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Inhibitors, Screening Libraries, Proteins

# CaSR

## Calcium-sensing receptor

The extracellular CaSR (calcium-sensing receptor) is a unique G protein-coupled receptor (GPCR) activated by extracellular  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  and by other physiological cations including  $\text{Mg}^{2+}$ , amino acids, and polyamines. CaSR is the most important master controller of the extracellular  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  homeostatic system being expressed at high levels in the parathyroid gland, kidney, gut, and bone, where it regulates parathyroid hormone (PTH) secretion, vitamin D synthesis, and  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  absorption and resorption, respectively. Gain and loss of function mutations in the CaSR are responsible for severe disturbances in extracellular  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  metabolism.

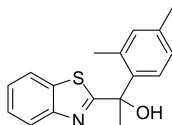
The CaSR stimulates two major signal transduction cascades. The first is the  $\text{G}_{q/11}$ -phospholipase C (PLC)-mediated generation of inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate (IP<sub>3</sub>), which induces a rapid rise in intracellular calcium ( $\text{Ca}^{2+}_i$ ) concentrations. The second is the mitogen-activated protein kinases (MAPKs), such as extracellular signal-regulated kinases 1 and 2 (ERK1/2), which phosphorylate proteins mediating cytosolic signaling and translocate into the nucleus to activate transcription factors involved in cellular proliferation and differentiation. The CaSR has been shown to activate MAPK signaling in a manner that depends on the G proteins  $\text{G}_{q/11}$  and  $\text{G}_{i/o}$ , which inhibits cyclic adenosine monophosphate (cAMP) synthesis, and by a potentially G protein-independent mechanism involving  $\beta$ -arrestin types 1 and 2.

## CaSR Inhibitors, Agonists, Antagonists, Activators & Modulators

### AC-265347

Cat. No.: HY-117851

AC-265347 is a **calcium-sensing receptor (CaSR)** agonist and positive allosteric modulator (ago-PAM) with the functional affinity ( $pK_b$ ) of 5.1. AC-265347 can be used for the research of hyperparathyroidism and related diseases.

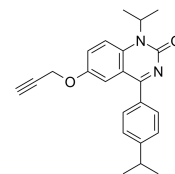


**Purity:** >98%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 1 mg, 5 mg

### Calcium-Sensing Receptor Antagonists I

Cat. No.: HY-50713

Calcium-Sensing Receptor Antagonists I is an antagonist of calcium-sensing parathyroid hormone receptors.

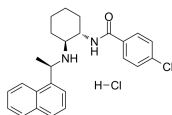


**Purity:** 99.91%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

### Calhex 231 hydrochloride

Cat. No.: HY-103320A

Calhex 231 hydrochloride is a **CaSR** inhibitor via negative allosteric modulation. Calhex 231 hydrochloride blocks  $Ca^{2+}$ -induced accumulation of [ $^3H$ ]inositol phosphate with an  $IC_{50}$  of 0.39  $\mu$ M in HEK293 cells.



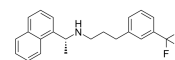
**Purity:** 99.17%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

### Cinacalcet

(AMG 073)

Cat. No.: HY-70037

Cinacalcet (AMG 073) is an orally active, allosteric agonist of **Ca receptor (CaR)**, used for cardiovascular disease treatment.



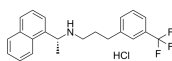
**Purity:** 99.97%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

### Cinacalcet hydrochloride

(AMG-073 hydrochloride)

Cat. No.: HY-70037A

Cinacalcet hydrochloride (AMG-073 hydrochloride) is an orally active, allosteric agonist of **Ca receptor (CaR)**, used for cardiovascular disease treatment.



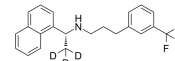
**Purity:** 99.96%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10 mM × 1 mL, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg

### Cinacalcet-D3

(AMG 073-D3)

Cat. No.: HY-70037S

Cinacalcet-D3 (AMG 073-D3) is the deuterium labeled Cinacalcet. Cinacalcet (AMG 073) is an orally active, allosteric agonist of **Ca receptor (CaR)**, used for cardiovascular disease treatment.



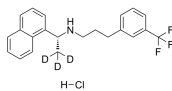
**Purity:** >98%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg

### Cinacalcet-d3 hydrochloride

(AMG 073-d3 hydrochloride)

Cat. No.: HY-70037AS

Cinacalcet-D3 (AMG 073-D3) hydrochloride is the deuterium labeled Cinacalcet (hydrochloride). Cinacalcet hydrochloride (AMG-073 hydrochloride) is an orally active, allosteric agonist of **Ca receptor (CaR)**, used for cardiovascular disease treatment.



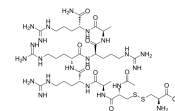
**Purity:** >98%  
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported  
**Size:** 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg

### Etelcalcetide

(AMG 416; KAI-4169)

Cat. No.: HY-P1955

Etelcalcetide (AMG 416) is a synthetic peptide as an activator of the **calcium sensing receptor (CaSR)**. Etelcalcetide is effective in lowering parathyroid hormone (PTH) concentrations in patients receiving dialysis with secondary hyperparathyroidism receiving hemodialysis.



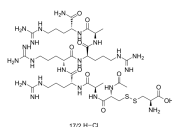
**Purity:** >98%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg

### Etelcalcetide hydrochloride

(AMG 416 hydrochloride; KAI-4169 hydrochloride)

Cat. No.: HY-P1955A

Etelcalcetide hydrochloride (AMG 416 hydrochloride) is a synthetic peptide as an activator of the **calcium sensing receptor (CaSR)**.



