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Inhibitors, Screening Libraries, Proteins

Influenza Virus

Influenza virus belongs to the Orthomyxoviridae group, which are enveloped, segmented, single-stranded negative sense RNA viruses. The group includes three types of influenza viruses, A, B and C. Type B and C viruses only infect humans, but the type A viruses infect humans, horses, swine, other mammals, and a wide variety of domesticated and wild birds. Human influenza A and B viruses cause seasonal epidemics of disease almost every winter in the United States. The emergence of a new and very different influenza virus to infect people can cause an influenza pandemic. Influenza type C infections cause a mild respiratory illness and are not thought to cause epidemics. Each virus subtype has mutated into a variety of strains with differing pathogenic profiles; some are pathogenic to one species but not others, some are pathogenic to multiple species.

Influenza Virus Inhibitors & Antagonists

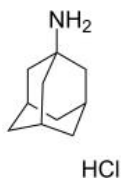
<p>1-Deoxymannojirimycin hydrochloride</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-W009783</p> <p>1-Deoxymannojirimycin hydrochloride is a selective class I α1,2-mannosidase inhibitor with an IC_{50} of 20 μM. 1-Deoxymannojirimycin hydrochloride is also a N-linked glycosylation inhibitor and inhibits HIV1 strains. 1-Deoxymannojirimycin hydrochloride has antiviral activity.</p> <p>Purity: 98.28% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 5 mg</p>	<p>2'-Deoxy-2'-fluorocytidine</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-W012009</p> <p>2'-Deoxy-2'-fluorocytidine, a nucleoside analog, is a potent inhibitor of Crimean-Congo hemorrhagic fever virus (CCHFV) replication.</p> <p>Purity: 99.09% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 100 mg</p>
<p>2'-Deoxy-2'-fluorouridine</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-W013403</p> <p>2'-Deoxy-2'-fluorouridine can be used as an intermediate for antiinfluenza virus agents synthesis.</p> <p>Purity: 99.71% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 500 mg</p>	<p>2,3-Dehydro-2-deoxy-N-acetylneuraminic acid (Neu5Ac2en; DANA)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-125798</p> <p>N-acetyl-2,3-dehydro-2-Deoxyneuraminic Acid (Neu5Ac2en) is a potent neuraminidase (sialidase) inhibitor.</p> <p>Purity: \geq95.0% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 5 mg</p>
<p>2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoroguanosine</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-W011518</p> <p>2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoroguanosine, a nucleoside analog, is a potent inhibitor of influenza virus strains, with an EC_{90} of $<0.35 \mu$M for influenza virus A and B strains.</p> <p>Purity: 99.67% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 100 mg</p>	<p>3,4'-Dihydroxyflavone (3,4'-DHF)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-111802</p> <p>3,4'-Dihydroxyflavone (3,4'-DHF) is an oral active flavonoid with antiviral activity against Influenza A virus.</p> <p>Purity: 98.15% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 100 mg</p>
<p>3,4-Dicaffeoylquinic acid (3,4-Di-O-caffeoylquinic acid; Isochlorogenic acid B)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-N0057</p> <p>3,4-Dicaffeoylquinic acid (3,4-Di-O-caffeoylquinic acid), naturally isolated from Lagera alata, has antioxidative, DNA protective, neuroprotective and hepatoprotective properties.</p> <p>Purity: 98.08% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg</p>	<p>3-Deoxysappanchalcone</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-N1745A</p> <p>3-Deoxysappanchalcone is a naturally-occurring chalcone compound isolated from Caesalpinia sappan L. (Leguminosae), which possesses anti-allergic, antiviral, anti-inflammatory and antioxidant activities.</p> <p>Purity: $>$98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg</p>
<p>3M-011</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-121496</p> <p>3M-011 is a potent dual toll-like receptor TLR7/8 agonist and a cytokine inducer. 3M-011 significantly inhibits H3N2 influenza viral replication in the nasal cavity.</p> <p>Purity: $>$98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>	<p>5-Aminouridine</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-130802</p> <p>5-Aminouridine can modify nucleobases and can be incorporated into the target DNA. 5-Aminouridine exhibits a wide range of biological activity and it inhibits the growth of tumors, fungi and viruses.</p> <p>Purity: $>$98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>

<p>6-Azathymine</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-136559</p> <p>6-Azathymine, a 6-nitrogen analog of thymine, is a potent D-3-aminoisobutyrate-pyruvate aminotransferase inhibitor. 6-Azathymine inhibits the biosynthesis of DNA, and has antibacterial and antiviral activities.</p> <p>Purity: >98%</p> <p>Clinical Data: No Development Reported</p> <p>Size: 100 mg, 250 mg, 500 mg</p>	<p>6-Diazo-5-oxo-L-nor-Leucine (L-6-Diazo-5-oxonorleucine; DON)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-108357</p> <p>L-6-Diazo-5-oxonorleucine (L-6-Diazo-5-oxonorleucine) is a glutaminases antagonist with a K_i of 6 μM. L-6-Diazo-5-oxonorleucine exhibits antibacterial, antiviral and anticancer properties.</p> <p>Purity: 99.92%</p> <p>Clinical Data: No Development Reported</p> <p>Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 1 mg, 5 mg</p>
<p>ABMA</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-124801</p> <p>ABMA is a broad-spectrum inhibitor of intracellular toxins and pathogens. ABMA efficiently protects cells against various toxins and pathogens including viruses, intracellular bacteria and parasite.</p> <p>Purity: 99.61%</p> <p>Clinical Data: No Development Reported</p> <p>Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>	<p>Acetylcysteine (N-Acetylcysteine; N-Acetyl-L-cysteine; NAC)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-B0215</p> <p>Acetylcysteine (N-Acetylcysteine) is a mucolytic agent which reduces the thickness of the mucus. Acetylcysteine is a ROS inhibitor.</p> <p>Purity: \geq98.0%</p> <p>Clinical Data: Launched</p> <p>Size: 500 mg, 5 g, 10 g</p>
<p>Acetylcysteine-15N (N-Acetylcysteine-15N; N-Acetyl-L-cysteine-15N; NAC-15N) Cat. No.: HY-B0215S1</p> <p>Acetylcysteine-15N (N-Acetylcysteine-15N) is the 15N-labeled Acetylcysteine. Acetylcysteine (N-Acetylcysteine) is a mucolytic agent which reduces the thickness of the mucus. Acetylcysteine is a ROS inhibitor.</p> <p>Purity: >98%</p> <p>Clinical Data: No Development Reported</p> <p>Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>	<p>Acetylcysteine-d3 (N-Acetylcysteine-d3; N-Acetyl-L-cysteine-d3; NAC-d3) Cat. No.: HY-B0215S</p> <p>Acetylcysteine-d3 (N-Acetylcysteine-d3) is the deuterium labeled Acetylcysteine. Acetylcysteine (N-Acetylcysteine) is a mucolytic agent which reduces the thickness of the mucus. Acetylcysteine is a ROS inhibitor.</p> <p>Purity: >98%</p> <p>Clinical Data: No Development Reported</p> <p>Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>
<p>AESBF hydrochloride</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-12821</p> <p>AESBF hydrochloride is an irreversible inhibitor of serine proteases, such as chymotrypsin, kallikrein, plasmin, thrombin, and trypsin.</p> <p>Purity: 99.90%</p> <p>Clinical Data: No Development Reported</p> <p>Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 100 mg, 200 mg</p>	<p>AG-1478 (Tyrphostin AG-1478; NSC 693255) Cat. No.: HY-13524</p> <p>AG-1478 (Tyrphostin AG-1478) is a selective EGFR tyrosine kinase inhibitor with IC_{50} of 3 nM. AG-1478 has antiviral effects against HCV and encephalomyocarditis virus (EMCV).</p> <p>Purity: 99.22%</p> <p>Clinical Data: No Development Reported</p> <p>Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>
<p>AG-1478 hydrochloride (Tyrphostin AG-1478 hydrochloride; NSC 693255 hydrochloride) Cat. No.: HY-13524A</p> <p>AG-1478 hydrochloride (Tyrphostin AG-1478 hydrochloride) is a selective EGFR tyrosine kinase inhibitor with IC_{50} of 3 nM. AG-1478 hydrochloride has antiviral effects against HCV and encephalomyocarditis virus (EMCV).</p> <p>Purity: >98%</p> <p>Clinical Data: No Development Reported</p> <p>Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>	<p>Amantadine (1-Adamantanamine; 1-Aminoadamantane) Cat. No.: HY-B0402</p> <p>Amantadine (1-Adamantanamine) is an antiviral agent with activity against influenza A viruses. Amantadine blocks the proton flow through the M2 ion channel (M2 proton channel of influenza A) and thus prevents the release of viral RNA into the cytoplasm of the infected cells.</p> <p>Purity: \geq98.0%</p> <p>Clinical Data: Launched</p> <p>Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 500 mg</p>

Amantadine hydrochloride (1-Adamantanamine hydrochloride;
1-Adamantylamine hydrochloride; ...)

Cat. No.: HY-B0402A

Amantadine (1-Adamantanamine) hydrochloride is an antiviral agent with activity against **influenza A** viruses. Amantadine hydrochloride blocks the proton flow through the M2 ion channel and thus prevents the release of viral RNA into the cytoplasm of the infected cells.



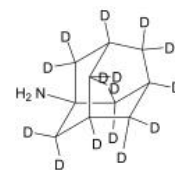
Purity: ≥98.0%
Clinical Data: Launched
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 500 mg, 5 g, 10 g, 50 g

Amantadine-d15

(1-Adamantanamine-d15; 1-Aminoadamantane-d15)

Cat. No.: HY-B0402S

Amantadine-d15 (1-Adamantanamine-d15) is the deuterium labeled Amantadine. Amantadine (1-Adamantanamine) is an antiviral agent with activity against influenza A viruses.



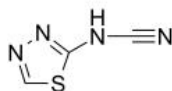
Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Amitivir

(LY 217896)

Cat. No.: HY-106817

Amitivir (LY 217896), a thiazazole derivative, possesses broad antiviral activity against orthomyxo- and paramyxoviruses. Amitivir is effective against **influenza A** and **B** viruses.



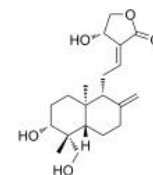
Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Andrographolide

(Andrographis)

Cat. No.: HY-N0191

Andrographolide is a **NF-κB** inhibitor, which inhibits NF-κB activation through covalent modification of a cysteine residue on p50 in endothelial cells without affecting IκBα degradation or p50/p65 nuclear translocation. Andrographolide has antiviral effects.



Purity: 98.57%
Clinical Data: Launched
Size: 100 mg, 500 mg

Aprotinin

Cat. No.: HY-P0017

Aprotinin is a **bovine pancreatic trypsin inhibitor (BPTI)** inhibitor which inhibits **trypsin** and **chymotrypsin** with K_i s of 0.06 pM and 9 nM, respectively.



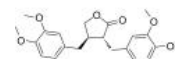
Purity: ≥98.0%
Clinical Data: Launched
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

Arctigenin

(-)-Arctigenin)

Cat. No.: HY-N0035

Arctigenin ((-)-Arctigenin), a biologically active lignan, can be used as an antitumor agent. Arctigenin exhibits potent antioxidant, anti-inflammatory and antiviral (**influenza A virus**) activities.

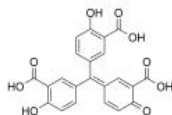


Purity: 99.69%
Clinical Data: Phase 2
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

Aurintricarboxylic acid

Cat. No.: HY-122575

Aurintricarboxylic acid is a nanomolar-potency, allosteric antagonist with selectivity towards α -methylene-ATP-sensitive P2X1Rs and P2X3Rs, with IC_{50} s of 8.6 nM and 72.9 nM for rP2X1R and rP2X3R, respectively.

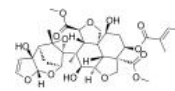


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 100 mg

Azadirachtin B

Cat. No.: HY-133108

Azadirachtin B is a limonoid isolated from seed kernels of *Azadirachta indica*. Azadirachtin B increases alkaline phosphatase (ALP) activity and stimulates osteoblast differentiation. Azadirachtin B is active against the **Epstein-Barr virus early antigen (EBV-EA)**.



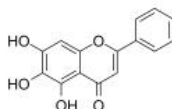
Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg

Baicalein

(5,6,7-Trihydroxyflavone)

Cat. No.: HY-N0196

Baicalein (5,6,7-Trihydroxyflavone) is a **xanthine oxidase** inhibitor with an IC_{50} value of 3.12 μ M.



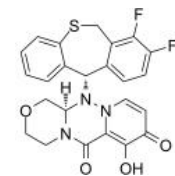
Purity: 99.13%
Clinical Data: Launched
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 100 mg

Baloxavir

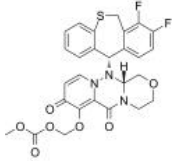
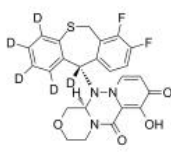
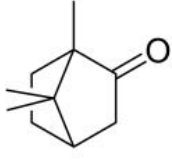
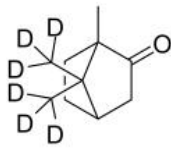
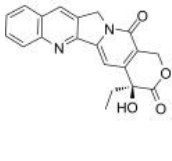
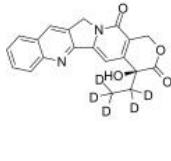
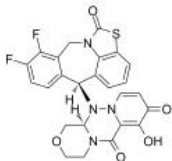
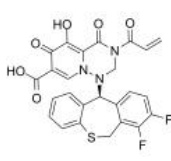
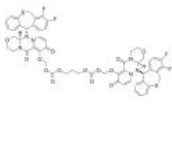
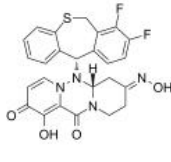
(Baloxavir acid; S-033447)

Cat. No.: HY-109025A

Baloxavir (Baloxavir acid), derived from the prodrug Baloxavir marboxil, is a first-in-class, potent and selective **cap-dependent endonuclease (CEN)** inhibitor within the polymerase PA subunit of **influenza A** and **B** viruses.



