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Inhibitors, Screening Libraries, Proteins

Dipeptidyl Peptidase

DPP

Dipeptidyl Peptidases are widely distributed exopeptidases that possess central role in proteolysis. The dipeptidyl peptidase family, including DPP-IV, DPP7, DPP8, DPP9, fibroblast activation protein and others, cleave the peptide bond after the penultimate proline residue and are drug target rich.

DPP-IV (DPP4 or CD26) is a serine protease detected on several immune cells and on epithelial cells of various organs. Besides the membrane-bound enzyme, a catalytically active soluble form is detected in several body fluids. Both variants cleave off dipeptides from the N-termini of various chemokines, neuropeptides, and hormones. DPP IV plays a key role in immune-regulation, inflammation, oxidative stress, cell adhesion, and apoptosis by targeting different substrates. DPP IV inhibitors are commonly used as hypoglycemic agents.

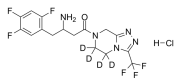
DPP8 and DPP9 show DPP-IV-like activity and share a very high-sequence similarity to each other. DPP8 and DPP9 are intracellular N-terminal dipeptidyl peptidases (preferentially postproline) associated with pathophysiological roles in immune response and cancer biology.

Dipeptidyl Peptidase Inhibitors

(Rac)-Sitagliptin-d4 hydrochloride

Cat. No.: HY-13749S

(Rac)-Sitagliptin-d4 hydrochloride is a labelled racemic Sitagliptin. Sitagliptin hydrochloride is a potent inhibitor of DPP4 with an IC_{50} of 19 nM in Caco-2 cell extracts.



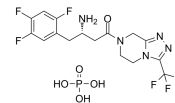
Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 10 mg

(S)-Sitagliptin phosphate

(S)-MK-0431 phosphate

Cat. No.: HY-13749C

(S)-Sitagliptin phosphate is the less active S-enantiomer of Sitagliptin phosphate. Sitagliptin phosphate (MK-0431 phosphate) is a potent inhibitor of DPP4 with an IC_{50} of 19 nM in Caco-2 cell extracts.



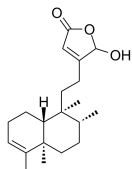
Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

16-Hydroxycleroda-3,13-dien-15,16-olide

(16ξ-Hydroxycleroda-3,13-dien-15,16-olide)

Cat. No.: HY-N9725

16-Hydroxycleroda-3,13-dien-15,16-olide (16ξ-Hydroxycleroda-3,13-dien-15,16-olide; HCD), a clerodane diterpene, is a potent **serine protease dipeptidyl peptidase 4 (DPP-4)** inhibitor.

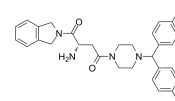


Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

1G244

Cat. No.: HY-116304

1G244 is a potent **DPP8/9** inhibitor with IC_{50} s of 12 nM and 84 nM, respectively. 1G244 does not inhibit DPPIV and DPPII. 1G244 induces **apoptosis** in multiple myeloma cells and has anti-myeloma effects.

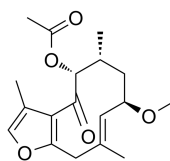


Purity: 98.55%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg

2-Methoxy-5-acetoxy-franogermacr-1(10)-en-6-one

Cat. No.: HY-N8134

2-Methoxy-5-acetoxy-franogermacr-1(10)-en-6-one is a natural product found in the leaves and stem bark of *M. glabra*.



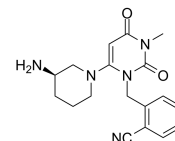
Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg

Alogliptin

(SYR-322 free base)

Cat. No.: HY-A0023A

Alogliptin (SYR-322 free base) is a potent, selective and orally active inhibitor of **DPP-4** with an IC_{50} of <10 nM, and exhibits greater than 10,000-fold selectivity over DPP-8 and DPP-9. Alogliptin can be used for the research of type 2 diabetes.