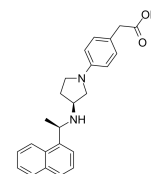
**Purity:** 99.31%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg

### Evocalcet

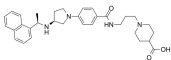
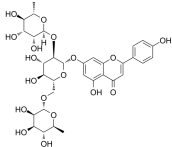
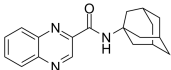
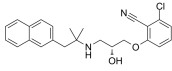
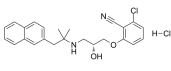
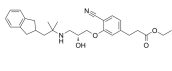
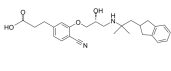
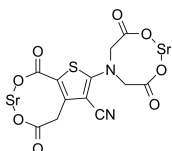
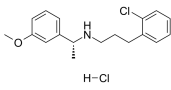
(KHK7580)

Cat. No.: HY-17613

Evocalcet has an activating effect on **calcium sensing receptor (CaSR)** extracted from patent WO 2017061621 A1, compound A.



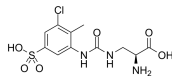
**Purity:** 99.05%  
**Clinical Data:** Launched  
**Size:** 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg

<p><b>Gadolinium chloride</b> (GdCl<sub>3</sub>)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-103314</p> <p>Gadolinium chloride is a specific calcium-sensing receptor (CaSR) agonist. Gadolinium chloride can be used for the research of cardiovascular disease.</p> <p><b>GdCl<sub>3</sub></b></p> <p><b>Purity:</b> ≥99.0% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 500 mg</p>	<p><b>GSK3004774</b></p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-107773</p> <p>GSK3004774 is a potent, nonabsorbable agonist of CaSR, with an pEC<sub>50</sub> of 7.3, 6.6 and 6.5 for human, mouse and rat CaSR, respectively. GSK3004774 shows an EC<sub>50</sub> of 50 nM for human CaSR.</p>  <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>
<p><b>Ligustroflavone</b> (Nuezhenoside)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-N0546</p> <p>Ligustroflavone, extracted from Ligustrum lucidum, is a potential candidate as calcium-sensing receptor (CaSR) antagonist. Ligustroflavone exhibits protective effects against diabetic osteoporosis in mice.</p>  <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.41% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg</p>	<p><b>NPS 2390</b></p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-11095</p> <p>NPS 2390 is a noncompetitive antagonist of mGluR1 and mGluR5. NPS 2390 is also a potent CaSR (calcium-sensing receptor) inhibitor.</p>  <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>
<p><b>NPS-2143</b> (SB-262470A)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-10007</p> <p>NPS-2143 (SB-262470A), an orally active calcilytic agent, is a selective and potent calcium ion-sensing receptor (CaSR) antagonist.</p>  <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.34% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>	<p><b>NPS-2143 hydrochloride</b> (SB-262470A hydrochloride)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-10171</p> <p>NPS-2143 hydrochloride (SB-262470A hydrochloride), an orally active calcilytic agent, is a selective and potent calcium ion-sensing receptor (CaSR) antagonist.</p>  <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.94% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg</p>
<p><b>SB-423557</b></p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-15106</p> <p>SB-423557 is an orally active calcium-sensing receptor (CaR) antagonist (IC<sub>50</sub>=520 nM), precursor of SB-423562 (IC<sub>50</sub>=73 nM). SB-423557 is well tolerated in human and increases plasma concentrations of exogenous parathyroid hormone (PTH) and stimulates bone formation.</p>  <p><b>Purity:</b> &gt;98% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 1 mg, 5 mg</p>	<p><b>SB-423562</b></p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-15105</p> <p>SB-423562 is a short-acting calcium-sensing receptor (CaR) antagonist. SB-423562 has the potential for osteoporosis research.</p>  <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.66% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg</p>
<p><b>Strontium Ranelate</b> (Distronium renelate; S12911)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-17397</p> <p>Strontium Ranelate (S12911) is an antiosteoporotic agent that acts by reducing bone resorption and promoting bone formation, thereby inducing a positive bone balance.</p>  <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.93% <b>Clinical Data:</b> Launched <b>Size:</b> 100 mg, 500 mg</p>	<p><b>Tecalcet Hydrochloride</b> (R-568 hydrochloride)</p> <p>Cat. No.: HY-10167A</p> <p>Tecalcet Hydrochloride (R 568 Hydrochloride), an orally active calcimimetic compound, allosterically and positively modulates the calcium-sensing receptor (CaSR). Tecalcet Hydrochloride (R 568 Hydrochloride) increases the sensitivity to activation by extracellular Ca<sup>2+</sup>.</p>  <p><b>Purity:</b> 99.74% <b>Clinical Data:</b> No Development Reported <b>Size:</b> 10 mM × 1 mL, 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg</p>

## Upacalcet

Cat. No.: HY-109106

Upacalcet is an intravenous calcimimetic agent. Upacalcet suppresses excessive parathyroid hormone (PTH) secretion, thereby lowering blood PTH levels, by acting directly on parathyroid cell membrane calcium-sensing receptors.



**Purity:** >98%

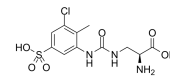
**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 1 mg, 5 mg

## Upacalcet sodium

Cat. No.: HY-109106A

Upacalcet sodium is an intravenous calcimimetic agent. Upacalcet suppresses excessive parathyroid hormone (PTH) secretion, thereby lowering blood PTH levels, by acting directly on parathyroid cell membrane calcium-sensing receptors.



**Purity:** ≥98.0%

**Clinical Data:** No Development Reported

**Size:** 5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg