flt4/VEGFR3, FGFR1, FGFR2, Src, PDGFR<math>\alpha</math>, respectively.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"></p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.12% <b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 2 <b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>
<p><b>ENMD-2076 Tartrate</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-10987</p>	<p><b>Famitinib</b> (SHR1020)</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-108713</p>
<p>ENMD-2076 Tartrate is a multi-targeted kinase inhibitor with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 1.86, 14, 58.2, 15.9, 92.7, 70.8, 56.4 nM for Aurora A, Flt3, KDR/VEGFR2, Flt4/VEGFR3, FGFR1, FGFR2, Src, PDGFR<math>\alpha</math>, respectively.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"></p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.87% <b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 2 <b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg</p>	<p>Famitinib (SHR1020), an orally active multi-targeted kinase inhibitor, inhibits the activity of c-kit, VEGFR-2 and PDGFR<math>\beta</math> with <math>IC_{50}</math> values of 2.3 nM, 4.7 nM and 6.6 nM, respectively.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"></p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>
<p><b>Flumatinib</b> (HHGV678)</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-13904</p>	<p><b>Flumatinib mesylate</b> (HHGV678 mesylate)</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-13905</p>
<p>Flumatinib (HHGV678) is an orally available, selective inhibitor of Bcr-Abl. Flumatinib inhibits c-Abl, PDGFR<math>\beta</math> and c-Kit with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 1.2 nM, 307.6 nM and 665.5 nM, respectively.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"></p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.94% <b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 3 <b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg</p>	<p>Flumatinib mesylate (HHGV678 mesylate) is an orally available, selective inhibitor of Bcr-Abl. Flumatinib mesylate inhibits c-Abl, PDGFR<math>\beta</math> and c-Kit with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 1.2 nM, 307.6 nM and 665.5 nM, respectively.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"></p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.97% <b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 4 <b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 500 mg</p>
<p><b>Flumatinib-d3</b> (HHGV678-d3)</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-13904S</p>	<p><b>GZD856</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-101489</p>
<p>Flumatinib-d3 is deuterium labeled Flumatinib. Flumatinib (HHGV678) is an orally available, selective inhibitor of Bcr-Abl. Flumatinib inhibits c-Abl, PDGFR<math>\beta</math> and c-Kit with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 1.2 nM, 307.6 nM and 665.5 nM, respectively.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"></p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>	<p>GZD856 formic is a potent and orally active PDGFR<math>\alpha/\beta</math> inhibitor, with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 68.6 and 136.6 nM, respectively. GZD856 formic is also a Bcr-Abl<sup>T315I</sup> inhibitor, with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 19.9 and 15.4 nM for native Bcr-Abl and the T315I mutant. GZD856 formic has antitumor activity.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"></p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>

<p><b>GZD856 formic</b></p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-101489A</p>	<p><b>HG-7-85-01</b></p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-15814</p>
<p>GZD856 formic is a potent and orally active PDGFR<math>\alpha/\beta</math> inhibitor, with IC<sub>50</sub>s of 68.6 and 136.6 nM, respectively. GZD856 formic is also a Bcr-Abl<sup>T315I</sup> inhibitor, with IC<sub>50</sub>s of 19.9 and 15.4 nM for native Bcr-Abl and the T315I mutant. GZD856 formic has antitumor activity.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.06%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>	<p>HG-7-85-01 is a type II ATP competitive inhibitor of wild-type and gatekeeper mutations forms of Bcr-Abl, PDGFR<math>\alpha</math>, Kit, and Src kinases.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>
<p><b>Hypothemycin</b></p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-107417</p>	<p><b>IHMT-TRK-284</b></p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-146697</p>
<p>Hypothemycin, a fungal polyketide, is a multikinase inhibitor with K<sub>s</sub> of 10/70 nM, 17/38 nM, 90 nM, 900 nM/1.5 <math>\mu</math>M, and 8.4/2.4 <math>\mu</math>M for VEGFR2/VEGFR1, MEK1/MEK2, FLT-3, PDGFR<math>\beta</math>/PDGFR<math>\alpha</math>, and ERK1/ERK2, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 96.10%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 1 mg</p>	<p>IHMT-TRK-284 (Compound 34) is a potent, orally active <b>type II TRK kinase</b> inhibitor with IC<sub>50</sub> values of 10.5, 0.7, and 2.6 nM to TRKA, B, and C respectively. IHMT-TRK-284 displays great selectivity profile in the kinome and good in vivo antitumor efficacies.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>
<p><b>Ilorasertib</b> (ABT-348)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-16018</p>	<p><b>Ilorasertib hydrochloride</b> (ABT-348 hydrochloride)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-16018A</p>
<p>Ilorasertib (ABT-348) is a potent and ATP-competitive multitargeted kinase inhibitor, which inhibits <b>Aurora C</b>, <b>Aurora B</b>, and <b>Aurora A</b> with IC<sub>50</sub>s of 1 nM, 7 nM, 120 nM, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> <math>\geq</math>98.0%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 2</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 50 mg, 100 mg</p>	<p>Ilorasertib (ABT-348 hydrochloride) is a potent and ATP-competitive multitargeted kinase inhibitor, which inhibits <b>Aurora C</b>, <b>Aurora B</b>, and <b>Aurora A</b> with IC<sub>50</sub>s of 1 nM, 7 nM, 120 nM, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.67%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 2</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>
<p><b>Imatinib</b> (STI571; CGP-57148B)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-15463</p>	<p><b>Imatinib D4</b> (STI571 D4; CGP-57148B D4)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-15463S1</p>
<p>Imatinib (STI571) is an orally bioavailable tyrosine kinases inhibitor that selectively inhibits <b>BCR/ABL</b>, <b>v-Abl</b>, <b>PDGFR</b> and <b>c-kit</b> kinase activity.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.54%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 200 mg, 500 mg, 1 g, 5 g</p>	<p>Imatinib D4 (STI571 D4) is a deuterium labeled Imatinib (STI571). Imatinib is an orally bioavailable tyrosine kinases inhibitor that selectively inhibits BCR/ABL, v-Abl, PDGFR and c-kit kinase activity.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> <math>\geq</math>99.0%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>
<p><b>Imatinib Mesylate</b> (STI571 Mesylate; CGP-57148B Mesylate)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-50946</p>	<p><b>Imatinib-d8</b> (STI571-d8; CGP-57148B-d8)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-15463S</p>
<p>Imatinib Mesylate (STI571 Mesylate) is a tyrosine kinases inhibitor that inhibits <b>c-Kit</b>, <b>Bcr-Abl</b>, and <b>PDGFR</b> (IC<sub>50</sub>=100 nM) tyrosine kinases.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.91%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 200 mg, 500 mg, 1 g, 5 g</p>	<p>Imatinib D8 (STI571 D8) is a deuterium labeled Imatinib (STI571). Imatinib is an orally bioavailable tyrosine kinases inhibitor that selectively inhibits BCR/ABL, v-Abl, PDGFR and c-kit kinase activity.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 5 mg</p>

<p><b>J1-101</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-16265</p> <p>J1-101 is an orally available multi-kinase inhibitor of <b>VEGFR2</b>, <b>PDGFR<math>\beta</math></b> and <b>EphB4</b> with potent anti-cancer activity.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.43%  <b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 2  <b>Size:</b> 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p> 	<p><b>JNJ-10198409</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-W011266</p> <p>JNJ-10198409 is a relatively selective, orally active, and ATP competitive <b>PDGF-RTK</b> (platelet-derived growth factor receptor tyrosine kinase) inhibitor (<b>IC<sub>50</sub></b>=2 nM). It is a dual-mechanism, antiangiogenic, and tumor cell antiproliferative agent.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.76%  <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported  <b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 1 mg</p> 
<p><b>KG5</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-15198</p> <p>KG5 is an orally active dual <b>PDGFR<math>\beta</math></b> and <b>B-Raf</b> allosteric inhibitor. KG5 also inhibits <b>Flt3</b>, <b>KIT</b> and <b>c-Raf</b>. KG5 has anticancer, antiangiogenic activities.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%  <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported  <b>Size:</b> 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p> 	<p><b>Ki20227</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-10408</p> <p>Ki20227 is an orally active and highly selective <b>c-Fms tyrosine kinase (CSF1R)</b> inhibitor with <b>IC<sub>50</sub>s</b> of 2 nM, 12 nM, 451 and 217 nM for <b>CSF1R</b>, <b>VEGFR2</b> (vascular endothelial growth factor receptor-2), <b>c-Kit</b> (stem cell factor receptor) and <b>PDGFR<math>\beta</math></b> (platelet-derived growth factor...)</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.17%  <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported  <b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 2 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg</p> 
<p><b>Lenvatinib (E7080)</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-10981</p> <p>Lenvatinib (E7080) is an oral, multi-targeted tyrosine kinase inhibitor that inhibits <b>VEGFR1-3</b>, <b>FGFR1-4</b>, <b>PDGFR</b>, <b>KIT</b>, and <b>RET</b>, shows potent antitumor activities.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.87%  <b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched  <b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p> 	<p><b>Lenvatinib mesylate (E7080 mesylate)</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-10981A</p> <p>Lenvatinib mesylate (E7080 mesylate), an oral, multi-targeted tyrosine kinase inhibitor that inhibits <b>VEGFR1-3</b>, <b>FGFR1-4</b>, <b>PDGFR</b>, <b>KIT</b>, and <b>RET</b>, shows potent antitumor activities.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.86%  <b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched  <b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p> 
<p><b>Lenvatinib-d4 (E7080-d4)</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-10981S</p> <p>Lenvatinib-d4 (E7080-d4) is the deuterium labeled Lenvatinib. Lenvatinib (E7080) is an oral, multi-targeted tyrosine kinase inhibitor that inhibits <b>VEGFR1-3</b>, <b>FGFR1-4</b>, <b>PDGFR</b>, <b>KIT</b>, and <b>RET</b>, shows potent antitumor activities.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%  <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported  <b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p> 	<p><b>Lenvatinib-d5 (E7080-d5)</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-10981S1</p> <p>Lenvatinib-d5 (E7080-d5) is the deuterium labeled Lenvatinib. Lenvatinib (E7080) is an oral, multi-targeted tyrosine kinase inhibitor that inhibits <b>VEGFR1-3</b>, <b>FGFR1-4</b>, <b>PDGFR</b>, <b>KIT</b>, and <b>RET</b>, shows potent antitumor activities.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%  <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported  <b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p> 
<p><b>Linifanib (ABT-869; AL-39324)</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-50751</p> <p>Linifanib (ABT-869) is a potent and orally active multi-target inhibitor of <b>VEGFR</b> and <b>PDGFR</b> family with <b>IC<sub>50</sub>s</b> of 4, 3, 66, and 4 nM for <b>KDR</b>, <b>FLT1</b>, <b>PDGFR<math>\beta</math></b>, and <b>FLT3</b>, respectively. Linifanib shows prominent antitumor activity.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.72%  <b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 3  <b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg</p> 	<p><b>Masitinib (AB1010)</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>Cat. No.:</b> HY-10209</p> <p>Masitinib (AB1010) is a potent, orally bioavailable, and selective inhibitor of <b>c-Kit</b> (<b>IC<sub>50</sub></b>=200 nM for human recombinant c-Kit). It also inhibits <b>PDGFR<math>\alpha/\beta</math></b> (<b>IC<sub>50</sub>s</b>=540/800 nM), <b>Lyn</b> (<b>IC<sub>50</sub></b>=510 nM for LynB), <b>Lck</b>, and, to a lesser extent, <b>FGFR3</b> and <b>FAK</b>.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.98%  <b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 3  <b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg</p> 

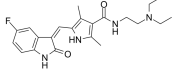
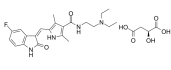
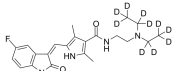
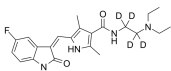
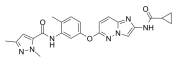
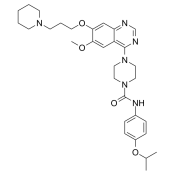
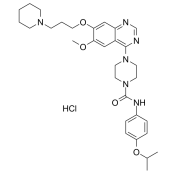
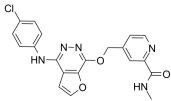
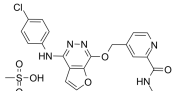
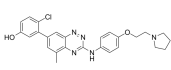
<p><b>Masitinib mesylate</b> (AB-1010 mesylate)</p> <p>Masitinib mesylate (AB-1010 mesylate) is a potent, orally bioavailable, and selective inhibitor of c-Kit (<math>IC_{50}</math>=200 nM for human recombinant c-Kit). It also inhibits PDGFR<math>\alpha/\beta</math> (<math>IC_{50}</math>s=540/800 nM), Lyn (<math>IC_{50}</math>= 510 nM for LynB), Lck, and, to a lesser extent, FGFR3 and FAK.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.76% <b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 3 <b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg</p>	<p><b>Methylnisoslin</b> (Astrapterocarpan)</p> <p>Methylnisoslin (Astrapterocarpan), isolated from Astragalus membranaceus, inhibits platelet-derived growth factor (PDGF)-BB-induced cell proliferation with an <math>IC_{50}</math> of 10 <math>\mu</math>M.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.64% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg</p>
<p><b>Multi-kinase inhibitor 1</b></p> <p>Multi-kinase inhibitor 1 is a potent multi-kinase inhibitor. Multi-kinase inhibitor 1 has the potential for diseases or disorders associated with abnormal or deregulated tyrosine kinase activity, particularly diseases associated with the activity of PDGF-R, c-Kit and Bcr-abl.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>	<p><b>Multi-kinase-IN-1</b></p> <p>Multi-kinase-IN-1 (Compound 11k) is a potent kinase inhibitor with antitumor activity. Multi-kinase-IN-1 induces cell apoptosis, and can be studied for colorectal cancer.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>
<p><b>N-(p-Coumaroyl) Serotonin</b></p> <p>N-(p-Coumaroyl) Serotonin is a polyphenol isolated from the seeds of safflower and has antioxidative, anti-atherogenic and anti-inflammatory properties. N-(p-Coumaroyl) Serotonin inhibits PDGF-induced phosphorylation of PDGF receptor and <math>Ca^{2+}</math> release from sarcoplasmic reticulum.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.17% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 5 mg</p>	<p><b>Nintedanib</b> (BIBF 1120)</p> <p>Nintedanib (BIBF 1120) is a potent triple angiokinase inhibitor for VEGFR1/2/3 and PDGFR<math>\alpha/\beta</math> with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 34 nM/13 nM/13 nM, 69 nM/37 nM/108 nM and 59 nM/65 nM, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.85% <b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched <b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg, 1 g</p>
<p><b>Nintedanib esylate</b> (BIBF 1120 esylate)</p> <p>Nintedanib esylate (BIBF 1120 esylate) is a potent triple angiokinase inhibitor for VEGFR1/2/3, FGFR1/2/3 and PDGFR<math>\alpha/\beta</math> with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 34 nM/13 nM/13 nM, 69 nM/37 nM/108 nM and 59 nM/65 nM, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.94% <b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched <b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg</p>	<p><b>Nintedanib-13C,d3</b> (BIBF 1120-13C,d3)</p> <p>Nintedanib-13C,d3 is the 13C- and deuterium labeled. Nintedanib (BIBF 1120) is a potent triple angiokinase inhibitor for VEGFR1/2/3, FGFR1/2/3 and PDGFR<math>\alpha/\beta</math> with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 34 nM/13 nM/13 nM, 69 nM/37 nM/108 nM and 59 nM/65 nM, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>
<p><b>Nintedanib-d3</b> (BIBF 1120-d3)</p> <p>Nintedanib-d3 (BIBF 1120-d3) is the deuterium labeled Nintedanib. Nintedanib (BIBF 1120) is a potent triple angiokinase inhibitor for VEGFR1/2/3, FGFR1/2/3 and PDGFR<math>\alpha/\beta</math> with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 34 nM/13 nM/13 nM, 69 nM/37 nM/108 nM and 59 nM/65 nM, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg</p>	<p><b>Nintedanib-d8</b> (BIBF 1120-d8)</p> <p>Nintedanib-d8 is deuterium labeled Nintedanib. Nintedanib (BIBF 1120) is a potent triple angiokinase inhibitor for VEGFR1/2/3, FGFR1/2/3 and PDGFR<math>\alpha/\beta</math> with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 34 nM/13 nM/13 nM, 69 nM/37 nM/108 nM and 59 nM/65 nM, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>

<p><b>NVP-ACC789</b> (ACC-789; ZK202650) <span style="float: right;">Cat. No.: HY-19624</span></p> <p>NVP-ACC789 is an inhibitor of human VEGFR-1, VEGFR-2 (mouse VEGFR-2), VEGFR-3 and PDGFR-<math>\beta</math> with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 0.38, 0.02 (0.23), 0.18, 1.4 <math>\mu</math>M, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.94% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg</p> 	<p><b>Orantinib</b> (SU6668; TSU-68) <span style="float: right;">Cat. No.: HY-10517</span></p> <p>Orantinib (SU6668; TSU-68) is a multi-targeted receptor tyrosine kinase inhibitor with <math>K_s</math> of 2.1 <math>\mu</math>M, 8 nM and 1.2 <math>\mu</math>M for Flt-1, PDGFR<math>\beta</math> and FGFR1, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.13% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p> 
<p><b>Pazopanib</b> (GW786034) <span style="float: right;">Cat. No.: HY-10208</span></p> <p>Pazopanib (GW786034) is a novel multi-target inhibitor of VEGFR1, VEGFR2, VEGFR3, PDGFR<math>\beta</math>, c-Kit, FGFR1, and c-Fms with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 10, 30, 47, 84, 74, 140 and 146 nM, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.77% <b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched <b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg</p> 	<p><b>Pazopanib Hydrochloride</b> (GW786034 Hydrochloride) <span style="float: right;">Cat. No.: HY-12009</span></p> <p>Pazopanib Hydrochloride (GW786034 Hydrochloride) is a novel multi-target inhibitor of VEGFR1, VEGFR2, VEGFR3, PDGFR<math>\beta</math>, c-Kit, FGFR1, and c-Fms with an <math>IC_{50}</math> of 10, 30, 47, 84, 74, 140 and 146 nM, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.84% <b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched <b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg</p> 
<p><b>Pazopanib-d6</b> (GW786034-d6) <span style="float: right;">Cat. No.: HY-10208S</span></p> <p>Pazopanib-d6 (GW786034-d6) is the deuterium labeled Pazopanib. Pazopanib (GW786034) is a novel multi-target inhibitor of VEGFR1, VEGFR2, VEGFR3, PDGFR<math>\beta</math>, c-Kit, FGFR1, and c-Fms with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 10, 30, 47, 84, 74, 140 and 146 nM, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p> 	<p><b>PD-089828</b> <span style="float: right;">Cat. No.: HY-112345</span></p> <p>PD-089828 is an ATP competitive inhibitor of FGFR-1, PDGFR-<math>\beta</math> and EGFR (<math>IC_{50}</math>s=0.15, 1.76, and 5.47 <math>\mu</math>M, respectively) and a noncompetitive inhibitor of c-Src tyrosine kinase (<math>IC_{50}</math>=0.18 <math>\mu</math>M). PD-089828 also inhibits MAPK with an <math>IC_{50}</math> of 7.1 <math>\mu</math>M.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 5 mg, 10 mg</p> 
<p><b>PD-161570</b> <span style="float: right;">Cat. No.: HY-100434</span></p> <p>PD-161570 is a potent and ATP-competitive human FGF-1 receptor inhibitor with an <math>IC_{50}</math> of 39.9 nM and a <math>K_i</math> of 42 nM. PD-161570 also inhibits the PDGFR, EGFR and c-Src tyrosine kinases with <math>IC_{50}</math> values of 310 nM, 240 nM, and 44 nM, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.04% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 5 mg, 10 mg</p> 	<p><b>PDGFR Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitor III</b> (PDGF Receptor Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitor III) <span style="float: right;">Cat. No.: HY-112412</span></p> <p>PDGFR Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitor III (PDGF Receptor Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitor III), a multikinase inhibitor, inhibits PDGFR, EGFR, FGFR, PKA, and PKC, respectively. PDGFR Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitor III can be used for the research of amyotrophic lateral sclerosis.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p> 
<p><b>PDGFR-IN-1</b> <span style="float: right;">Cat. No.: HY-144653</span></p> <p>PDGFR-IN-1 (compound 7m) is a potent and orally active PDGFR (platelet-derived growth factor receptor) inhibitor, with <math>IC_{50}</math> values of 2.4 and 0.9 nM for PDGFR<math>\alpha</math> and PDGFR<math>\beta</math>, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p> 	<p><b>PDGFR<math>\alpha</math> kinase inhibitor 1</b> <span style="float: right;">Cat. No.: HY-111507</span></p> <p>PDGFR<math>\alpha</math> kinase inhibitor 1 is a highly selective type II PDGFR<math>\alpha</math> kinase inhibitor with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 132 nM and 6115 nM for PDGFR<math>\alpha</math> and PDGFR<math>\beta</math>, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.90% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p> 