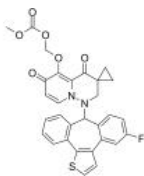
Purity: 99.80%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

<p>Baloxavir marboxil (S-033188)</p> <p>Baloxavir marboxil (S-033188) is a selective inhibitor of influenza cap-dependent endonuclease. Baloxavir marboxil, a potent antiviral agent, shows activity against influenza A and B virus.</p> <p>Purity: 98.94% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>  <p>Cat. No.: HY-109025</p>	<p>Baloxavir-d5 (Baloxavir acid-d5; S-033447-d5)</p> <p>Baloxavir-d5 is deuterium labeled Baloxavir. Baloxavir (Baloxavir acid), derived from the prodrug Baloxavir marboxil, is a first-in-class, potent and selective cap-dependent endonuclease (CEN) inhibitor within the polymerase PA subunit of influenza A and B viruses.</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>  <p>Cat. No.: HY-109025AS</p>
<p>Camphor (±)-Camphor</p> <p>Camphor ((±)-Camphor) is a topical anti-infective and anti-pruritic and internally as a stimulant and carminative. However, Camphor is poisonous when ingested. Antiviral, antitussive, and anticancer activities. Camphor is a TRPV3 agonist.</p> <p>Purity: ≥98.0% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 100 mg</p>  <p>Cat. No.: HY-N0808</p>	<p>Camphor-d6 (±)-Camphor-d6</p> <p>Camphor-d6 ((±)-Camphor-d6) is the deuterium labeled Camphor. Camphor ((±)-Camphor) is a topical anti-infective and anti-pruritic and internally as a stimulant and carminative. However, Camphor is poisonous when ingested.</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>  <p>Cat. No.: HY-N0808S</p>
<p>Camptothecin (Camptathecin; (S)-(+)-Camptothecin; CPT)</p> <p>Camptothecin (CPT), a kind of alkaloid, is a DNA topoisomerase I (Topo I) inhibitor with an IC_{50} of 679 nM.</p> <p>Purity: 99.69% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 100 mg, 500 mg</p>  <p>Cat. No.: HY-16560</p>	<p>Camptothecin-d5 (Camptathecin-d5; (S)-(+)-Camptothecin-d5; CPT-d5)</p> <p>Camptothecin-d5 (Camptathecin-d5) is the deuterium labeled Camptothecin. Camptothecin (CPT), a kind of alkaloid, is a DNA topoisomerase I (Topo I) inhibitor with an IC_{50} of 679 nM.</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>  <p>Cat. No.: HY-16560S</p>
<p>Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-10</p> <p>Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-10 is a potent inhibitor of cap-dependent endonuclease (CEN).</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>  <p>Cat. No.: HY-143757</p>	<p>Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-11</p> <p>Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-11 is a potent inhibitor of cap-dependent endonuclease (CEN). Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-11 has the potential for the research of viral infections (extracted from patent WO2021129602A1, compound DSC126).</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>  <p>Cat. No.: HY-143760</p>
<p>Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-12</p> <p>Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-12 (EXP-35) is a potent Cap-dependent endonuclease inhibitor with low cytotoxicity. Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-12 shows inhibitory activity against H1N1.</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>  <p>Cat. No.: HY-143762</p>	<p>Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-13</p> <p>Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-13 is a potent inhibitor of cap-dependent endonuclease (CEN). Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-13 has the potential for the research of influenza virus infection (only influenza A) (extracted from patent WO2021180147A1, compound I-1).</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>  <p>Cat. No.: HY-143766</p>

Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-14

Cat. No.: HY-143768

Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-14 is a potent inhibitor of cap-dependent endonuclease (CEN). Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-14 inhibits the replication of influenza virus.

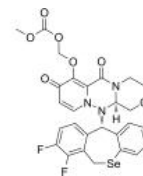


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-15

Cat. No.: HY-143769

Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-15 is a potent inhibitor of cap-dependent endonuclease (CEN). Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-15 inhibits the replication of influenza virus.

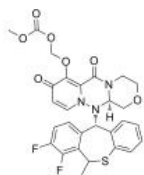


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-16

Cat. No.: HY-143770

Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-16 is a potent inhibitor of cap-dependent endonuclease (CEN). Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-16 is a pyridone polycyclic derivative.

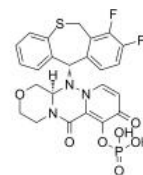


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-17

Cat. No.: HY-143771

Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-17 is a cap-dependent endonuclease (CEN) inhibitor. Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-17 shows antiviral activity against influenza virus A/Hanfang/359/95 (H3N2) with IC₅₀ of 1.29 μM (CN112898346A; DSC701).

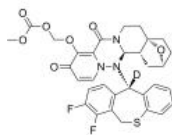


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-18

Cat. No.: HY-143774S

Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-18 is a potent cap-dependent endonuclease (CEN) inhibitor (CN112898312A, compound 14).

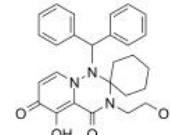


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-19

Cat. No.: HY-144065

Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-19 is a potent inhibitor of cap-dependent endonuclease (CEN). Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-19 is a spirocyclic pyridone derivative.

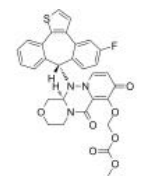


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-2

Cat. No.: HY-143743

Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-2 is a potent inhibitor of cap-dependent endonuclease (CEN).

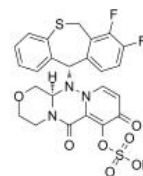


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-20

Cat. No.: HY-143775

Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-20 is a cap-dependent endonuclease (CEN) inhibitor. Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-20 shows antiviral activity against influenza virus A/Hanfang/359/95 (H3N2) with IC₅₀ of 4.82 μM (CN112940009A; DSC801).

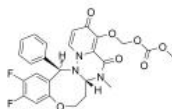


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-21

Cat. No.: HY-144066

Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-21 is a potent inhibitor of cap-dependent endonuclease (CEN). Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-21 inhibits the replication of influenza virus.

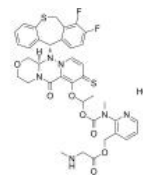


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-22

Cat. No.: HY-143776

Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-22 is a potent cap-dependent endonuclease (CEN) inhibitor.

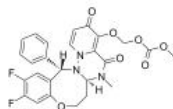


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-23

Cat. No.: HY-144067

Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-23 is a potent inhibitor of cap-dependent endonuclease (CEN). Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-23 inhibits the replication of influenza virus.

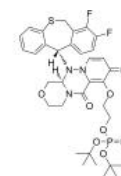


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-24

Cat. No.: HY-143779

Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-24 is a potent **cap-dependent endonuclease (CEN)** inhibitor (CN112876510A, DSC1103).

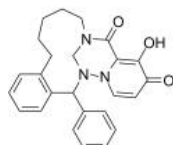


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-25

Cat. No.: HY-144068

Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-25 is a potent inhibitor of cap-dependent endonuclease (CEN). Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-25 is a macrocyclic pyridotriazine derivative.

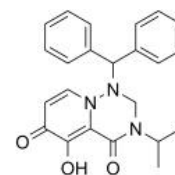


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-26

Cat. No.: HY-143781

Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-26 is a **cap-dependent endonuclease (CEN)** inhibitor with an IC_{50} of 286 nM. Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-26 shows antiviral activity against many **influenza A and B strains**.

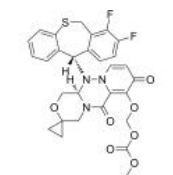


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-3

Cat. No.: HY-143744

Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-3 is a potent inhibitor of cap-dependent endonuclease (CEN).

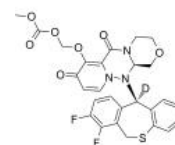


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-4

Cat. No.: HY-109025BS

Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-4 is a potent inhibitor of cap-dependent endonuclease (CEN). Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-4 is a polycyclic carbamoylpyridone derivative.

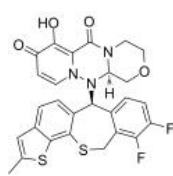


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-5

Cat. No.: HY-143747

Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-5 is a potent inhibitor of cap-dependent endonuclease (CEN).

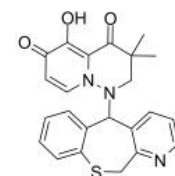


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-6

Cat. No.: HY-143749

Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-6 (compound 13) is a cap-dependent endonuclease (CEN) inhibitor. Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-6 shows inhibition against influenza virus (EC_{50} =38.21 nM).

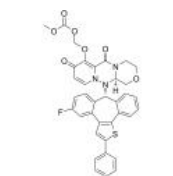


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-7

Cat. No.: HY-143750

Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-7 is a potent inhibitor of cap-dependent endonuclease (CEN). Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-7 inhibits the synthesis of viral mRNA and eventually inhibits virus proliferation.

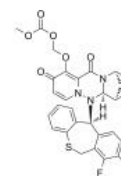


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

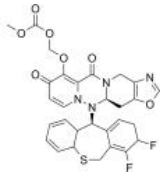
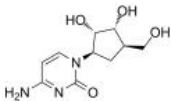
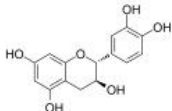
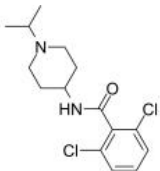
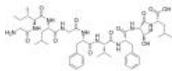
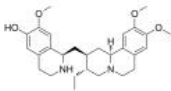
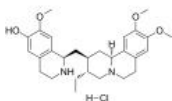
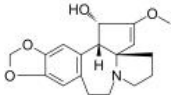
Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-8

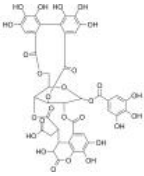
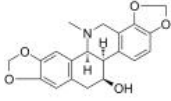
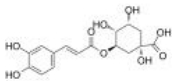
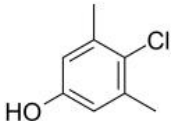
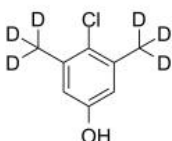
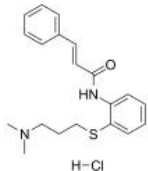
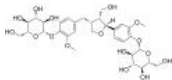
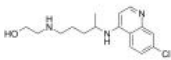
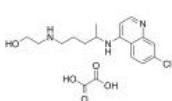
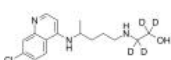
Cat. No.: HY-143752

Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-8 is a potent inhibitor of cap-dependent endonuclease (CEN).



Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

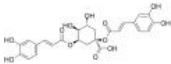
<p>Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-9</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-143755</p> <p>Cap-dependent endonuclease-IN-9 is a potent inhibitor of cap-dependent endonuclease (CEN).</p>  <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>	<p>Carbodine</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-128718</p> <p>Carbodine (Carbocyclic cytidine) is a broad-spectrum antiviral agent active against DNA viruses, (+)RNA viruses, (-)RNA viruses, paramyxo, rhabdo and (+/-)RNA viruses, targets CTP synthetase that converts UTP to CTP.</p>  <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>
<p>Catechin (+)-Catechin; Cianidanol; Catechuic acid</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-N0898</p> <p>Catechin ((+)-Catechin) inhibits cyclooxygenase-1 (COX-1) with an IC₅₀ of 1.4 μM.</p>  <p>Purity: 98.80% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>	<p>CBS1117</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-131059</p> <p>CBS1117 is a virus entry inhibitor with an IC₅₀ of 70 nM for influenza A virus, A/Puerto Rico/8/34 (H1N1). CBS1117 interferes with the hemagglutinin (HA)-mediated fusion process.</p>  <p>Purity: 99.86% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>
<p>CEF1, Influenza Matrix Protein M1 (58-66)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-P0137</p> <p>CEF1, Influenza Matrix Protein M1 (58-66) is an epitope derived from the matrix protein of the influenza A virus.</p>  <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>	<p>CEF3</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-P0289</p> <p>CEF3 (SIIPSGPLK) corresponds to aa 13-21 of the influenza A virus M1 protein. The matrix (M1) protein of influenza A virus is a multifunctional protein that plays essential structural and functional roles in the virus life cycle.</p> <p>SIIPSGPLK</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg</p>
<p>CEF6</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-P0313</p> <p>CEF6 is a 9-aa-long peptide corresponding to aa 418-426 of the influenza A virus (H1N1) nucleocapsid protein.</p> <p>LPFDKTTVM</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg</p>	<p>Cephaeline (-)-Cephaeline; NSC 32944 free base</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-N4118</p> <p>Cephaeline is a phenolic alkaloid in Indian Ipecac roots. Cephaeline exhibits potent inhibition of both Zika virus (ZIKV) and Ebola virus (EBOV) infections.</p>  <p>Purity: 98.41% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>
<p>Cephaeline hydrochloride (-)-Cephaeline hydrochloride; NSC 32944 monohydrochloride</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-N2076</p> <p>Cephaeline hydrochloride ((-)-Cephaeline hydrochloride) is a phenolic alkaloid in Indian Ipecac roots. Cephaeline hydrochloride exhibits potent inhibition of both Zika virus (ZIKV) and Ebola virus (EBOV) infections.</p>  <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg</p>	<p>Cephalotaxine (-)-Cephalotaxine; ZINC19795976</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-N0838</p> <p>Cephalotaxen ((-)-Cephalotaxine) is an alkaloid that can be isolated from Cephalotaxus drupacea, with antileukemic and antiviral activities. Cephalotaxen has anti-ZIKV (Zika virus) activity.</p>  <p>Purity: 99.52% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>

<p>Chebulagic acid</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-N1996</p> <p>Chebulagic acid is a COX-LOX dual inhibitor isolated from the fruits of Terminalia chebula Retz, on angiogenesis. Chebulagic acid is a M2 serine to asparagine 31 mutation (S31N) inhibitor and influenza antiviral.</p> <p>Purity: 99.29% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 2 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg</p> 	<p>Chelidione</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-N2369</p> <p>Chelidione is an isoquinoline alkaloid isolated from Chelidonium majus L., causes G_{2M} arrest and induces caspase-dependent and caspase-independent apoptosis, with anticancer and antiviral activity.</p> <p>Purity: 99.91% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg</p> 
<p>Chlorogenic acid (3-O-Caffeoylquinic acid; Heriguard; NSC-407296)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-N0055</p> <p>Chlorogenic acid is a major phenolic compound in coffee and tea.</p> <p>Purity: 99.55% Clinical Data: Phase 3 Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 500 mg</p> 	<p>Chloroxylenol (4-Chloro-3,5-dimethylphenol; PCMX)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-B1414</p> <p>Chloroxylenol is a broad spectrum antimicrobial chemical compound used to control bacteria, algae, fungi and virus. Target: Antibacterial Chloroxylenol is used in hospitals and households for disinfection and sanitation.</p> <p>Purity: 99.24% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 500 mg, 5 g</p> 
<p>Chloroxylenol-d6 (4-Chloro-3,5-dimethylphenol-d6; PCMX-d6)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-B1414S</p> <p>Chloroxylenol-d6 (4-Chloro-3,5-dimethylphenol-d6) is the deuterium labeled Chloroxylenol. Chloroxylenol is a broad spectrum antimicrobial chemical compound used to control bacteria, algae, fungi and virus.</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 2.5 mg, 25 mg</p> 	<p>Cinanserin hydrochloride (SQ 10643)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-100943</p> <p>Cinanserin hydrochloride (SQ 10643) is a potent, selective and highly affinity 5-HT₂ receptor antagonist with a K_i of 41 nM. Cinanserin hydrochloride has a much higher binding affinity for the 5-HT₂ than for the 5-HT₁ receptor (K_i of 3500 nM).</p> <p>Purity: 99.74% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p> 
<p>Clemastanin B</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-N6025</p> <p>Clemastanin B, a lignin, has potent anti-influenza activities by inhibiting the virus multiplication, prophylaxis and blocking the virus attachment. Clemastanin B targets viral endocytosis, uncoating or ribonucleoprotein (RNP) export from the nucleus.</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg</p> 	<p>Cletoquine (Desethylhydroxychloroquine)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-135810</p> <p>Cletoquine (Desethylhydroxychloroquine) is a major active metabolite of Hydroxychloroquine. Cletoquine is produced in the liver by CYP2D6, CYP3A4, CYP3A5, and CYP2C8 isoenzymes.</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p> 
<p>Cletoquine oxalate (Desethylhydroxychloroquine oxalate)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-135810A</p> <p>Cletoquine oxalate (Desethylhydroxychloroquine oxalate) is a major active metabolite of Hydroxychloroquine. Cletoquine oxalate is produced in the liver by CYP2D6, CYP3A4, CYP3A5, and CYP2C8 isoenzymes.</p> <p>Purity: 99.76% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p> 	<p>Cletoquine-d4 (Desethylhydroxychloroquine-d4)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-135810S</p> <p>Cletoquine-d4 is deuterium labeled Cletoquine. Cletoquine (Desethylhydroxychloroquine) is a major active metabolite of Hydroxychloroquine. Cletoquine is produced in the liver by CYP2D6, CYP3A4, CYP3A5, and CYP2C8 isoenzymes.</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p> 

<p>Cletoquine-d4-1 (Desethylhydroxychloroquine-d4-1)</p> <p>Cletoquine-d4-1 (Desethylhydroxychloroquine-d4-1) is the deuterium labeled Cletoquine. Cletoquine (Desethylhydroxychloroquine) is a major active metabolite of Hydroxychloroquine. Cletoquine is produced in the liver by CYP2D6, CYP3A4, CYP3A5, and CYP2C8 isoenzymes.</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>	<p>Clovamide (trans-Clovamide)</p> <p>Clovamide (trans-Clovamide), a natural phenolic compound, is a potent antioxidant. Clovamide is an excellent ROS and oxygen radical scavenger. Clovamide also has anti-inflammatory and neuroprotective effects.</p> <p>Purity: 98.48% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>
<p>Coptisine chloride</p> <p>Coptisine chloride is an alkaloid from Chinese goldthread, and acts as an efficient uncompetitive IDO inhibitor with a K_i value of 5.8 μM and an IC_{50} value of 6.3 μM.</p> <p>Purity: 98.24% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>	<p>Coumarin</p> <p>Coumarin is the primary bioactive ingredient in Radix Glehniae, named Beishashen in China, which possesses many pharmacological activities, including anticancer, anti-inflammation and antiviral activities.</p> <p>Purity: 99.83% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 100 mg, 500 mg</p>
<p>Coumarin-d4</p> <p>Coumarin-d4 is the deuterium labeled Coumarin. Coumarin is the primary bioactive ingredient in Radix Glehniae, named Beishashen in China, which possesses many pharmacological activities, including anticancer, anti-inflammation and antiviral activities.</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>	<p>Crystal Violet (Basic Violet 3; Gentian Violet; Methyl Violet 10B)</p> <p>Crystal violet (Basic Violet 3) is a triarylmethane dye. Crystal Violet (Gentian Violet) has antiviral effects against H1N1 and also has prominent bactericidal activities.</p> <p>Purity: 95.54% Clinical Data: Phase 3 Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 500 mg, 5 g, 10 g</p>
<p>Curcumin (Diferuloylmethane; Natural Yellow 3; Turmeric yellow)</p> <p>Curcumin (Diferuloylmethane), a natural phenolic compound, is a p300/CREB-binding protein-specific inhibitor of acetyltransferase, represses the acetylation of histone/nonhistone proteins and histone acetyltransferase-dependent chromatin transcription.</p> <p>Purity: \geq96.0% Clinical Data: Phase 4 Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 100 mg, 500 mg</p>	<p>Curcumin-d6 (Diferuloylmethane-d6; Natural Yellow 3-d6; Turmeric yellow-d6)</p> <p>Curcumin D6 (Diferuloylmethane D6) is a deuterium labeled Curcumin (Turmeric yellow). Curcumin (Turmeric yellow) is a natural phenolic compound with diverse pharmacologic effects including anti-inflammatory, antioxidant, antiproliferative and antiangiogenic activities.</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg</p>
<p>Cyanidin 3-sambubioside chloride (Cyanidin-3-O-sambubioside chloride)</p> <p>Cyanidin 3-sambubioside chloride (Cyanidin-3-O-sambubioside chloride), a major anthocyanin, a natural colorant, and is a potent NO inhibitor.</p> <p>Purity: 98.40% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 5 mg</p>	<p>Cyclofenil</p> <p>Cyclofenil is a selective estrogen receptor modulator and an ovulation-inducing agent. Cyclofenil shows an inhibitory effect on dengue virus replication in Vero cells with an EC_{50} of 1.62 μM. Cyclofenil has anti-dengue-virus activity.</p> <p>Purity: \geq95.0% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>

Cynarin
(Cynarine) Cat. No.: HY-N0359

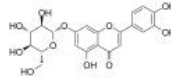
Cynarin is an antichoke agent with a variety of biological activities including antioxidant, antihistamic and antiviral activities.



Purity: 99.86%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg

Cynaroside
(Luteolin 7-glucoside; Luteolin 7-O-β-D-glucoside) Cat. No.: HY-N0540

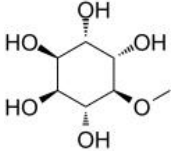
Cynaroside (Luteolin 7-glucoside) is a flavone, a flavonoid-like chemical compound. Cynaroside is also a potent **influenza RNA-dependent RNA polymerase inhibitor** with an IC_{50} of 32 nM.



Purity: 98.67%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

D-Pinitol
(3-O-Methyl-D-chiro-inositol) Cat. No.: HY-N0655

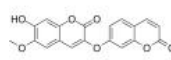
D-pinitol (3-O-Methyl-D-chiro-inositol) is a natural compound presented in several plants, like Pinaceae and Leguminosae plants. D-pinitol exerts hypoglycemic activity and protective effects in the cardiovascular system. D-pinitol has antiviral and larvicidal activities.



Purity: ≥98.0%
Clinical Data: Phase 2
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

Daphnoretin
(Dephnoretin; Thymelol) Cat. No.: HY-N0699

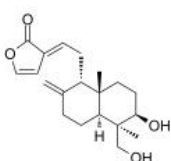
Daphnoretin (Dephnoretin), isolated from Wikstroemia indica, possesses antiviral activity. Daphnoretin likes PMA, may direct activation of protein kinase C which in turn activated NADPH oxidase and elicited respiratory burst.



Purity: 99.83%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 20 mg

Dehydroandrographolide Cat. No.: HY-N0676

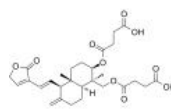
Dehydroandrographolide is extracted from herbal medicine Andrographis paniculata Nees. Dehydroandrographolide reduces oxidative stress in LPS-induced acute lung injury by inactivating iNOS. Dehydroandrographolide has anti-infective activity.



Purity: 99.93%
Clinical Data: Launched
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg

Dehydroandrographolide succinate Cat. No.: HY-N0677

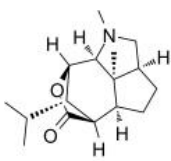
Dehydroandrographolide succinate, extracted from herbal medicine Andrographis paniculata (Burm f) Nees, is widely used for the treatment of viral pneumonia and viral upper respiratory tract infections because of its immunostimulatory, anti-infective and anti-inflammatory effect.



Purity: 99.88%
Clinical Data: Launched
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 20 mg

Dendrobine Cat. No.: HY-N0638

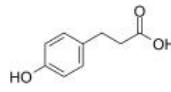
Dendrobine is an alkaloid isolated from Dendrobium nobile. Dendrobine possesses antiviral activity against **influenza A viruses**, with IC_{50} s of 3.39 μM, 2.16 μM and 5.32 μM for A/FM-1/1/47 (H1N1), A/Puerto Rico/8/34 H274Y (H1N1) and A/Aichi/2/68 (H3N2), respectively.



Purity: ≥98.0%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 5 mg, 10 mg, 20 mg

Desaminotyrosine
(3-(4-Hydroxyphenyl)propionic acid) Cat. No.: HY-W015346

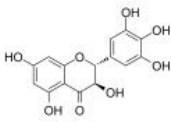
Desaminotyrosine is a microbially associated metabolite protecting from **influenza** through augmentation of **type I interferon** signaling.



Purity: 99.81%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 100 mg

Dihydromyricetin
(Ampelopsin; Ampeloptin) Cat. No.: HY-N0112

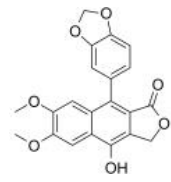
Dihydromyricetin is a potent inhibitor with an IC_{50} of 48 μM on **dihydropyrimidinase**. Dihydromyricetin can activate autophagy through inhibiting mTOR signaling. Dihydromyricetin suppresses the formation of mTOR complexes (mTORC1/2).



Purity: 99.79%
Clinical Data: Phase 2
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

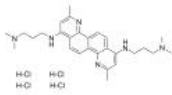
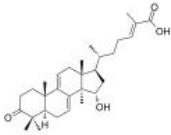
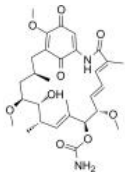
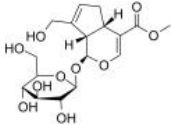
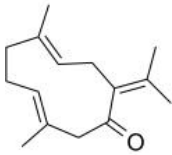
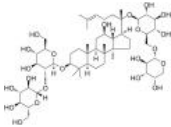
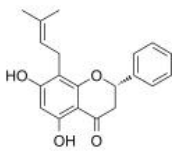
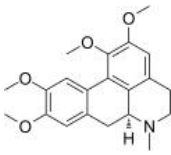
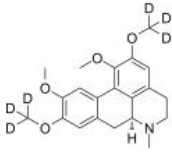
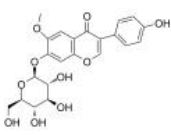
Diphyllin Cat. No.: HY-N2532

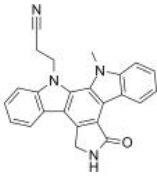
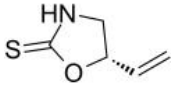
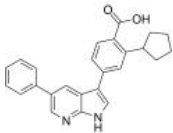
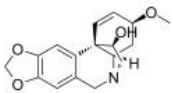
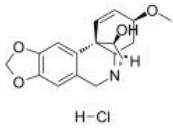
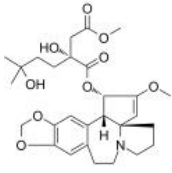
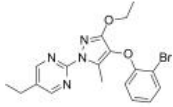
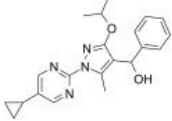
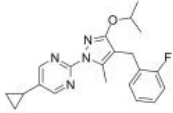
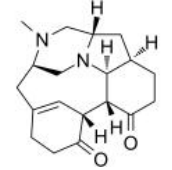
Diphyllin is an aryl-naphthalene lignan isolated from Justicia procumbens and is a potent **HIV-1** inhibitor with an IC_{50} of 0.38 μM. Diphyllin is active against **vesicular stomatitis virus (VSV)** and **influenza virus**.



Purity: 99.85%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 10 mg, 25 mg

<p>Dryocrassin ABBA (Dryocrassin)</p> <p>Dryocrassin ABBA (Dryocrassin) is a flavonoid natural product derived from <i>Dryopteris crassirhizoma</i>, with antiviral and antibacterial activities. Dryocrassin ABBA exhibits antiviral activity against H5N1 avian influenza virus.</p> <p>Purity: 98.43% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 5 mg, 10 mg</p>	<p>EHNA hydrochloride</p> <p>EHNA hydrochloride is a potent and selective dual inhibitor of cyclic nucleotide phosphodiesterase 2 (PDE2) ($IC_{50}=4 \mu M$) and adenosine deaminase (ADA).</p> <p>Purity: 99.61% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 2 mg, 5 mg</p>
<p>Elemicin</p> <p>Elemicin is an alkenylbenzene widely distributed in many herbs and spices. Elemicin inhibits Stearoyl-CoA Desaturase 1 (SCD1) by metabolic activation. Elemicin is one of the main components in aromatic food and has antimicrobial, antioxidant, and antiviral activities.</p> <p>Purity: 98.39% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 5 mg</p>	<p>Eleutheroside B1</p> <p>Eleutheroside B1, a coumarin compound, has a wide spectrum of anti-human influenza virus efficacy, with an IC_{50} value of 64-125 $\mu g/ml$. Eleutheroside B1 mediates its anti-influenza activity through POLR2A and N-glycosylation.</p> <p>Purity: $\geq 98.0\%$ Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>
<p>Emricasan (PF 03491390; IDN-6556)</p> <p>Emricasan (PF 03491390) is an orally active and irreversible pan-caspase inhibitor. Emricasan inhibits Zika virus (ZIKV)-induced increases in caspase-3 activity and protected human cortical neural progenitors.</p> <p>Purity: 99.59% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>	<p>Epigoitrin</p> <p>Epigoitrin is a natural alkaloid from <i>Isatis indigotica</i>, with antiviral activities. Epigoitrin reduces susceptibility to influenza virus via mitochondrial antiviral signaling.</p> <p>Purity: 99.91% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 20 mg</p>
<p>Eriodictyol (Huazhongilexone)</p> <p>Eriodictyol is a flavonoid isolated from the Chinese herb, with antioxidant and anti-inflammatory activity. Eriodictyol induces Nrf2 signaling pathway. Eriodictyol is also a potent influenza RNA-dependent RNA polymerase inhibitor with an IC_{50} of 18 nM.</p> <p>Purity: 99.85% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 5 mg</p>	<p>Ermanin</p> <p>Ermanin is a flavonoid isolated from <i>Tanacetum microphyllum</i>. Ermanin potently inhibits iNOS, COX-2 activities, and inhibits platelet aggregation. Ermanin has anti-inflammatory, anti-tuberculous and anti-viral/bacterial properties.</p> <p>Purity: $> 98\%$ Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg</p>
<p>Favipiravir (T-705)</p> <p>Favipiravir (T-705) is a potent viral RNA polymerase inhibitor, it is phosphoribosylated by cellular enzymes to its active form, Favipiravir-ribofuranosyl-5'-triphosphate (RTP).</p> <p>Purity: 99.98% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>	<p>FGI-106</p> <p>FGI-106 is a potent and broad-spectrum inhibitor with inhibitory activity against multiple viruses. FGI-106 is active against Ebola, Rift Valley and Dengue Fever viruses with EC_{50}s of 100 nM, 800 nM and 400-900 nM, respectively.</p> <p>Purity: $> 98\%$ Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>

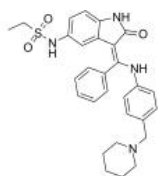
<p>FGI-106 tetrahydrochloride</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-124618A</p> <p>FGI-106 tetrahydrochloride is a potent and broad-spectrum inhibitor with inhibitory activity against multiple viruses. FGI-106 tetrahydrochloride is active against Ebola, Rift Valley and Dengue Fever viruses with EC_{50}s of 100 nM, 800 nM and 400-900 nM, respectively.</p> <p>Purity: 99.46%</p> <p>Clinical Data: No Development Reported</p> <p>Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p> 	<p>Ganoderic acid TR</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-129150</p> <p>Ganoderic acid TR is a broad-spectrum inhibitor against influenza neuraminidases (NAs), particularly H5N1 and H1N1 neuraminidases. The IC_{50} values of 10.9 and 4.6 μM, respectively.</p> <p>Purity: \geq98.0%</p> <p>Clinical Data: No Development Reported</p> <p>Size: 1 mg</p> 
<p>Geldanamycin</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-15230</p> <p>Geldanamycin is a Hsp90 inhibitor with antimicrobial activity against many Gram-positive and some Gram-negative bacteria. Geldanamycin has anti-influenza virus H5N1 activities.</p> <p>Purity: 99.78%</p> <p>Clinical Data: No Development Reported</p> <p>Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg</p> 	<p>Geniposide</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-N0009</p> <p>Geniposide is an iridoid glucoside extracted from <i>Gardenia jasminoides</i> Ellis fruits; exhibits a variety of biological activities such as anti-diabetic, antioxidative, antiproliferative and neuroprotective activities.</p> <p>Purity: 99.52%</p> <p>Clinical Data: No Development Reported</p> <p>Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 50 mg, 100 mg, 500 mg</p> 
<p>Germacrone</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-N0440</p> <p>Germacrone is extracted from <i>Rhizoma Curcuma</i>. Germacrone inhibits influenza virus infection.</p> <p>Purity: 99.09%</p> <p>Clinical Data: No Development Reported</p> <p>Size: 5 mg, 10 mg, 20 mg</p> 	<p>Ginsenoside Rb2 (Ginsenoside C)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-N0040</p> <p>Ginsenoside Rb2 is one of the main bioactive components of ginseng extracts. Rb2 can upregulate GPR120 gene expression. Ginsenoside Rb2 has antiviral effects.</p> <p>Purity: 98.26%</p> <p>Clinical Data: No Development Reported</p> <p>Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg</p> 
<p>Glabranine</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-N3942</p> <p>Glabranine, an flavonoid, is isolated from <i>Tephrosia s.p.</i>, exerts an inhibitory effect in vitro on the dengue virus. Glabranine forms interaction with the soluble ectodomain of DENV type 2 (DENV2) E protein.</p> <p>Purity: >98%</p> <p>Clinical Data: No Development Reported</p> <p>Size: 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg</p> 	<p>Glaucine (O,O-Dimethylisoboldine; S-(+)-Glaucine; NSC 34396)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-N3945</p> <p>Glaucine (O,O-Dimethylisoboldine) is an alkaloid isolated from <i>Glaucium flavum</i> Crantz with antitussive, bronchodilation and anti-inflammatory properties.</p> <p>Purity: 99.57%</p> <p>Clinical Data: No Development Reported</p> <p>Size: 5 mg, 10 mg</p> 
<p>Glaucine-d6 (O,O-Dimethylisoboldine-d6; S-(+)-Glaucine-d6; NSC 34396-d6)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-N3945S</p> <p>Glaucine-d6 (O,O-Dimethylisoboldine-d6) is the deuterium labeled Glaucine. Glaucine (O,O-Dimethylisoboldine) is an alkaloid isolated from <i>Glaucium flavum</i> Crantz with antitussive, bronchodilation and anti-inflammatory properties.</p> <p>Purity: >98%</p> <p>Clinical Data: No Development Reported</p> <p>Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p> 	<p>Glycitin (Glycitein 7-O-β-glucoside)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-N0012</p> <p>Glycitin is a natural isoflavone isolated from legumes; promotes the proliferation of bone marrow stromal cells and osteoblasts and suppresses bone turnover. Glycitin is antibacterial, antiviral and estrogenic.</p> <p>Purity: 99.84%</p> <p>Clinical Data: No Development Reported</p> <p>Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg</p> 

<p>Go6976</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-10183</p> <p>Go6976 is a Protein Kinase C (PKC) inhibitor, with an IC_{50} of 20 nM.</p> <p>Purity: 99.34% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p> 	<p>Goitrin ((S)-Goitrin; L-5-Vinyl-2-thiooxazolidone)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-N0224A</p> <p>Goitrin ((S)-Goitrin), a product of glucosinolate-myrosinase reactions, is a potent inhibitor of thyroid peroxidase. Goitrin can inhibit iodine utilization by the thyroid. Goitrin also exhibits anti-influenza virus (H1N1) activity.</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg</p> 
<p>GSK 650394</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-15192</p> <p>GSK 650394 is a novel SGK inhibitor with IC_{50} of 62 nM and 103 nM for SGK1 and SGK2 in the SPA assay respectively. GSK 650394 also inhibits influenza virus replication.</p> <p>Purity: 99.76% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg</p> 	<p>Haemanthamine</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-114489A</p> <p>Haemanthamine is a crinine-type alkaloid isolated from the Amaryllidaceae plants with potent anticancer activity. Haemanthamine targets ribosomal that inhibits protein biosynthesis during the elongation stage of translation.</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 5 mg, 10 mg</p> 
<p>Haemanthamine hydrochloride</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-114489B</p> <p>Haemanthamine hydrochloride is a crinine-type alkaloid isolated from the Amaryllidaceae plants with potent anticancer activity. Haemanthamine hydrochloride targets ribosomal that inhibits protein biosynthesis during the elongation stage of translation.</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg</p> 	<p>Harringtonine</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-N0862</p> <p>Harringtonine is a natural Cephalotaxus alkaloid that inhibits protein synthesis. Harringtonine has anti-chikungunya virus (CHIKV) activities with an EC_{50} of 0.24 μM.</p> <p>Purity: 99.93% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg</p> 
<p>hDHODH-IN-3</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-135570</p> <p>hDHODH-IN-3 (compound 21d) is a human dihydroorotate dehydrogenase (HsDHODH) inhibitor, inhibits measles virus replication with a $pMIC_{50}$ value of 8.6.</p> <p>Purity: 99.86% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p> 	<p>hDHODH-IN-4</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-128787</p> <p>hDHODH-IN-4 is a potent human dihydroorotate dehydrogenase (DHODH) inhibitor, with a pIC_{50} of 7.8 for human recombinant DHODH. hDHODH-IN-4 inhibits measles virus replication, with a $pMIC_{50}$ of 8.8.</p> <p>Purity: 99.75% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg</p> 
<p>hDHODH-IN-7</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-135667</p> <p>DHODH-IN-9 (Compound 10k) is an azine-bearing analogue and is a human dihydroorotate dehydrogenase inhibitor. DHODH-IN-9 has antiviral effect with a $pMIC_{50}$ of 7.4.</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p> 	<p>Herquiline A (Herqueline A)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-125705</p> <p>Herquiline A (Herqueline A) is a fungal piperazine alkaloid. Herquiline A is a fungal metabolite that inhibits platelet aggregation and replication of the influenza virus.</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p> 

Hesperadin

Cat. No.: HY-12054

Hesperadin is an ATP competitive indolinone inhibitor of **Aurora A** and **B**. Hesperadin inhibits Aurora B with an IC_{50} of 250 nM. Hesperadin inhibits the growth of *Trypanosoma brucei* by blocking nuclear division and cytokinesis.

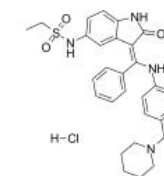


Purity: ≥98.0%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

Hesperadin hydrochloride

Cat. No.: HY-12054A

Hesperadin hydrochloride is an ATP competitive indolinone inhibitor of **Aurora A** and **B**. Hesperadin hydrochloride inhibits Aurora B with an IC_{50} of 250 nM.

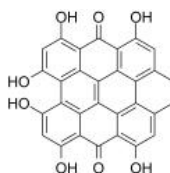


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Hypericin

Cat. No.: HY-N0453

Hypericin is a photosensitive antiviral with anticancer and antidepressant agent derived from *Hypericum perforatum*. It can inhibit tyrosine kinases with IC_{50} of 7.5 μ M.

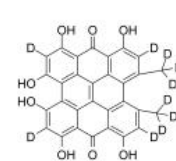


Purity: ≥98.0%
Clinical Data: Phase 1
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg

Hypericin-d10

Cat. No.: HY-N0453S

Hypericin-d10 is the deuterium labeled Hypericin. Hypericin is a photosensitive antiviral with anticancer and antidepressant agent derived from *Hypericum perforatum*. It can inhibit tyrosine kinases with IC_{50} of 7.5 μ M.

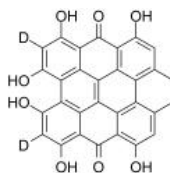


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Hypericin-d2

Cat. No.: HY-N0453S1

Hypericin-d2 is deuterium labeled Hypericin.

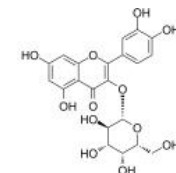


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Hyperoside

Cat. No.: HY-N0452

Hyperoside, a natural flavonoid, isolated from *Camptotheca acuminata*, possesses antifungal, anti-inflammatory, anti-viral, anti-oxidative and anti-apoptotic activities.

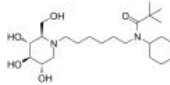


Purity: 99.56%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 5 mg, 10 mg, 20 mg

IHVR-17028

Cat. No.: HY-139663

IHVR-17028 is a potent and broad-spectrum **antiviral** agent. IHVR-17028 exhibits antiviral activity against BVDV, TCRV and DENV with EC_{50} values of 0.4 μ M, 0.26 μ M, 0.3 μ M, respectively. IHVR-17028 is a potent ER α -glucosidase I inhibitor with an IC_{50} of 0.24 μ M.



Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Influenza A NP(366-374) Strain A/PR/8/35

Cat. No.: HY-P1788

Influenza A NP(366-374) Strain A/PR/8/35 is an H2-Db-restricted epitope from Influenza A/PR/8/35 nucleoprotein.

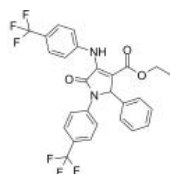
ASNENMETM

Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Influenza A virus-IN-1

Cat. No.: HY-131179

Influenza A virus-IN-1 is a dihydropyrrolidones derivative and is a potent inhibitor against wide subtypes of **influenza A virus (IAV)** with IC_{50} values from 3.11 μ M to 7.13 μ M.