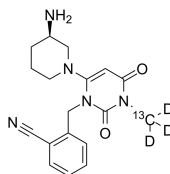
Purity: 99.92%
Clinical Data: Launched
Size: 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg

Alogliptin (13CD3)

(SYR-322 (13CD3))

Cat. No.: HY-A0023AS

Alogliptin 13CD3 (SYR-322 13CD3) is the deuterium labeled Alogliptin. Alogliptin is a potent and selective inhibitor of DPP-4.



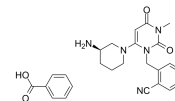
Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Alogliptin Benzoate

(SYR 322)

Cat. No.: HY-A0023

Alogliptin Benzoate (SYR-322) is a potent, selective and orally active inhibitor of **DPP-4** with an IC_{50} of <10 nM, and exhibits greater than 10,000-fold selectivity over DPP-8 and DPP-9. Alogliptin Benzoate can be used for the research of type 2 diabetes.



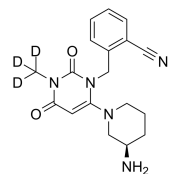
Purity: 99.96%
Clinical Data: Launched
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

Alogliptin-d3

(SYR-322-d3 free base)

Cat. No.: HY-A0023A51

Alogliptin-d3 (SYR-322-d3 (free base)) is the deuterium labeled Alogliptin. Alogliptin (SYR-322 free base) is a potent, selective and orally active inhibitor of **DPP-4** with an IC_{50} of <10 nM, and exhibits greater than 10,000-fold selectivity over DPP-8 and DPP-9.



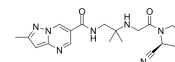
Purity: >98%
Clinical Data: No Development Reported
Size: 2.5 mg, 5 mg, 25 mg

Anagliptin

(SK-0403)

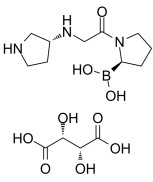
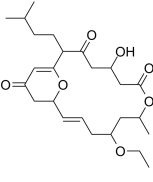
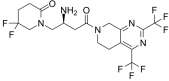
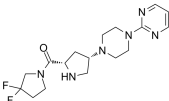
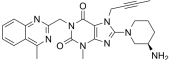
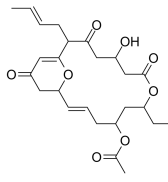
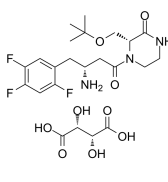
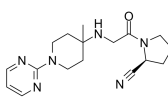
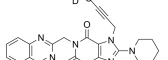
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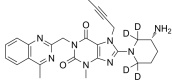
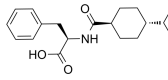
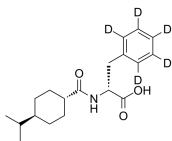
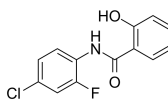
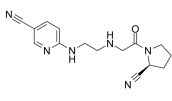
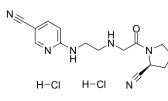
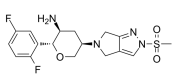
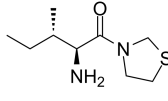
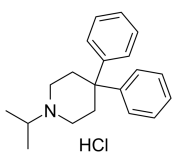
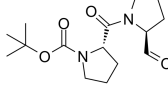
Anagliptin is a highly selective, potent inhibitor of **dipeptidyl peptidase 4 (DPP-4)**, with an IC_{50} of 3.8 nM, and less selective at DPP-8/9 (IC_{50} 68, 60 nM, respectively).



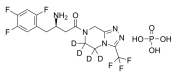
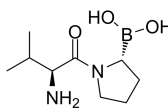
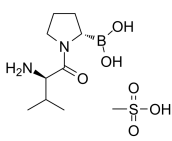
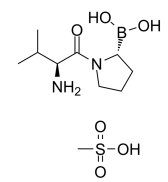
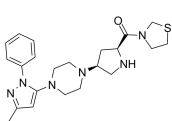
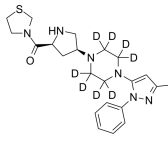
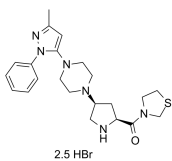
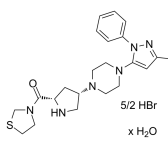
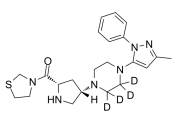
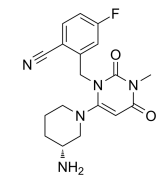
Purity: ≥97.0%
Clinical Data: Launched
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg

<p>Anagliptin-d6 (SK-0403-d6)</p>	<p>Azaleatin</p>
<p>Anagliptin-d6 is the deuterium labeled Anagliptin. Anagliptin is a highly selective, potent inhibitor of dipeptidyl peptidase 4 (DPP-4), with an IC_{50} of 3.8 nM, and less selective at DPP-8/9 (IC_{50}'s 68, 60 nM, respectively).</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>	<p>Azaleatin is an O-methylated flavonol isolated from Rhododendron species. Azaleatin is a dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor. Azaleatin can be used for the research of type-2 diabetes and obesity.</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 5 mg</p>
<p>Azaleatin-d3</p>	<p>Brensocatib (AZD7986; INS 1007)</p>
<p>Azaleatin-d3 is the deuterium labeled Azaleatin. Azaleatin is an O-methylated flavonol isolated from Rhododendron species. Azaleatin is a dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor. Azaleatin can be used for the research of type-2 diabetes and obesity.</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>	<p>Brensocatib (AZD7986) is an oral dipeptidyl peptidase 1 (DPP1) inhibitor with pIC_{50}'s of 6.85, 7.6, 7.7, 7.8, and 7.8 in human, mouse, rat, dog and rabbit, respectively.</p> <p>Purity: 99.66% Clinical Data: Phase 3 Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>
<p>DBPR108</p>	<p>Diprotin A (Ile-Pro-Ile)</p>
<p>DBPR108 is a potent, selective, and orally bioavailable dipeptide-derived inhibitor of DPP4 with IC_{50} of 15 nM; no inhibition on DPP8 and DPP9.</p> <p>Purity: 98.75% Clinical Data: Phase 1 Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg</p>	<p>Diprotin A (Ile-Pro-Ile) is an inhibitor of dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP-IV).</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>
<p>Diprotin A TFA (Ile-Pro-Ile TFA)</p>	<p>DPP-IV-IN-1</p>
<p>Diprotin A TFA (Ile-Pro-Ile TFA) is an inhibitor of dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP-IV).</p> <p>Purity: 98.80% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg</p>	<p>DPP-IV-IN-1 is a potent inhibitor of dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP-IV), a highly specific serine protease, with an IC_{50} of 4.6 nM.</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 5 mg, 10 mg</p>
<p>DPP-IV-IN-2</p>	<p>Dutogliptin (PHX-1149 free base)</p>
<p>DPP-IV-IN-2 is an inhibitor of both dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPIV) and DPP8/9 with IC_{50}'s of 0.1 and 0.95 μM, respectively.</p> <p>Purity: \geq98.0% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 50 mg</p>	<p>Dutogliptin (PHX-1149 free base) is an orally available, potent, and selective dipeptidyl peptidase-4 (DPP4) inhibitor for the treatment of type 2 diabetes mellitus.</p> <p>Purity: 99.16% Clinical Data: Phase 3 Size: 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg</p>