<p><b>Ponatinib</b> (AP24534)</p>	<p><b>Ponatinib hydrochloride</b> (AP24534 hydrochloride)</p>
<p>Ponatinib (AP24534) is an orally active multi-targeted kinase inhibitor with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 0.37 nM, 1.1 nM, 1.5 nM, 2.2 nM, and 5.4 nM for <b>Abl</b>, <b>PDGFR<math>\alpha</math></b>, <b>VEGFR2</b>, <b>FGFR1</b>, and <b>Src</b>, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.43% <b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched <b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>	<p>Ponatinib (AP24534) hydrochloride is a hydrochloride of ponatinib. Ponatinib is an orally active multi-targeted kinase inhibitor with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 0.37 nM, 1.1 nM, 1.5 nM, 2.2 nM, and 5.4 nM for <b>Abl</b>, <b>PDGFR<math>\alpha</math></b>, <b>VEGFR2</b>, <b>FGFR1</b>, and <b>Src</b>, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98% <b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched <b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>
<p><b>Ponatinib-d8</b> (AP24534-d8)</p>	<p><b>PP121</b></p>
<p>Ponatinib D8 (AP24534 D8) is a deuterium labeled Ponatinib. Ponatinib (AP24534) is an orally active multi-targeted kinase inhibitor with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 0.37 nM, 1.1 nM, 1.5 nM, 2.2 nM, and 5.4 nM for <b>Abl</b>, <b>PDGFR<math>\alpha</math></b>, <b>VEGFR2</b>, <b>FGFR1</b>, and <b>Src</b>, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.44% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>	<p>PP121 is a multi-targeted kinase inhibitor with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 10, 60, 12, 14, 2 nM for <b>mTOR</b>, <b>DNK-PK</b>, <b>VEGFR2</b>, <b>Src</b>, <b>PDGFR</b>, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.08% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>
<p><b>PP58</b></p>	<p><b>Regorafenib</b> (BAY 73-4506)</p>
<p>PP58 is a pyrido[2,3-d]pyrimidine-based compound that inhibits <b>PDGFR</b>, <b>FGFR</b> and <b>Src</b> family activities with nanomolar <math>IC_{50}</math> values.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.48% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg</p>	<p>Regorafenib (BAY 73-4506) is a multi-targeted receptor tyrosine kinase inhibitor with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 13/4.2/46, 22, 7, 1.5 and 2.5 nM for <b>VEGFR1/2/3</b>, <b>PDGFR<math>\beta</math></b>, <b>Kit</b>, <b>RET</b> and <b>Raf-1</b>, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.65% <b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched <b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>
<p><b>Regorafenib Hydrochloride</b> (BAY 73-4506 hydrochloride)</p>	<p><b>Regorafenib monohydrate</b> (BAY 73-4506 monohydrate)</p>
<p>Regorafenib Hydrochloride (BAY 73-4506 hydrochloride) is a multi-target inhibitor for <b>VEGFR1/2/3</b>, <b>PDGFR<math>\beta</math></b>, <b>Kit</b>, <b>RET</b> and <b>Raf-1</b> with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 13/4.2/46, 22, 7, 1.5 and 2.5 nM, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.58% <b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched <b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>	<p>Regorafenib monohydrate (BAY 73-4506 monohydrate) is a multi-target inhibitor for <b>VEGFR1/2/3</b>, <b>PDGFR<math>\beta</math></b>, <b>Kit</b>, <b>RET</b> and <b>Raf-1</b> with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 13/4.2/46, 22, 7, 1.5 and 2.5 nM, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.96% <b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched <b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>
<p><b>Regorafenib-13C,d3</b> (BAY 73-4506-13C,d3)</p>	<p><b>Regorafenib-d3</b> (BAY 73-4506-d3)</p>
<p>Regorafenib-13C,d3 is the 13C- and deuterium labeled. Regorafenib (BAY 73-4506) is a multi-targeted receptor tyrosine kinase inhibitor with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 13/4.2/46, 22, 7, 1.5 and 2.5 nM for <b>VEGFR1/2/3</b>, <b>PDGFR<math>\beta</math></b>, <b>Kit</b>, <b>RET</b> and <b>Raf-1</b>, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>	<p>Regorafenib D3 (BAY 73-4506 D3) is a deuterium labeled Regorafenib. Regorafenib is a multi-targeted receptor tyrosine kinase inhibitor.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>

<p><b>Ripretinib</b> (DCC-2618)</p> <p>Ripretinib (DCC-2618) is an orally bioavailable, selective KIT and PDGFRA switch-control inhibitor.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.33% <b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched <b>Size:</b> 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>	<p><b>Sennoside B</b></p> <p>Sennoside B is an anthraquinone glycoside, found in large quantities in leaves and pods of Senna (Cassia angustifolia). Sennoside B can inhibit PDGF-stimulated cell proliferation by binding to PDGF-BB and its receptor and by down-regulating the PDGFR-beta signaling pathway.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.44% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 5 mg, 10 mg, 20 mg</p>
<p><b>Seralutinib</b> (GB002; PK10571)</p> <p>Seralutinib (GB002) is an inhaled PDGFR<math>\alpha</math> and PDGFR<math>\beta</math> inhibitor. Seralutinib (GB002) is used in the study for pulmonary arterial hypertension.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.77% <b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 2 <b>Size:</b> 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>	<p><b>SU 5402</b></p> <p>SU 5402 is a potent multi-targeted receptor tyrosine kinase inhibitor with IC<sub>50</sub> of 20 nM, 30 nM, and 510 nM for VEGFR2, FGFR1, and PDGFR<math>\beta</math>, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.38% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>
<p><b>SU11652</b></p> <p>SU11652 is a potent receptor tyrosine kinase (RTK) inhibitor. SU11652 also inhibits several members of the split kinase family of RTKs, including VEGFR, FGFR, PDGFR, and Kit. SU11652 can be used for spontaneous cancers expressing Kit mutations research.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>	<p><b>SU14813</b></p> <p>SU14813 is a multi-targeted receptor tyrosine kinases inhibitor with IC<sub>50</sub>s of 50, 2, 4, 15 nM for VEGFR2, VEGFR1, PDGFR<math>\beta</math> and KIT.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.90% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg</p>
<p><b>SU14813 maleate</b></p> <p>SU14813 maleate is a multi-targeted receptor tyrosine kinases inhibitor with IC<sub>50</sub>s of 50, 2, 4, 15 nM for VEGFR2, VEGFR1, PDGFR<math>\beta</math> and KIT.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.95% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg</p>	<p><b>SU16f</b></p> <p>SU16f is a potent and selective PDGFR<math>\beta</math> inhibitor with IC<sub>50</sub>s of 10 nM, 140 nM, 2.29 <math>\mu</math>M for PDGFR<math>\beta</math>, PDGFR1, PDGFR2, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> <math>\geq</math>99.0% <b>Clinical Data:</b> <b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>
<p><b>SU4312</b></p> <p>SU4312 is the racemate of (Z)-SU4312 and (E)-SU4312. (Z)-SU4312 inhibits PDGFR and FLK-1 with IC<sub>50</sub>s of 19.4 and 0.8 <math>\mu</math>M, respectively. (E)-SU4312 inhibits PDGFR, FLK-1, EGFR, HER-2, and IGF-1R with IC<sub>50</sub>s of 24.2, 5.2, 18.5, 16.9 and 10.0 <math>\mu</math>M, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.19% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>	<p><b>SU4984</b></p> <p>SU4984 is a protein tyrosine kinase inhibitor, with an IC<sub>50</sub> of 10-20 <math>\mu</math>M for fibroblast growth factor receptor 1 (FGFR1). SU4984 is also inhibits platelet-derived growth factor receptor, and insulin receptor. SU4984 can be used for the research of cancer.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.94% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>