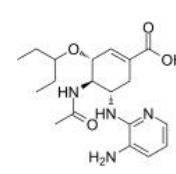


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Influenza A virus-IN-4

Cat. No.: HY-146004

Influenza A virus-IN-4 (compound 23b), an Oseltamivir derivative, is a potent inhibitor of **neuraminidase**. Influenza A virus-IN-4 exerts powerful inhibitions on influenza viruses.

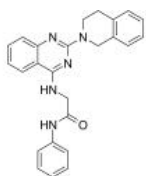


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Influenza A virus-IN-6

Cat. No.: HY-146360

Influenza A virus-IN-6 (compound 16j) is a potent and selective **influenza A virus** inhibitor with an IC_{50} of 3.88 μ M and CC_{50} of 36.64 μ M. Influenza A virus-IN-6 shows anti-IAV activity with low cytotoxicity.

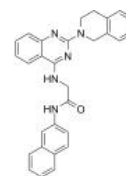


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Influenza A virus-IN-7

Cat. No.: HY-146361

Influenza A virus-IN-7 (compound 16r) is a potent and orally active **influenza A virus** inhibitor with an IC_{50} of 3.43 μ M and CC_{50} of >100 μ M. Influenza A virus-IN-7 shows anti-IAV activity with low cytotoxicity.



Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Influenza HA (307-319)

Cat. No.: HY-P1749

Influenza HA (307-319) is 13 amino acids 307 to 319 fragment of Influenza HA. Influenza HA is a glycoprotein found on the surface of influenza viruses.

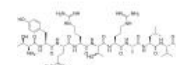
PKYVKQNTLKLAT

Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Influenza NP (147-155)

Cat. No.: HY-P1762

Influenza NP (147-155) is a K^d restricted epitope from influenza nucleoprotein.

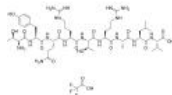


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Influenza NP (147-155) (TFA)

Cat. No.: HY-P1762A

Influenza NP (147-155) TFA is a K^d restricted epitope from influenza nucleoprotein.

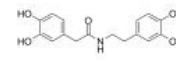


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Influenza virus-IN-1

Cat. No.: HY-143492

Influenza virus-IN-1 (compound 14) is a potent **influenza A virus** inhibitor with an EC_{50} of 2.46 μ M and CC_{50} of >200 μ M. Influenza virus-IN-1 shows a concentration dependent inhibition activity for PA_N endonuclease with EC_{50} of 312.36 nM.

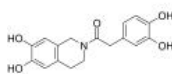


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Influenza virus-IN-2

Cat. No.: HY-143493

Influenza virus-IN-2 (compound 19) is a potent **influenza virus** inhibitor with an EC_{50} of 2.58 μ M and CC_{50} of 150.85 μ M. Influenza virus-IN-2 shows a concentration dependent inhibition activity for PA_N endonuclease with EC_{50} of 489.39 nM.

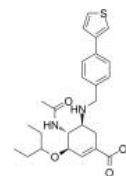


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Influenza virus-IN-3

Cat. No.: HY-146000

Influenza virus-IN-3 (compound 9) is a potent and selective **influenza virus** inhibitor with IC_{50} s of 0.88, 0.10, 5.5, 0.51 μ M for H5N1, H5N2, H5N6, H5N8, respectively. Influenza virus-IN-3 shows antiviral and NA (neuraminidase enzyme)-inhibitory activity.

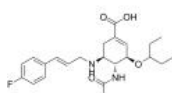


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Influenza virus-IN-4

Cat. No.: HY-146001

Influenza virus-IN-4 (compound 11e) is a potent **influenza virus neuraminidase** inhibitor with IC_{50} s of 3.4, 0.094, 0.79, 0.077 μ M for H5N1, H5N2, H5N6, H5N8, respectively. Influenza virus-IN-4 shows NA (neuraminidase enzyme)-inhibitory activity.



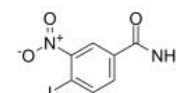
Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Iniparib

(BSI-201; NSC-746045; IND-71677)

Cat. No.: HY-12015

Iniparib (BSI-201) is an irreversible inhibitor of **PARP1**, used in the research of triple negative breast cancer.



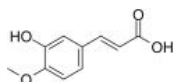
Purity: 99.87%
Clinical Data: Phase 3
Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg

Isoferulic acid

(3-Hydroxy-4-methoxycinnamic acid)

Cat. No.: HY-N0761

Isoferulic acid (3-Hydroxy-4-methoxycinnamic acid) is a cinnamic acid derivative that has antidiabetic activity. Isoferulic acid binds to and activates α 1-adrenergic receptors (IC_{50} =1.4 μ M) to enhance secretion of β -endorphin (EC_{50} =52.2 nM) and increase glucose use.



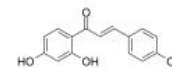
Purity: 99.92%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 100 mg

Isoliquiritigenin

(GU17; ISL; Isoliquiritigen)

Cat. No.: HY-N0102

Isoliquiritigenin is an anti-tumor flavonoid from the root of *Glycyrrhiza glabra*, which inhibits **aldose reductase** with an IC_{50} of 320 nM. Isoliquiritigenin is a potent inhibitor of **influenza virus** replication with an EC_{50} of 24.7 μ M.

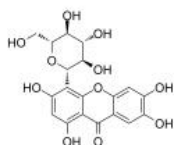


Purity: 98.17%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg

Isomangiferin

Cat. No.: HY-N0772

Isomangiferin, a natural product, is reported to have antiviral activity.

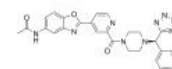


Purity: 99.82%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg

JNJ4796

Cat. No.: HY-122907

JNJ4796 is an oral active fusion inhibitor of **influenza virus**, neutralizing influenza A group 1 viruses by inhibiting **hemagglutinin (HA)**-mediated fusion. JNJ4796 mimics the functionality of the broadly neutralizing antibodies (bnAbs).



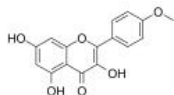
Purity: 99.85%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg

Kaempferide

(Kaempferol 4'-O-methyl ether)

Cat. No.: HY-15449

Kaempferide is an O-methylated flavonol, a type of chemical compound. It can be found in *Kaempferia galanga* (aromatic ginger).

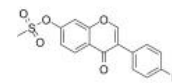


Purity: 99.42%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg

KIN101

Cat. No.: HY-126113

KIN101 is a potent **RNA viral** inhibitor with IC_{50} s of 2 μ M, >5 μ M for **influenza virus** and **Dengue virus (DENV)**, respectively. KIN101, an isoflavone agonist of **IRF-3** dependent signaling, induces IRF-3 nuclear translocation. KIN101 has broad-spectrum activity against RNA viruses.

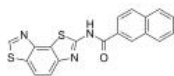


Purity: 99.36%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

KIN1148

Cat. No.: HY-101950

KIN1148, a small-molecule **IRF3** agonist, is a novel influenza vaccine adjuvant found to enhance flu vaccine efficacy.

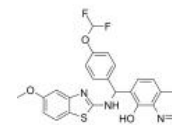


Purity: \geq 98.0%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

KIN1408

Cat. No.: HY-19961

KIN1408 is an agonist of the **RIG-1-like receptor (RLR)** pathway and exhibits a broad-spectrum antiviral activity. KIN1408 exhibits activity against **HCV**, **influenza A**, **dengue virus 2**, **Ebola**, **Nipah**, and **Lassa** viruses.



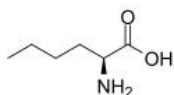
Purity: 99.55%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

L-Norleucine

((S)-2-Aminohexanoic acid; (S)-Norleucine)

Cat. No.: HY-Y0017

L-Norleucine ((S)-2-Aminohexanoic acid) is an isomer of leucine, specifically affects protein synthesis in skeletal muscle, and has antiviral activity.



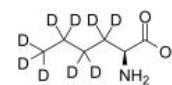
Purity: \geq 97.0%
Clinical Data: Phase 2
Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 500 mg, 1 g

L-Norleucine-d9

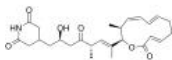
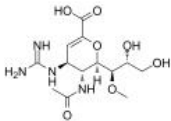
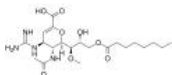
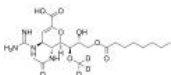
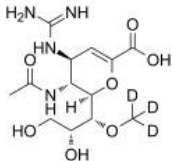
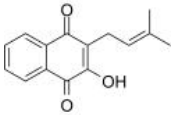
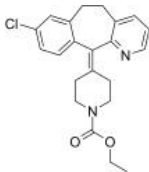
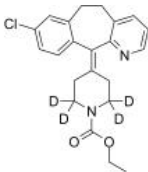
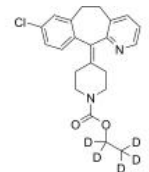
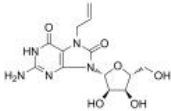
((S)-2-Aminohexanoic acid-d9; (S)-Norleucine-d9)

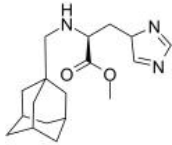
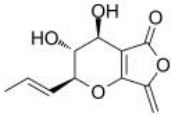
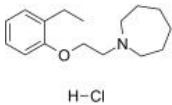
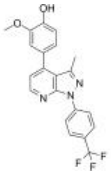
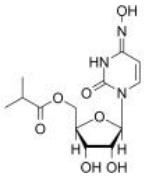
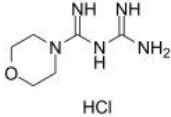
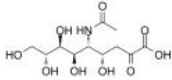
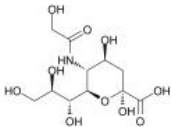
Cat. No.: HY-Y0017S

L-Norleucine-d9 ((S)-2-Aminohexanoic acid-d9) is the deuterium labeled L-Norleucine. L-Norleucine ((S)-2-Aminohexanoic acid) is an isomer of leucine, specifically affects protein synthesis in skeletal muscle, and has antiviral activity.



Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

<p>Lactimidomycin</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-18979</p> <p>Lactimidomycin is a glutarimide-containing compound isolated from <i>Streptomyces</i>. Lactimidomycin is a potent inhibitor of eukaryotic translation elongation.</p>  <p>Purity: ≥98.0% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 200 µg</p>	<p>Laninamivir (R 125489)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-14818</p> <p>Laninamivir (R 125489) is a potent influenza neuraminidase (NA) inhibitor with IC_{50}s of 0.90 nM, 1.83 nM and 3.12 nM for avian H12N5 NA (N5), pH1N1 N1 NA (p09N1) and A/R/1/5+/1957 H2N2 N2 (p57N2), respectively.</p>  <p>Purity: 99.91% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>
<p>Laninamivir octanoate (CS-8958)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-14818A</p> <p>Laninamivir octanoate (CS-8958), a prodrug of Laninamivir, is a long-acting neuraminidase (NA) inhibitor with anti-influenza virus activity.</p>  <p>Purity: 98.06% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>	<p>Laninamivir octanoate-d3 (CS-8958-d3)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-14818AS</p> <p>Laninamivir octanoate-d3 (CS-8958-d3) is the deuterium labeled Laninamivir octanoate. Laninamivir octanoate (CS-8958), a prodrug of Laninamivir, is a long-acting neuraminidase (NA) inhibitor with anti-influenza virus activity.</p>  <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>
<p>Laninamivir-d3</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-14818S</p> <p>Laninamivir-d3 (R 125489-d3) is the deuterium labeled Laninamivir. Laninamivir (R 125489) is a potent influenza neuraminidase (NA) inhibitor with IC_{50}s of 0.90 nM, 1.83 nM and 3.12 nM for avian H12N5 NA (N5), pH1N1 N1 NA (p09N1) and A/R/1/5+/1957 H2N2 N2 (p57N2), respectively.</p>  <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: Size: 2.5 mg, 250 µg</p>	<p>Lapachol</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-N6961</p> <p>Lapachol is a naphthoquinone that was first isolated from <i>Tabebuia avellaneda</i> (Bignoniaceae).</p>  <p>Purity: ≥97.0% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>
<p>Loratadine (Loratidine; SCH 29851)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-17043</p> <p>Loratadine (SCH-29851) is a selective inverse peripheral histamine H1-receptor agonist with an IC_{50} of >32 µM. Loratadine has anti-dengue-virus (DENV) activity. Loratadine can inhibit immunologic release of inflammatory mediators.</p>  <p>Purity: 99.60% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>	<p>Loratadine-d4 (Loratidine-d4; SCH 29851-d4)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-17043S</p> <p>Loratadine-d4 (Loratidine-d4) is the deuterium labeled Loratadine. Loratadine (SCH-29851) is a selective inverse peripheral histamine H1-receptor agonist with an IC_{50} of >32 µM. Loratadine has anti-dengue-virus (DENV) activity.</p>  <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg</p>
<p>Loratadine-d5 (Loratidine-d5; SCH 29851-d5)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-17043S1</p> <p>Loratadine-d5 (Loratidine-d5) is the deuterium labeled Loratadine. Loratadine (SCH-29851) is a selective inverse peripheral histamine H1-receptor agonist with an IC_{50} of >32 µM. Loratadine has anti-dengue-virus (DENV) activity.</p>  <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>	<p>Loxoribine (7-Allyl-8-oxoguanosine; RWJ 21757)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-108472</p> <p>Loxoribine (7-Allyl-8-oxoguanosine) is a guanosine analog with anti-viral and anti-tumor activities. Loxoribine is an orally bioavailable and selective Toll-like receptor (TLR) 7 agonist.</p>  <p>Purity: ≥97.0% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg</p>