<p>Dutogliptin tartrate (PHX-1149)</p> <p>Dutogliptin tartrate (PHX-1149) is an orally available, potent, and selective dipeptidyl peptidase-4 (DPP4) inhibitor for the treatment of type 2 diabetes mellitus.</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: Phase 3 Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>	<p>Cat. No.: HY-10286A</p>  <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>
<p>Ellipryone B</p> <p>Ellipryone B, an antihyperglycemic γ-pyrone enclosed macrocyclic polyketide, shows inhibition potential against dipeptidyl peptidase-4 (IC₅₀=0.48mM).</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>	<p>Cat. No.: HY-N10362</p>  <p>Purity: 99.96% Clinical Data: Phase 4 Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>
<p>Gemigliptin (LC15-0444)</p> <p>Gemigliptin (LC15-0444) is a highly selective, reversible and competitive dipeptidyl peptidase-4 (DPP-4) inhibitor, with an IC₅₀ of 10.3 nM for human recombinant DPP-4. Gemigliptin exhibits potent anti-glycation properties.</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>	<p>Cat. No.: HY-14892</p>  <p>Purity: 98.28% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>
<p>Gosogliptin (PF-00734200; PF-734200)</p> <p>Gosogliptin is a potent and selective inhibitor of dipeptidyl peptidase-IV (DPP-IV).</p> <p>Purity: 99.27% Clinical Data: Phase 3 Size: 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 20 mg</p>	<p>Cat. No.: HY-10287</p>  <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>
<p>Linagliptin (BI 1356)</p> <p>Linagliptin is a highly potent, selective DPP-4 inhibitor with IC₅₀ of 1 nM.</p> <p>Purity: 99.97% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 100 mg, 500 mg, 1 g</p>	<p>Cat. No.: HY-10284</p>  <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>
<p>Ellipryone A</p> <p>Ellipryone A, a γ-pyrone enclosed macrocyclic polyketide, shows inhibition potential against dipeptidyl peptidase-4 (IC₅₀=0.35mM). Ellipryone A also has anti-carbolytic property against α-glucosidase (IC₅₀=0.74mM) and α-amylase (IC₅₀=0.59mM).</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>	<p>Cat. No.: HY-N10360</p> 
<p>Evogliptin tartrate (DA-1229 tartrate)</p> <p>Evogliptin tartrate is a potent, orally bioavailable and selective dipeptidyl peptidase-4 (DPP-4) inhibitor, with antidiabetic activity. Evogliptin tartrate has potential for anti-atherosclerosis therapy that targets arterial inflammation.</p> <p>Purity: 99.96% Clinical Data: Phase 4 Size: 10 mM \times 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>	<p>Cat. No.: HY-117985B</p> 
<p>K579</p> <p>K579 is a potent and orally active dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor. K579 inhibits the blood glucose elevation. K579 increases the plasma insulin and active forms of glucagon-like peptide-1 (GLP-1). K579 has the potential for the research of diabetic.</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>	<p>Cat. No.: HY-103433</p> 
<p>Linagliptin-13C,d3 (BI 1356-13C,d3)</p> <p>Linagliptin-13C,d3 is the 13C- and deuterium labeled. Linagliptin is a highly potent, selective DPP-4 inhibitor with IC₅₀ of 1 nM.</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>	<p>Cat. No.: HY-10284S1</p> 

<p>Linagliptin-d4 (BI 1356-d4)</p>	<p>Nateglinide (A4166; Senaglinide)</p>
<p>Linagliptin-d4 is deuterium labeled Linagliptin. Linagliptin is a highly potent, selective DPP-4 inhibitor with IC₅₀ of 1 nM.</p>  <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>	<p>Nateglinide, a D-phenylalanine derivative, is an orally active and short-acting insulinotropic agent and a DPP IV inhibitor. Nateglinide inhibits ATP-sensitive K⁺ channels in pancreatic β-cells. Nateglinide is used for the treatment of type 2 (non-insulin-dependent) diabetes mellitus.</p>  <p>Purity: 99.78% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>
<p>Nateglinide D5 (A4166 D5; Senaglinide D5)</p>	<p>NDMC101</p>
<p>Nateglinide D5 is a deuterium labeled Nateglinide. Nateglinide, a D-phenylalanine derivative, is an orally active and short-acting insulinotropic agent and a DPP IV inhibitor. Nateglinide inhibits ATP-sensitive K⁺ channels in pancreatic β-cells.</p>  <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>	<p>NDMC101 is a potent osteoclastogenesis inhibitor and inhibits osteoclast differentiation via down-regulation of NFATc1-modulated gene expression. NDMC101 is similar to the DPP4 substrate and is a significant inhibitor of early T-cell activation via DPP4 inhibition.</p>  <p>Purity: 99.59% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>
<p>NVP-DPP728</p>	<p>NVP-DPP728 dihydrochloride</p>
<p>NVP-DPP728 is a potent, reversible and nitrile-dependent dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP-IV) inhibitor. NVP-DPP728 can inhibit human DPP-IV amidolytic activity with a K_i of 11 nM.</p>  <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>	<p>NVP-DPP728 dihydrochloride is a potent, selective and orally active dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP-IV) inhibitor with a K_i of 11 nM. NVP-DPP728 dihydrochloride can be used for the research of diabetes mellitus.</p>  <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg</p>
<p>Omarigliptin (MK-3102)</p>	<p>P32/98</p>
<p>Omarigliptin(MK-3102) is a potent, selective and long-acting DPP-4 inhibitor with IC₅₀ of 1.6 nM; highly selective over all proteases tested (IC₅₀ > 67 μM).</p>  <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 2 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>	<p>P32/98 is a potent inhibitor of dipeptidyl peptidase IV. P32/98 improves glucose tolerance, insulin sensitivity and β-cell responsiveness in preclinical studies using the fatty Zucker rat, an animal model for IGT (impaired glucose tolerance).</p>  <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>
<p>Prodipine hydrochloride</p>	<p>Prolyl Endopeptidase Inhibitor 1 (Boc-Pro-prolinal; (Boc)-Prolyl-prolinal; BPP)</p>
<p>Prodipine, a diphenyl-phosphonate derivative. The IC₅₀s of Prodipine for purified and plasma Dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP IV) from the rabbit are 4.5 μM and 30 μM, respectively.</p>  <p>Purity: 99.50% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg</p>	<p>Prolyl Endopeptidase Inhibitor 1 (Boc-Pro-prolinal) is a potent prolyl endopeptidase (PEP; PE) inhibitor, with a K_i value of 15 nM. Prolyl Endopeptidase Inhibitor 1 has anti-amnesic effect.</p>  <p>Purity: ≥97.0% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg</p>

<p>Puromycin aminonucleoside (NSC 3056)</p>	<p>Retagliptin (SP2086)</p>
<p>Puromycin aminonucleoside (NSC 3056) is the aminonucleoside portion of the antibiotic puromycin, and used in nephrosis animal models. Puromycin aminonucleoside induces apoptosis.</p> <p>Purity: 99.67% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 500 mg, 1 g</p>	<p>Retagliptin (SP2086) is a selective, competitive and orally active dipeptidyl peptidase-4 (DPP-4) inhibitor. Retagliptin can be used for type 2 diabetes mellitus (T2DM) research.</p> <p>Purity: 98.30% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>
<p>Retagliptin phosphate (SP2086 phosphate)</p>	<p>Saikogenin A</p>
<p>Retagliptin phosphate (SP2086 phosphate) is a selective, competitive and orally active dipeptidyl peptidase-4 (DPP-4) inhibitor. Retagliptin phosphate can be used for type 2 diabetes mellitus (T2DM) research.</p> <p>Purity: 99.89% Clinical Data: Phase 3 Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>	<p>Saikogenin A, extracted from a Chinese herbal plant called Tsai-Fu, is a dipeptidyl peptidase-IV (DPP-IV) inhibitor.</p> <p>Purity: 98.31% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 5 mg</p>
<p>Saxagliptin (BMS-477118)</p>	<p>Saxagliptin hydrate (BMS-477118 hydrate)</p>
<p>Saxagliptin (BMS-477118) is a potent, selective, reversible, competitive and orally active dipeptidyl peptidase-4 (DPP-4) ($K_i = 0.6\text{-}1.3$ nM) inhibitor. Saxagliptin has the potential for type 2 diabetes mellitus research.</p> <p>Purity: 99.39% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>	<p>Saxagliptin hydrate (BMS-477118 hydrate) is a potent, selective, reversible, competitive and orally active dipeptidyl peptidase-4 (DPP-4) ($K_i = 0.6\text{-}1.3$ nM) inhibitor. Saxagliptin hydrate has the potential for type 2 diabetes mellitus research.</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>
<p>Saxagliptin hydrochloride (BMS-477118 hydrochloride)</p>	<p>Sitagliptin (MK-0431)</p>
<p>Saxagliptin hydrochloride (BMS-477118 hydrochloride) is a potent, selective, reversible, competitive and orally active dipeptidyl peptidase-4 (DPP-4) ($K_i = 0.6\text{-}1.3$ nM) inhibitor. Saxagliptin hydrochloride has the potential for type 2 diabetes mellitus research.</p> <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>	<p>Sitagliptin (MK-0431) is a potent inhibitor of DPP4 with an IC_{50} of 19 nM in Caco-2 cell extracts.</p> <p>Purity: 99.72% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 100 mg, 200 mg</p>
<p>Sitagliptin phosphate (MK-0431 phosphate)</p>	<p>Sitagliptin phosphate monohydrate (MK-0431 phosphate monohydrate)</p>
<p>Sitagliptin phosphate (MK-0431 phosphate) is a potent inhibitor of DPP4 with an IC_{50} of 19 nM in Caco-2 cell extracts.</p> <p>Purity: ≥99.0% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 100 mg, 200 mg</p>	<p>Sitagliptin phosphate monohydrate (MK-0431 phosphate monohydrate) is a potent inhibitor of DPP4 with an IC_{50} of 19 nM in Caco-2 cell extracts.</p> <p>Purity: 99.62% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 100 mg, 200 mg</p>

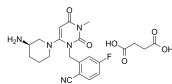
<p>Sitagliptin-d4 phosphate</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-13749AS</p>	<p>Talabostat (Val-boroPro; PT100)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-13233</p>
<p>Sitagliptin-d4 (MK-0431-d4) phosphate is the deuterium labeled Sitagliptin phosphate. Sitagliptin phosphate (MK-0431 phosphate) is a potent inhibitor of DPP4 with an IC₅₀ of 19 nM in Caco-2 cell extracts.</p>  <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: Size: 1 mg</p>	<p>Talabostat (Val-boroPro; PT100) is an orally active and nonselective dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP-IV) inhibitor (IC₅₀ < 4 nM; K_i = 0.18 nM) and the first clinical inhibitor of fibroblast activation protein (FAP) (IC₅₀ = 560 nM), inhibits DPP8/9 (IC₅₀ = 4/11 nM; K_i = ...)</p>  <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: Phase 3 Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>
<p>Talabostat isomer mesylate</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-13233B</p>	<p>Talabostat mesylate (Val-boroPro mesylate; PT100 mesylate)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-13233A</p>
<p>Talabostat isomer mesylate is an isomer of talabostat mesylate. Talabostat (PT100, Val-boroPro) is a potent, nonselective and orally available dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP-IV) inhibitor with a K_i of 0.18 nM.</p>  <p>Purity: ≥98.0% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg</p>	<p>Talabostat mesylate (Val-boroPro mesylate; PT100 mesylate) is an orally active and nonselective dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP-IV) inhibitor (IC₅₀ < 4 nM; K_i = 0.18 nM) and the first clinical inhibitor of fibroblast activation protein (FAP) (IC₅₀ = 560 nM), inhibits DPP8/9 (IC₅₀ = 4/11...)</p>  <p>Purity: 99.05% Clinical Data: Phase 3 Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg</p>
<p>Teneligliptin (MP-513)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-14806</p>	<p>Teneligliptin D8 (MP-513 D8)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-14806S</p>
<p>Teneligliptin (MP-513) is a potent, orally available, competitive, and long-lasting DPP-4 inhibitor. Teneligliptin competitively inhibits human plasma, rat plasma, and human recombinant DPP-4 in vitro, with IC₅₀s of approximately 1 nM.</p>  <p>Purity: 99.16% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 250 mg</p>	<p>Teneligliptin D8 (MP-513 D8) a deuterium labeled Teneligliptin (MP-513). Teneligliptin is a potent, orally available, competitive, and long-lasting DPP-4 inhibitor.</p>  <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: Phase 4 Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>
<p>Teneligliptin hydrobromide (MP-513 hydrobromide)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-14806A</p>	<p>Teneligliptin hydrobromide hydrate (MP-513 hydrobromide hydrate)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-14806B</p>
<p>Teneligliptin (MP-513) hydrobromide is a potent chemotype prolylthiazolidine-based DPP-4 inhibitor, which competitively inhibits human plasma, rat plasma, and human recombinant DPP-4 in vitro, with IC₅₀s of approximately 1 nM.</p>  <p>Purity: 99.95% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 250 mg</p>	<p>Teneligliptin hydrobromide hydrate is a potent chemotype prolylthiazolidine-based DPP-4 inhibitor, which competitively inhibits human plasma, rat plasma, and human recombinant DPP-4 in vitro, with IC₅₀s of approximately 1 nM.</p>  <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>
<p>Teneligliptin-d4 (MP-513-d4)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-14806S1</p>	<p>Trelagliptin (SYR-472)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Cat. No.: HY-15408</p>
<p>Teneligliptin-d4 is deuterium labeled Teneligliptin. Teneligliptin (MP-513) is a potent, orally available, competitive, and long-lasting DPP-4 inhibitor.</p>  <p>Purity: >98% Clinical Data: No Development Reported Size: 1 mg, 5 mg</p>	<p>Trelagliptin (SYR-472) is a potent, orally active and highly selective DPP-4 inhibitor with an IC₅₀ of 4 nM. Trelagliptin succinate improves glycemic control in vivo and can be used for the study of type 2 diabetes mellitus (T2DM).</p>  <p>Purity: 99.80% Clinical Data: Launched Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>