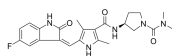
<p><b>Sunitinib</b> (SU 11248)</p>	<p><b>Sunitinib Malate</b> (SU 11248 Malate)</p>
<p>Sunitinib (SU 11248) is a multi-targeted receptor tyrosine kinase inhibitor with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 80 nM and 2 nM for VEGFR2 and PDGFR<math>\beta</math>, respectively.</p>  <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.96% <b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched <b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg</p>	<p>Sunitinib Malate (SU 11248 Malate) is a multi-targeted receptor tyrosine kinase inhibitor with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 80 nM and 2 nM for VEGFR2 and PDGFR<math>\beta</math>, respectively.</p>  <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.47% <b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched <b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg</p>
<p><b>Sunitinib-d10</b> (SU 11248-d10)</p>	<p><b>Sunitinib-d4</b></p>
<p>Sunitinib D10 (SU 11248 D10) is a deuterium labeled Sunitinib. Sunitinib is a multi-targeted receptor tyrosine kinase inhibitor with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 80 nM and 2 nM for VEGFR2 and PDGFR<math>\beta</math>, respectively.</p>  <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.89% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>	<p>Sunitinib-d4 (SU 11248-d4) is the deuterium labeled Sunitinib. Sunitinib (SU 11248) is a multi-targeted receptor tyrosine kinase inhibitor with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 80 nM and 2 nM for VEGFR2 and PDGFR<math>\beta</math>, respectively.</p>  <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98% <b>Clinical Data:</b> <b>Size:</b> 2.5 mg, 1 mg, 25 mg</p>
<p><b>TAK-593</b></p>	<p><b>Tandutinib</b> (MLN518; CT53518)</p>
<p>TAK-593 is a potent VEGFR and PDGFR family inhibitor with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 3.2, 0.95, 1.1, 4.3 and 13 nM for VEGFR1, VEGFR2, VEGFR3, PDGFR<math>\alpha</math> and PDGFR<math>\beta</math>, respectively.</p>  <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.62% <b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 1 <b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>	<p>Tandutinib (MLN518) is a potent and selective inhibitor of the FLT3 with an <math>IC_{50}</math> of 0.22 <math>\mu</math>M, and also inhibits c-Kit and PDGFR with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 0.17 <math>\mu</math>M and 0.20 <math>\mu</math>M, respectively. Tandutinib can be used for acute myelogenous leukemia (AML).</p>  <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.48% <b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 2 <b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>
<p><b>Tandutinib hydrochloride</b> (MLN518 hydrochloride; CT53518 hydrochloride)</p>	<p><b>Telatinib</b> (Bay 57-9352)</p>
<p>Tandutinib hydrochloride (MLN518 hydrochloride) is a potent and selective inhibitor of the FLT3 with an <math>IC_{50}</math> of 0.22 <math>\mu</math>M, and also inhibits c-Kit and PDGFR with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 0.17 <math>\mu</math>M and 0.20 <math>\mu</math>M, respectively. Tandutinib hydrochloride can be used for acute myelogenous leukemia (AML).</p>  <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.84% <b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 2 <b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>	<p>Telatinib (Bay 57-9352) is an orally active, small molecule inhibitor of VEGFR2, VEGFR3, PDGFR<math>\alpha</math>, and c-Kit with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 6, 4, 15 and 1 nM, respectively.</p>  <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.72% <b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 2 <b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>
<p><b>Telatinib mesylate</b> (Bay 57-9352 mesylate)</p>	<p><b>TG 100572</b></p>
<p>Telatinib mesylate (Bay 57-9352 mesylate) is a potent and orally active VEGFR2, VEGFR3, PDGFR<math>\alpha</math>, and c-Kit inhibitor with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 6 nM, 4 nM, 15 nM and 1 nM, respectively.</p>  <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.46% <b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 2 <b>Size:</b> 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>	<p>TG 100572 is a multi-targeted kinase inhibitor which inhibits receptor tyrosine kinases and Src kinases; has <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 2, 7, 2, 16, 13, 5, 0.5, 6, 0.1, 0.4, 1, 0.2 nM for VEGFR1, VEGFR2, FGFR1, FGFR2, PDGFR<math>\beta</math>, Fgr, Fyn, Hck, Lck, Lyn, Src, Yes, respectively.</p>  <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>