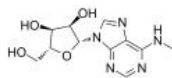
<p>M2 ion channel blocker</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-75867</p> <p>M2 ion channel blocker is capable of inhibiting and blocking the activity of M2 ion channel; Antiviral agent.</p>  <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 100 mg</p>	<p>M2e, human</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-P1783</p> <p>M2e, human, consisting of the 23 extracellular residues of M2 (the third integral membrane protein of influenza A), has been remarkably conserved in all human influenza A, which is a valid and versatile vaccine candidate to protect against any strain of human influenza A.</p> <p>SLLTVEVTPIRNEWGCRNDSSD</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>
<p>M2e, human TFA</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-P1783A</p> <p>M2e, human TFA, consisting of the 23 extracellular residues of M2 (the third integral membrane protein of influenza A), has been remarkably conserved in all human influenza A. M2e, human TFA is a valid and versatile vaccine candidate to protect against any strain of human influenza A.</p> <p>SLLTVEVTPIRNEWGCRNDSSD (TFA 548)</p> <p>Purity: 99.37% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 5 mg, 10 mg</p>	<p>Massarilactone H</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-N10298</p> <p>Massarilactone H, a polyketide, is a neuraminidase inhibitor, with an IC_{50} of 8.18 μM.</p>  <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>
<p>MBX2329</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-131069A</p> <p>MBX2329, a potent influenza virus inhibitor, specifically inhibits hemagglutinin (HA)-mediated viral entry with HIV/HA(H5) displaying IC_{50} of 8.6 μM.</p>  <p>H-Cl</p> <p>Purity: 99.91% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>	<p>ML303</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-126136</p> <p>ML303 is a pyrazolopyridine influenza virus nonstructural protein 1 (NS1) antagonist (IC_{50} = 155 nM), with an EC_{50} of 0.7 μM for Influenza A virus H1N1.</p>  <p>Purity: \geq98.0% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg</p>
<p>Molnupiravir (EIDD-2801; MK-4482)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-135853</p> <p>Molnupiravir (EIDD-2801) is an orally bioavailable prodrug of the ribonucleoside analog EIDD-1931. Molnupiravir has broad spectrum antiviral activity against influenza virus and multiple coronaviruses, such as SARS-CoV-2, MERS-CoV, SARS-CoV.</p>  <p>Purity: 99.94% Clinical Data: Phase 3 Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg</p>	<p>Moroxydine hydrochloride (ABOB hydrochloride)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-B0420A</p> <p>Moroxydine hydrochloride (ABOB hydrochloride) is a synthetic antiviral compound chemically belonging to the series of the heterocyclic biguanidines.</p>  <p>HCl</p> <p>Purity: 99.57% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 100 mg, 500 mg, 1 g, 5 g, 10 g</p>
<p>N-Acetylneuraminic acid (NANA; Lactaminic acid)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-I0400</p> <p>N-Acetylneuraminic acid is a nine-carbon, sialic acid monosaccharide commonly found in glycoproteins on cell membranes and in glycolipids such as gangliosides in mammalian cells.</p>  <p>Purity: \geq95.0% Clinical Data: Phase 1 Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 100 mg, 1 g</p>	<p>N-Glycolylneuraminic acid (NeuGc; GcNeu)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-128965</p> <p>N-Glycolylneuraminic acid is a nonhuman sialic acid molecule synthesized in pigs but not in humans. N-Glycolylneuraminic acid works as a decoy receptor of N-Glycolylneuraminic acid-binding influenza A viruses (IAVs).</p>  <p>Purity: 99.90% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg</p>

N6-Methyladenosine

(6-Methyladenosine; N-Methyladenosine)

Cat. No.: HY-N0086

N6-Methyladenosine is the most prevalent internal (non-cap) modification present in the messenger RNA (mRNA) of all higher eukaryotes. N6-Methyladenosine can modify viral RNAs and has antiviral activities.

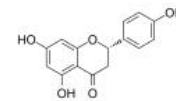


Purity: 99.07%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 50 mg, 100 mg

Naringenin

Cat. No.: HY-N0100

Naringenin is the predominant flavanone in grapefruit; displays strong anti-inflammatory and antioxidant activities. Naringenin has anti-dengue virus (DENV) activity.

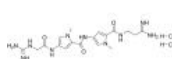


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: Phase 1
Size: 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

Netropsin dihydrochloride

Cat. No.: HY-N6800A

Netropsin (dihydrochloride) is a small-molecule MGB (minor-groove binder), inhibits the catalytic activity of isolated topoisomerase and interferes with the stabilization of the cleavable complexes of topoisomerase II and I in nuclei.

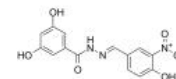


Purity: 98.05%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 5 mg

Neuraminidase-IN-1

Cat. No.: HY-137334

Neuraminidase-IN-1 is a neuraminidase inhibitor, with an IC_{50} of 0.21 μ M. Neuraminidase-IN-1 has excellent activity against H1N1 influenza virus.

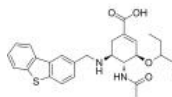


Purity: 99.22%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

Neuraminidase-IN-3

Cat. No.: HY-139991

Neuraminidase-IN-3 (compound 23d) is a potent influenza neuraminidase (NA) inhibitor with IC_{50} values of 0.73, 0.26, and 0.63 nM against H1N1, H5N1, and H5N8 NAs, respectively.

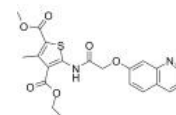


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Neuraminidase-IN-4

Cat. No.: HY-144103

Neuraminidase-IN-4 (Compound 4b) is a potent inhibitor of neuraminidase with an EC_{50} of 1.59 μ M. Neuraminidase (NA) is an important target for the treatment of influenza. Neuraminidase-IN-4 exhibits excellent antiviral activity against A/chicken/Hubei/327/2004 (H5N1-DW).

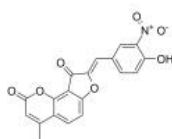


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Neuraminidase-IN-5

Cat. No.: HY-144420

Neuraminidase-IN-5 (Compound 5b) is a potent inhibitor of neuraminidase with an IC_{50} of 0.02 μ M. Neuraminidase (NA) is a promising target for development of anti-influenza drugs. Neuraminidase-IN-5 is a dihydrofurocoumarin derivative compound.

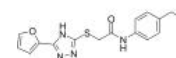


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Neuraminidase-IN-6

Cat. No.: HY-144426

Neuraminidase-IN-6 (Compound 5c) is a potent inhibitor of neuraminidase with an IC_{50} of 0.11 μ M. Neuraminidase-IN-6 is a 1,3,4-triazole-3-acetamide derivative. Neuraminidase (NA) is an ideal target for the development of anti-influenza drugs.

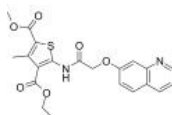


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Neuraminidase-IN-7

Cat. No.: HY-143453

Neuraminidase-IN-7 (compound 4b), a thiophene derivative, is a potent neuraminidase inhibitor with an IC_{50} of 0.03 μ M. Neuraminidase-IN-7 also exhibits excellent antiviral activity against A/chicken/Hubei/327/2004 (H5N1-DW) (EC_{50} =1.59 μ M).

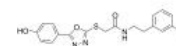


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

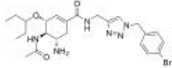
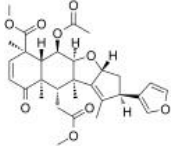
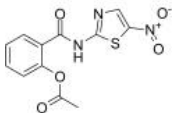
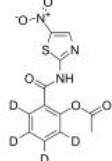
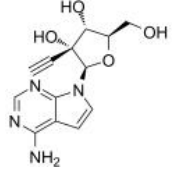
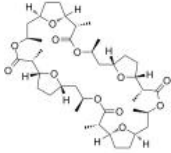
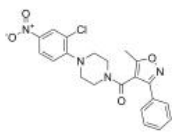

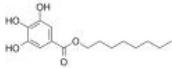
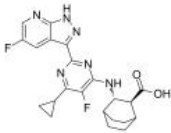
Neuraminidase-IN-8

Cat. No.: HY-143488

Neuraminidase-IN-8 (Compound 6d) is a potent neuraminidase inhibitor with an IC_{50} of 0.027 μ M. Neuraminidase-IN-8 shows anti-influenza activities.



Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

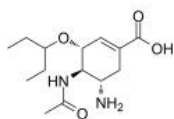
<p>Neuraminidase-IN-9</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-146306</p> <p>Neuraminidase-IN-9 (Compound 6l) is a potent influenza neuraminidase inhibitor with IC_{50} values of 0.12, 0.049 and 0.16 μM against H5N1, H5N2 and H5N6, respectively.</p>  <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>	<p>Nimbin</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-N3187</p> <p>Nimbin is a intermediate limonoid isolated from Azadirachta. Nimbin prevents tau aggregation and increases cell viability. Nimbin is effective inhibits the envelope protein of dengue virus.</p>  <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>
<p>Nitazoxanide (NTZ; NSC 697855)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-B0217</p> <p>Nitazoxanide (NTZ), an anthelmintic agent, exhibits a broad spectrum of activities against a wide variety of helminths, protozoa, and enteric bacteria infecting animals and humans.</p>  <p>Purity: 98.35% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>	<p>Nitazoxanide-d4 (NTZ-d4; NSC-697855-d4)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-B0217S</p> <p>Nitazoxanide D4 (NTZ D4) is the deuterium labeled Nitazoxanide, which is an antiprotozoal agent.</p>  <p>Purity: >98.0% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg</p>
<p>NITD008 (7-Deaza-2'-C-acetylene-adenosine)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-12957</p> <p>NITD008 is a potent and selective flavivirus inhibitor which can inhibit Dengue Virus Type 2 (DENV-2) with an EC_{50} of 0.64 μM.</p>  <p>Purity: 96.58% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg</p>	<p>Nonactin (Ammonium ionophore I)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-N6790</p> <p>Nonactin is a naturally occurring macrotetrolide antibiotic from <i>Streptomyces griseus</i>. Nonactin acts as an ionophore for monovalent cations, including K^+, and NH_4^+. Nonactin is able to uncouple the oxidative phosphorylation (OXPHOS) of mitochondria.</p>  <p>Purity: \geq99.0% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 1 mg, 5 mg</p>
<p>Nucleozin</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-50001</p> <p>Nucleozin, a potent inhibitor of influenza A virus infection, induces the formation of nucleoprotein (NP) aggregates and antagonizes its nuclear accumulation, leading to cessation of viral replication. Nucleozin impedes influenza A virus replication in vitro with a nanomolar EC_{50}.</p>  <p>Purity: 99.74% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg</p>	<p>Octaethylene glycol monododecyl ether (C12E8)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-138941</p> <p>Octaethylene glycol monododecyl ether (C12E8) is a non-ionic detergent that can be used for membrane protein extraction. Octaethylene glycol monododecyl ether can solubilize the viral membrane of intact influenza virus.</p>  <p>Purity: \geq98.0% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 50 mg</p>
<p>Octyl gallate (n-Octyl gallate; Stabilizer GA 8)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-N2011</p> <p>Octyl gallate (Progallin O) is widely used as a food additive, with antimicrobial and antioxidant activity. Octyl gallate (Progallin O) shows selective and sensitive fluorescent property.</p>  <p>Purity: 99.96% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 100 mg</p>	<p>Onradivir</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-145586</p> <p>Onradivir is a significantly better anti-influenza virus agent extracted from patent WO2021047437 A1.</p>  <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>

Osetamivir acid

(GS 4071; Ro 64-0802; Osetamivir carboxylate)

Cat. No.: HY-13318

Osetamivir acid (GS 4071), the active metabolite of Osetamivir phosphate, is an orally bioavailable, potent and selective inhibitor of influenza virus neuraminidase ($IC_{50}=2$ nM) with activity against both influenza A and B viruses.



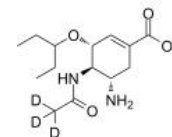
Purity: 99.54%
Clinical Data: Launched
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg

Osetamivir acid-d3

(GS 4071-d3; Ro 64-0802-d3; Osetamivir carboxylate-d3)

Cat. No.: HY-13318S

Osetamivir acid D3 (GS 4071 D3) is a deuterium labeled Osetamivir acid.



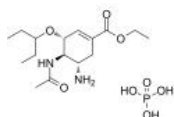
Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg

Osetamivir phosphate

(GS 4104)

Cat. No.: HY-17016

Osetamivir phosphate (GS 4104) is a neuraminidase inhibitor recommended for the treatment and prophylaxis of influenza A and B.

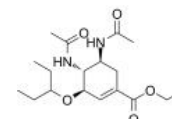


Purity: 99.90%
Clinical Data: Launched
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 100 mg, 500 mg

Osetamivir-acetate

Cat. No.: HY-43575

Osetamivir-acetate is an impurity of Osetamivir. Osetamivir is a neuraminidase inhibitor recommended for the treatment and prophylaxis of influenza A and B.

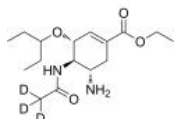


Purity: 99.04%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 25 mg

Osetamivir-d3

Cat. No.: HY-13317S

Osetamivir D3 is a deuterium labeled Osetamivir. Osetamivir is an influenza virus neuraminidase inhibitor (NAI). Osetamivir inhibits influenza A/H3N2, A/H1N2, A/H1N1, and B viruses with mean IC_{50} s of 0.67, 0.9, 1.34 and 13 nM, respectively. Anti-influenza A and B agent.



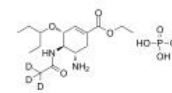
Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Osetamivir-d3 phosphate

(GS 4104-d3 phosphate)

Cat. No.: HY-17016S1

Osetamivir-d3 (GS 4104-d3) phosphate is the deuterium labeled Osetamivir phosphate. Osetamivir phosphate (GS 4104) is a neuraminidase inhibitor recommended for the treatment and prophylaxis of influenza A and B.



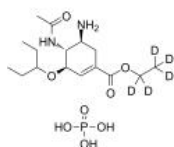
Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Osetamivir-d5 phosphate

(GS 4104-d5)

Cat. No.: HY-17016S

Osetamivir-d5 phosphate (GS 4104-d5) is the deuterium labeled Osetamivir phosphate. Osetamivir phosphate (GS 4104) is a neuraminidase inhibitor recommended for the treatment and prophylaxis of influenza A and B.