Trelagliptin succinate

(SYR-472 succinate)

Cat. No.: HY-15408A

Trelagliptin (SYR-472) succinate is a potent, orally active and highly selective DPP-4 inhibitor with an IC_{50} of 4 nM. Trelagliptin succinate improves glycemic control in vivo and can be used for the study of type 2 diabetes mellitus (T2DM).



Purity: 99.96%

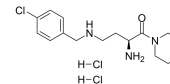
Clinical Data: Launched

Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

UAMC00039 dihydrochloride

Cat. No.: HY-101769

UAMC00039 dihydrochloride is a potent, reversible and competitive dipeptidyl peptidase II inhibitor with an IC_{50} of 0.48 nM.



Purity: 99.53%

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

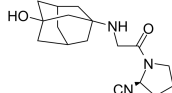
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 2 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

Vildagliptin

(LAF237; NVP-LAF 237)

Cat. No.: HY-14291

Vildagliptin (LAF237) is a potent, stable, selective dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP-IV) inhibitor with an IC_{50} of 3.5 nM in human Caco-2 cells. Vildagliptin possesses excellent oral bioavailability and potent antihyperglycemic activity.



Purity: 98.18%

Clinical Data: Launched

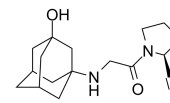
Size: 10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 500 mg

Vildagliptin dihydrate

(LAF237 dihydrate; NVP-LAF 237 dihydrate)

Cat. No.: HY-14291A

Vildagliptin dihydrate (LAF237 dihydrate) is a potent, stable, selective dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP-IV) inhibitor with an IC_{50} of 3.5 nM in human Caco-2 cells. Vildagliptin dihydrate possesses excellent oral bioavailability and potent antihyperglycemic activity.



Purity: >98%

Clinical Data: Launched

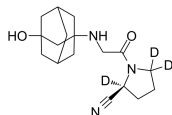
Size: 1 mg, 5 mg

Vildagliptin-d3

(LAF237-d3; NVP-LAF 237-d3)

Cat. No.: HY-14291S

Vildagliptin-d3 (LAF237-d3) is the deuterium labeled Vildagliptin. Vildagliptin (LAF237) is a potent, stable, selective dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP-IV) inhibitor with an IC_{50} of 3.5 nM in human Caco-2 cells.



Purity: >98%

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

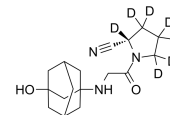
Size: 500 µg, 5 mg

Vildagliptin-d7

(LAF237-d7; NVP-LAF 237-d7)

Cat. No.: HY-14291S1

Vildagliptin-d7 is deuterium labeled Vildagliptin. Vildagliptin (LAF237) is a potent, stable, selective dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP-IV) inhibitor with an IC_{50} of 3.5 nM in human Caco-2 cells.



Purity: >98%

Clinical Data: No Development Reported

Size: 1 mg, 5 mg