<p><b>TG 100572 Hydrochloride</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-10185</p>	<p><b>TG 100801</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-10186</p>
<p>TG 100572 Hydrochloride is a multi-targeted kinase inhibitor which inhibits <b>receptor tyrosine kinases</b> and <b>Src kinases</b>; has <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 2, 7, 2, 16, 13, 5, 0.5, 6, 0.1, 0.4, 1, 0.2 nM for VEGFR1, VEGFR2, FGFR1, FGFR2, PDGFR<math>\beta</math>, Fgr, Fyn, Hck, Lck, Lyn, Src, Yes, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.58%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg</p>	<p>TG 100801 is a prodrug that generates TG 100572 by de-esterification in development to treat age-related macular degeneration.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.60%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 2</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg</p>
<p><b>TG 100801 Hydrochloride</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-10187</p>	<p><b>Toceranib</b> (SU11654; PHA 291639E)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-10330</p>
<p>TG 100801 Hydrochloride is a prodrug that generates TG 100572 by de-esterification in development to treat age-related macular degeneration.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Phase 2</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>	<p>Toceranib phosphate (SU11654 phosphate) is an orally active receptor tyrosine kinase (RTK) inhibitor, and it potently inhibits <b>PDGFR</b>, <b>VEGFR</b>, and <b>Kit</b> with <math>K_s</math> of 5 and 6 nM for PDGFR<math>\beta</math> and Flk-1/KDR, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 96.25%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10 mg, 50 mg</p>
<p><b>Toceranib phosphate</b> (SU11654 phosphate; PHA 291639E phosphate)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-10330A</p>	<p><b>Toceranib-d8</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-10330S</p>
<p>Toceranib phosphate (SU11654 phosphate) is an orally active receptor tyrosine kinase (RTK) inhibitor, and it potently inhibits <b>PDGFR</b>, <b>VEGFR</b>, and <b>Kit</b> with <math>K_s</math> of 5 and 6 nM for PDGFR<math>\beta</math> and Flk-1/KDR, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 98.02%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>	<p>Toceranib-d8 (SU11654-d8) is the deuterium labeled Toceranib. Toceranib (SU11654) is an orally active receptor tyrosine kinase (RTK) inhibitor, and it potently inhibits <b>PDGFR</b>, <b>VEGFR</b>, and <b>Kit</b> with <math>K_s</math> of 5 and 6 nM for PDGFR<math>\beta</math> and Flk-1/KDR, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b></p> <p><b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 10 mg</p>
<p><b>Trapidil</b> (AR-12008)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-B1016</p>	<p><b>Tyrosine kinase-IN-1</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-100315</p>
<p>Trapidil is a vasodilator, is an antiplatelet drug with specific platelet-derived growth factor.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> <math>\geq</math>98.0%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg</p>	<p>Tyrosine kinase-IN-1 is a multi-targeted tyrosine kinase inhibitor with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 4, 20, 4, 2 nM for KDR, Flt-1, FGFR1 and PDGFR<math>\alpha</math>, respectively.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.34%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>
<p><b>Tyrphostin AG1296</b> (AG1296)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-13894</p>	<p><b>Tyrphostin AG1433</b> (SU1433; AG1433)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-119757</p>
<p>Tyrphostin AG1296 is a potent and selective inhibitor of <b>platelet-derived growth factor receptor</b> (PDGFR), with an <math>IC_{50}</math> of 0.8 <math>\mu</math>M.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.25%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>	<p>Tyrphostin AG1433 (SU1433) is a <b>tyrosine kinases</b> inhibitor. AG1433 is also a selective <b>PDGFR<math>\beta</math></b> and <b>VEGFR-2 (Flk-1/KDR)</b> inhibitor with <math>IC_{50}</math>s of 5.0 <math>\mu</math>M and 9.3 <math>\mu</math>M, respectively. Tyrphostin AG1433 prevents blood vessel formation.</p> <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.20%</p> <p><b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported</p> <p><b>Size:</b> 10 mM <math>\times</math> 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>

**Vorolanib**  
(CM082; X-82)

Cat. No.: HY-109019

Vorolanib (CM082) is an orally active, potent multikinase VEGFR/PDGFR inhibitor. Vorolanib is a potent ATP-binding cassette (ABC) transporter inhibitor. Vorolanib is an angiogenesis inhibitor and has antitumor activity combined with ZD1839 (HY-50895).

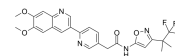


**Purity:** 99.80%  
**Clinical Data:** Phase 3  
**Size:** 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

**Zeteletinib**  
(BOS-172738; DS-5010)

Cat. No.: HY-139590

Zeteletinib (BOS-172738; DS-5010) is an orally active, selective RET kinase inhibitor with nanomolar potency against RET and >300-fold selectivity against VEGFR2.

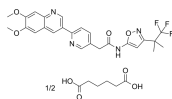


**Purity:** 99.06%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

**Zeteletinib hemiadipate**  
(BOS-172738 hemiadipate; DS-5010 hemiadipate)

Cat. No.: HY-139590A

Zeteletinib (BOS-172738; DS-5010) hemiadipate is an orally active, selective RET kinase inhibitor with nanomolar potency against RET and >300-fold selectivity against VEGFR2.



**Purity:** >98%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 1 mg, 5 mg