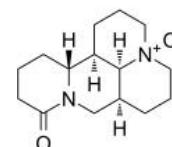


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Oxymatrine

Cat. No.: HY-N0158

Oxymatrine, an alkaloid from the roots of Sophora species, with anti-inflammatory, antifibrosis, and antitumor effects, inhibits the iNOS expression and TGF- β /Smad pathway.



Purity: \geq 98.0%
Clinical Data: Launched
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg, 1 g

PA (224-233), Influenza

Cat. No.: HY-P1580

PA (224-233), Influenza is a 10-aa peptide, a fragment of polymerase 2 protein in influenza A virus.

SSLENFRAYV

Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg

Palmitoylethanolamide

(Palmidrol; Loramine P 256)

Cat. No.: HY-20685


Palmitoylethanolamide (Palmidrol) is an active endogenous compound which can be used for preventing virus infection of the respiratory tract.



Purity: \geq 98.0%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

Palmitoylethanolamide-d4
(Palmidrol-d4; Loramine P 256-d4) Cat. No.: HY-20685S

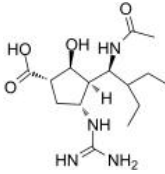
Palmitoylethanolamide-d4 (Palmidrol-d4) is the deuterium labeled Palmitoylethanolamide. Palmitoylethanolamide (Palmidrol) is an active endogenous compound which can be used for preventing virus infection of the respiratory tract.



Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Peramivir
(RWJ-270201; BCX-1812) Cat. No.: HY-17015A

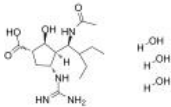
Peramivir (RWJ-270201; BCX-1812) is a highly potent, selective and orally active influenza virus **neuraminidase (NA)** inhibitor, with IC_{50} values ranging from 0.9 to 4.3 nM for nine NA subtypes.



Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: Launched
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Peramivir trihydrate
(RWJ 270201 trihydrate; BCX 1812 trihydrate) Cat. No.: HY-17015

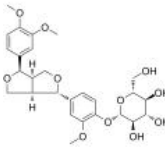
Peramivir trihydrate (RWJ-270201 trihydrate; BCX-1812 trihydrate) is a highly potent, selective and orally active influenza virus **neuraminidase (NA)** inhibitor, with IC_{50} values ranging from 0.9 to 4.3 nM for nine NA subtypes.



Purity: 99.53%
Clinical Data: Launched
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg

Phillyrin Cat. No.: HY-N0482

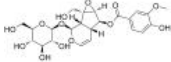
Phillyrin is isolated from *Forsythia suspensa* Vahl (Oleaceae), has antibacterial and anti-inflammatory activities. Phillyrin has potential inductive effects on rat **CYP1A2** and **CYP2D1** activities, without affecting **CYP2C11** and **CYP3A1/2** activities.



Purity: 98.99%
Clinical Data: Launched
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 20 mg

Picroside II Cat. No.: HY-N0408

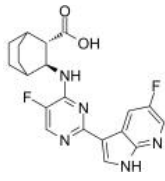
Picroside II, an iridoid compound extracted from *Picrorhiza*, exhibits anti-inflammatory and anti-apoptotic activities. picroside II alleviates the inflammatory response in sepsis and enhances immune function by inhibiting the activation of **NLRP3** inflammasome and **NF-κB** pathways.



Purity: 99.77%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

Pimodivir
(VX-787) Cat. No.: HY-12353A

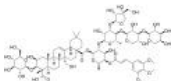
Pimodivir (VX-787) is an orally bioavailable inhibitor of **influenza A virus polymerases** through interaction with the viral **PB2** subunit.



Purity: 99.45%
Clinical Data: Phase 3
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

Polygalasaponin XXXI
(Onjisaponin F) Cat. No.: HY-N2216

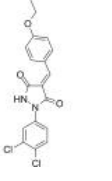
Polygalasaponin XXXI (Onjisaponin F) is an effective adjuvant for intranasal administration of influenza **Influenza hemagglutinin (HA)** vaccine to protect influenza virus infection.



Purity: 96.19%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

PP7 Cat. No.: HY-100858

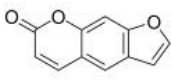
PP7 is a potent **PB1-PB2** interaction inhibitor with an IC_{50} of 8.6 μM, and their inhibition against viral polymerase activity (IC_{50} =9.5 μM). PP7 shows antiviral activities against influenza A virus (IAV), including A(H1N1)pdm09 (EC_{50} =1.4 μM), A(H7N9) and A(H9N2) subtypes.



Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Psoralen
(Ficusin) Cat. No.: HY-N0053

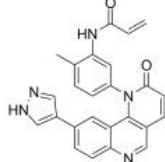
Psoralen (Ficusin) is a coumarin isolated from the seeds of *Fructus Psoraleae*. Psoralen exhibits a wide range of biological properties, including anti-cancer, antioxidant, antidepressant, anticancer, antibacterial, and antiviral, et al.



Purity: 99.92%
Clinical Data: Phase 1
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

QL-X-138 Cat. No.: HY-124645

QL-X-138 is a potent and selective **BTK/MNK dual kinase** inhibitor, exhibits covalent binding to BTK and non-covalent binding to MNK. QL-X-138 shows IC_{50} s of 9.4 nM, 107.4 nM and 26 nM for BTK, MNK1 and MNK2 kinases respectively.

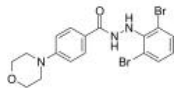


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

RdRP-IN-4

Cat. No.: HY-144668

RdRP-IN-4 (compound 11q), an aryl benzoyl hydrazide analog, is an orally active **influenza A virus RNA-dependent RNA polymerase (RdRp)** inhibitor by interacting with the PB1 subunit.



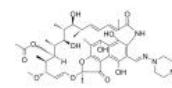
Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Rifampicin

(Rifampin; Rifamycin AMP)

Cat. No.: HY-B0272

Rifampicin is a potent and broad spectrum antibiotic against **bacterial** pathogens. Rifampicin has anti-**influenza virus** activities.

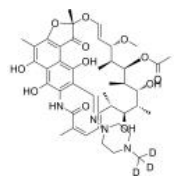


Purity: 98.15%
Clinical Data: Launched
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 500 mg, 1 g, 5 g

Rifampicin-d3

Cat. No.: HY-B0272S

Rifampicin-d3 (Rifampin-d3) is the deuterium labeled Rifampicin. Rifampicin is a potent and broad spectrum antibiotic against **bacterial** pathogens. Rifampicin has anti-**influenza virus** activities.



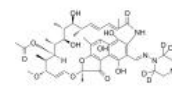
Purity: >98%
Clinical Data:
Size: 500 µg, 5 mg

Rifampicin-d4

(Rifampin-d4; Rifamycin AMP-d4)

Cat. No.: HY-B0272S2

Rifampicin-d4 (Rifampin-d4) is the deuterium labeled Rifampicin. Rifampicin is a potent and broad spectrum antibiotic against **bacterial** pathogens. Rifampicin has anti-**influenza virus** activities.

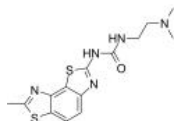


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

RIG-1 modulator 1

Cat. No.: HY-107902

RIG-1 modulator 1 is an anti-viral compound which can be useful for the treatment of viral infections including **influenza virus**, **HBV**, **HCV** and **HIV** extracted from patent WO 2015172099 A1.



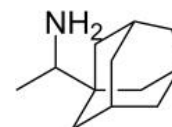
Purity: 99.04%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg

Rimantadine

(1-Rimantidine)

Cat. No.: HY-B0338

Rimantadine (Flumadine) is an anti-influenza virus drug. Target: Influenza Virus rimantadine are oral antiviral drugs useful in the prophylaxis and treatment of influenza A virus infections.

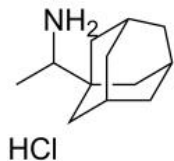


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: Launched
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Rimantadine hydrochloride

Cat. No.: HY-B0338A

Rimantadine hydrochloride is an anti-influenza virus drug. Target: Influenza Virus Rimantadine hydrochloride are oral antiviral drugs useful in the prophylaxis and treatment of influenza A virus infections.

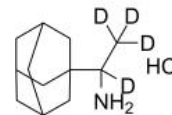


Purity: ≥98.0%
Clinical Data: Launched
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 100 mg, 1 g

Rimantadine-d4 hydrochloride

Cat. No.: HY-B0338S

Rimantadine-d4 hydrochloride is the deuterium labeled Rimantadine hydrochloride. Rimantadine hydrochloride is an anti-influenza virus agent.

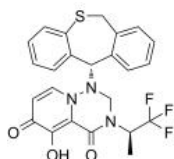


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data:
Size: 2.5 mg, 1 mg, 5 mg

RO-7

Cat. No.: HY-112684

RO-7 is a next-generation polymerase (PA) endonuclease inhibitor of influenza A and B viruses.

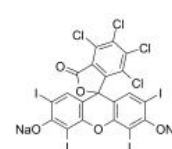


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

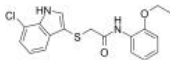
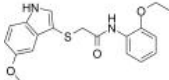
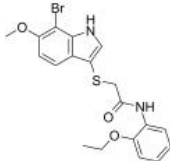
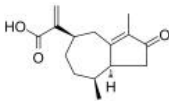
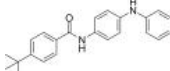
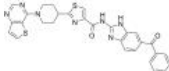
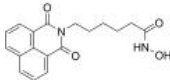
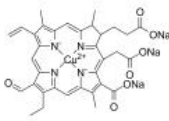
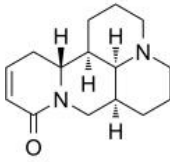
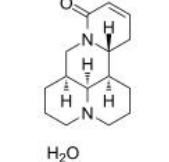
Rose Bengal sodium

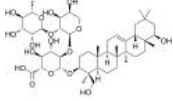
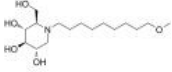

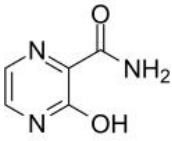
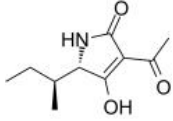
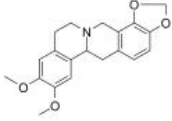
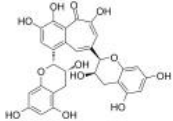
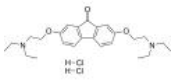
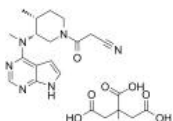
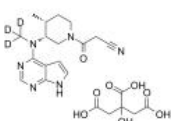
Cat. No.: HY-D0214

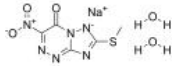
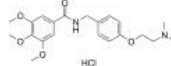
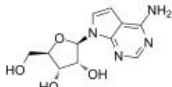
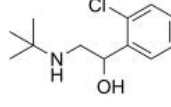
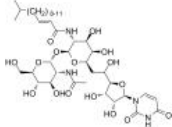
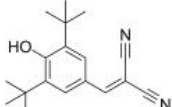
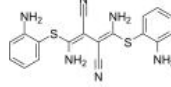
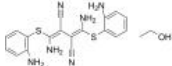
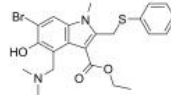
Rose Bengal sodium, a synthetic fluorescein derivative, and is a crimson-coloured dye with the principal component being 4,5,6,7-tetrachloro-2,4,5,7-tetraiodo fluorescein.



Purity: 99.90%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 10 mg

<p>RSV/IAV-IN-1</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-130626</p> <p>RSV/IAV-IN-1 (compound 14e) is a potent and dual inhibitor of RSV/IAV. RSV/IAV-IN-1 has lesser cytotoxicity than the clinical drug, Ribavirin. RSV/IAV-IN-1 has the potential for the research of RSV and/or IAV infections.</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p> 	<p>RSV/IAV-IN-2</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-130627</p> <p>RSV/IAV-IN-2 (compound 14c) is a potent and dual inhibitor of RSV/IAV. RSV/IAV-IN-2 has lesser cytotoxicity than the clinical drug, Ribavirin. RSV/IAV-IN-2 has the potential for the research of RSV and/or IAV infections.</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p> 
<p>RSV/IAV-IN-3</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-143494</p> <p>RSV/IAV-IN-3 (compound 14'i) is a dual inhibitor of respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) and influenza A virus (IAV) with EC₅₀ values of 2.92 μM and 1.90 μM, respectively.</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p> 	<p>Rupestonic acid</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-N3016</p> <p>Rupestonic acid, a sesquiterpene, can inhibit influenza virus.</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 5 mg, 10 mg</p> 
<p>S119-8</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-112543</p> <p>S119-8 is a broad spectrum inhibitor of influenza A and B viruses, showing activity against multiple influenza B viruses and an oseltamivir-resistant influenza A virus, but does not inhibit a non-influenza virus, vesicular stomatitis virus (VSV).</p> <p>Purity: 99.67% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p> 	<p>SC75741</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-10496</p> <p>SC75741 is a broad and efficient NF-κB inhibitor with an IC₅₀ of 200 nM for p65. SC75741 blocks influenza viruses (IV) replication. SC75741 impairs DNA binding of the NF-κB subunit p65, resulting in reduced expression of cytokines, chemokines, and pro-apoptotic factors.</p> <p>Purity: 99.51% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p> 
<p>Scriptaid (Scriptide; GCK1026)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-15489</p> <p>Scriptaid is a potent histone deacetylase (HDAC) inhibitor, used in cancer research. Scriptaid is also a sensitizer to antivirals and has potential for Epstein-Barr virus (EBV)-associated lymphomas treatment.</p> <p>Purity: 98.59% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg</p> 	<p>Sodium copper chlorophyllin B</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-B2226</p> <p>Sodium copper chlorophyllin B exerts antiviral activities against influenza virus and HIV with IC₅₀s of 50 to 100 μM for both of them.</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 500 mg, 1 g</p> 
<p>Sophocarpine</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-N0103</p> <p>Sophocarpine is one of the significant alkaloids extracted from the traditional herb medicine Sophora flavescens which has many pharmacological properties such as anti-virus, anti-tumor, anti-inflammatory.</p> <p>Purity: ≥98.0% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 20 mg</p> 	<p>Sophocarpine monohydrate</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-N0103A</p> <p>Sophocarpine (monohydrate) is one of the significant alkaloids extracted from the traditional herb medicine Sophora flavescens which has many pharmacological properties such as anti-virus, anti-tumor, anti-inflammatory.</p> <p>Purity: 99.15% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg</p> 

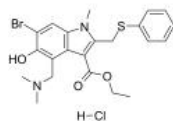
<p>Soyasaponin II</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-122920</p> <p>Soyasaponin II is a saponin with antiviral activity. Soyasaponin II inhibits the replication of HSV-1, HCMV, influenza virus, and HIV-1. Soyasaponin II shows potent inhibition on HSV-1 replication.</p> <p>Purity: 99.81% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg</p> 	<p>SP187 (MON-DNJ; UV4)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-U00160</p> <p>SP187 is a host-targeted iminosugar with activity against filovirus infections in vitro and in vivo. SP187 is active against influenza and dengue in vivo.</p> <p>Purity: 99.30% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 20 mg</p> 
<p>Spermine (NSC 268508; Neuridine)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-B1777</p> <p>Spermine (NSC 268508) functions directly as a free radical scavenger to protect DNA from free radical attack. Spermine has antiviral effects.</p> <p>Purity: 98.36% Clinical Data: Phase 1 Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 100 mg</p> 	<p>T-1105</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-W015764</p> <p>T-1105, a novel broad-spectrum viral polymerase inhibitor, structural analogue of T-705, inhibits the polymerases of RNA viruses after being converted to ribonucleoside triphosphate (RTP) metabolite.</p> <p>Purity: 96.17% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 100 mg</p> 
<p>Tenuazonic acid</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-N6715</p> <p>Tenuazonic acid, belonging to tetramic acids that are the largest family of natural products, is a putative nonhost-selective mycotoxin isolated from <i>Alternaria alternata</i>.</p> <p>Purity: 99.58% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p> 	<p>Tetrahydroepiberberine</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-N3035</p> <p>Tetrahydroepiberberine is a isoquinoline alkaloid isolated from <i>Corydalis impatiens</i> (Pall). Tetrahydroepiberberine has antifungal and selective inhibition against the PI-3 virus activities.</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 5 mg, 10 mg</p> 
<p>Theaflavin</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-N0243</p> <p>Theaflavin is a suitable natural inhibitor against influenza A (H1N1) neuraminidase.</p> <p>Purity: 99.69% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 2 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg</p> 	<p>Tilorone dihydrochloride</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-B1080</p> <p>Tilorone dihydrochloride is the first recognized synthetic, small molecular weight compound that is an orally active interferon inducer, used as an antiviral drug.</p> <p>Purity: 99.79% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 100 mg, 500 mg</p> 
<p>Tofacitinib citrate (Tasocitinib citrate; CP-690550 citrate)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-40354A</p> <p>Tofacitinib citrate is an orally available JAK1/2/3 inhibitor with IC_{50}s of 1, 20, and 112 nM, respectively. Tofacitinib citrate has antibacterial, antifungal and antiviral activities.</p> <p>Purity: 99.98% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg</p> 	<p>Tofacitinib-d3 citrate (Tasocitinib-d3 citrate; CP-690550-d3 citrate)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-40354AS</p> <p>Tofacitinib-d3 (citrate) is deuterium labeled Tofacitinib (citrate). Tofacitinib citrate is an orally available JAK1/2/3 inhibitor with IC_{50}s of 1, 20, and 112 nM, respectively. Tofacitinib citrate has antibacterial, antifungal and antiviral activities.</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p> 

<p>Triazavirin</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-19743</p> <p>Triazavirin is a nucleoside analogue of nucleic acid and an antiviral agent. Triazavirin works by inhibiting the synthesis of viral RNA and DNA and replication of genomic fragments. Triazavirin is also an effective protective agent on the transmission stage of influenza.</p> <p>Purity: 99.01% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg</p> 	<p>Trimethobenzamide hydrochloride (Ro 2-9578)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-12751A</p> <p>Trimethobenzamide hydrochloride is a blocker of the D₂ receptor. Trimethobenzamide is an antiemetic used to prevent nausea and vomiting.</p> <p>Purity: 99.80% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg</p> 
<p>Tubercidin (7-Deazaadenosine)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-100126</p> <p>Tubercidin (7-Deazaadenosine) is an antibiotic obtained from <i>Streptomyces tubercidius</i>. Tubercidin inhibits the growth of <i>Streptococcus faecalis</i> (8043) with an IC₅₀ of 0.02 μM.</p> <p>Purity: 98.68% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p> 	<p>Tulobuterol hydrochloride (C-78)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-W011733</p> <p>Tulobuterol hydrochloride (C-78) is a long-acting β₂-adrenoceptor agonist, which reduces the frequency of exacerbations of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease and bronchial asthma.</p> <p>Purity: 99.69% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 50 mg, 100 mg, 500 mg</p> 
<p>Tunicamycin</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-A0098</p> <p>Tunicamycin is a mixture of homologous nucleoside antibiotic that inhibits N-linked glycosylation and blocks GlcNAc phosphotransferase (GPT).</p> <p>Purity: 99.69% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 2 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg</p> 	<p>Tyrothricin</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-120435</p> <p>Tyrothricin is a polypeptide antibiotic mixture isolated from <i>Bacillus brevis</i> and consists of tyrocidines and gramicidins. Tyrothricin shows activity against bacteria, fungi and some viruses.</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 5 mg, 10 mg</p> <p>Tyrothricin</p>
<p>Tyrphostin A9 (Tyrphostin 9; Malonoben)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-15511</p> <p>Tyrphostin A9, a PDGFR inhibitor, is a potent inducer of mitochondrial fission. Tyrphostin A9 emerged as the most potent and selective of 51 tyrosine kinase inhibitors tested against the TNF-induced respiratory burst. Tyrphostin A9 has anti-influenza virus activities.</p> <p>Purity: 99.87% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 50 mg, 100 mg, 500 mg</p> 	<p>U0126</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-12031A</p> <p>U0126 is a potent, non-ATP competitive and selective MEK1 and MEK2 inhibitor, with IC₅₀s of 72 nM and 58 nM, respectively. U0126 is an autophagy and mitophagy inhibitor.</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p> 
<p>U0126-EtOH</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-12031</p> <p>U0126 (U0126-EtOH) is a potent, non-ATP competitive and selective MEK1 and MEK2 inhibitor, with IC₅₀s of 72 nM and 58 nM, respectively. U0126 is an autophagy and mitophagy inhibitor.</p> <p>Purity: 99.41% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg, 500 mg</p> 	<p>Umifenovir</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-14904</p> <p>Umifenovir is a potent, orally active broad-spectrum antiviral agent with activity against a number of enveloped and non-enveloped viruses. Umifenovir is used as an anti-influenza virus agent. Umifenovir could effectively inhibit the fusion of virus with host cells.</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p> 

Umifenovir hydrochloride

Cat. No.: HY-14904A

Umifenovir hydrochloride is a potent, orally active broad-spectrum antiviral with activity against a number of enveloped and non-enveloped viruses. Umifenovir hydrochloride is used as an anti-influenza virus agent.

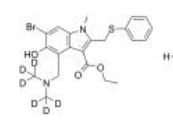


Purity: 99.68%
Clinical Data: Launched
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

Umifenovir-d6 hydrochloride

Cat. No.: HY-14904AS

Umifenovir-d6 hydrochloride is the deuterium labeled Umifenovir hydrochloride. Umifenovir hydrochloride is a potent, orally active broad-spectrum antiviral with activity against a number of enveloped and non-enveloped viruses.

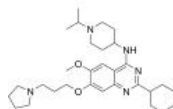


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

UNC0638

Cat. No.: HY-15273

UNC0638 selectively inhibits G9a and GLP histone methyltransferase activity with IC_{50} s of less than 15 nM and 19 nM, respectively. UNC0638 has anti-FMDV (foot-and-mouth disease virus) and anti-VSV (vesicular stomatitis virus) activities.



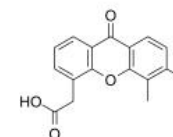
Purity: 99.73%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

Vadimezan

(DMXAA; ASA-404)

Cat. No.: HY-10964

Vadimezan (DMXAA; ASA-404), the tumor vascular disrupting agent (tumor-VDA), is a murine agonist of the stimulator of interferon genes (STING) and also a potent inducer of type I IFNs and other cytokines. Vadimezan has anti-influenza virus H1N1-PR8 activities.

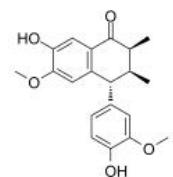


Purity: 99.81%
Clinical Data: Phase 3
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

Wulignan A1

Cat. No.: HY-N2264

Wulignan A1 is isolated from the stems of Schisandra henryi. Wulignan A1 exhibits anti-influenza virus H1N1 and H1N1-TR (a Tamiflu drug resistant virus strain) activities.

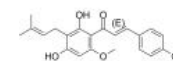


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg

Xanthohumol

Cat. No.: HY-N1067

Xanthohumol is one of the principal flavonoids isolated from hops, the inhibitor of diacylglycerol acetyltransferase (DGAT), COX-1 and COX-2, and shows anti-cancer and anti-angiogenic activities.

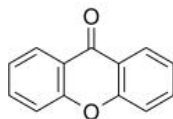


Purity: 99.84%
Clinical Data: Phase 1
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg

Xanthone

Cat. No.: HY-N0126

Xanthone is isolated from Mangosteen and is known to control cell division and growth, apoptosis, inflammation, and metastasis in different stages of carcinogenesis.

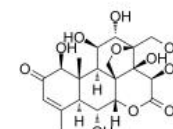


Purity: 99.66%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 100 mg

Yadanzolid B

Cat. No.: HY-N8399

Yadanzolid B, a natural quassinoid, is a potential H5N1 neuraminidase inhibitor.

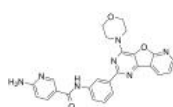


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg

YM-201636

Cat. No.: HY-13228

YM-201636 is a potent and selective PIKfyve inhibitor with an IC_{50} of 33 nM. YM-201636 also inhibits p110 α with an IC_{50} of 3.3 μ M. YM-201636 inhibits retroviral replication.



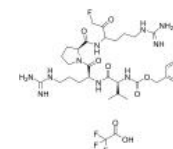
Purity: 98.01%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 2 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

Z-VRPR-FMK TFA

(VRPR)

Cat. No.: HY-P1407

Z-VRPR-FMK (TFA) (VRPR), a tetrapeptide, is a selective and irreversible MALT1 (Mucosa-associated lymphoid tissue lymphoma translocation protein 1) inhibitor. Z-VRPR-FMK (TFA) can protect against influenza A virus (IAV) infection.

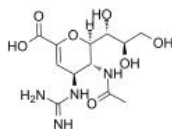


Purity: 95.92%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 500 μ g

Zanamivir

Cat. No.: HY-13210

Zanamivir is an influenza viral **neuraminidase** inhibitor with IC_{50} values of 0.95 nM and 2.7 nM for influenza A and B, respectively.

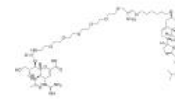


Purity: 99.92%
Clinical Data: Launched
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

Zanamivir-Cholesterol Conjugate

Cat. No.: HY-141862

Zanamivir-cholesterol conjugate is a long-acting **neuraminidase** inhibitor with potent efficacy against drug-resistant influenza viruses.



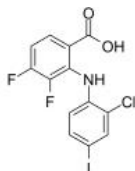
Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Zapnometinib

(PD0184264; ATR-002)

Cat. No.: HY-139558

Zapnometinib (PD0184264), an active metabolite of CI-1040, is a **MEK** inhibitor, with an IC_{50} of 5.7 nM. Zapnometinib exhibits antiviral activity against influenza virus and antibacterial activities.



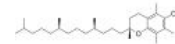
Purity: 99.63%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

α -Vitamin E

(**(+)- α -Tocopherol**; **D- α -Tocopherol**)

Cat. No.: HY-N0683

α -Vitamin E (**(+)- α -Tocopherol**), a naturally occurring vitamin E form, is a potent antioxidant.



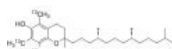
Purity: 99.89%
Clinical Data: Launched
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 100 mg, 1 g

α -Vitamin E-13C3

(**(+)- α -Tocopherol-13C3**; **D- α -Tocopherol-13C3**)

Cat. No.: HY-N0683S1

α -Vitamin E-13C3 (**(+)- α -Tocopherol-13C3**) is the 13C-labeled α -Vitamin E. α -Vitamin E (**(+)- α -Tocopherol**), a naturally occurring vitamin E form, is a potent antioxidant.



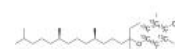
Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

α -Vitamin E-13C6

(**(+)- α -Tocopherol-13C6**; **D- α -Tocopherol-13C6**)

Cat. No.: HY-N0683S

α -Vitamin E-13C6 (**(+)- α -Tocopherol-13C6**) is the 13C-labeled α -Vitamin E. α -Vitamin E (**(+)- α -Tocopherol**), a naturally occurring vitamin E form, is a potent antioxidant.

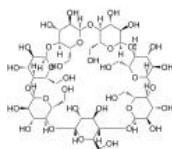


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

β -Cyclodextrin

Cat. No.: HY-107201

β -Cyclodextrin is a cyclic polysaccharide composed of seven units of glucose (α -D-glucopyranose) linked by α -(1,4) type bonds. β -Cyclodextrin has often been used to enhance the solubility of drugs. β -Cyclodextrin has anti-influenza virus **H1N1** activities.



Purity: \geq 98.0%
Clinical Data: Phase 1
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 500 mg, 1 g