

Product Data Sheet

Cathepsin L1 Protein, Mouse (HEK293, His)

Cat. No.:	HY-P7753
Synonyms:	rMuCathepsin L, His; Cathepsin L1; Major excreted protein; p39 cysteine proteinase; CTSL1
Species:	Mouse
Source:	HEK293
Accession:	P06797 (T18-N334)
Gene ID:	13039
Molecular Weight:	Approximately 36.02 kDa.

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PROPERTIES

AA Sequence	TPKFDQTFSAEWHQWKSTHRRLYGTNEEEWRRAIWEKNMRMIQLHNGEYSNGQHGFSMEMNAFGDMTNEEFRQVVNGYRHQKHKKGRLFQEPLMLKIPKSVDWREKGCVTPVKNQGQCGSCWAFSASGCLEGQMFLKTGKLISLSEQNLVDCSHAQGNQGCNGGLMDFAFQYIKENGGLDSEESYPYEAKDGSCKYRAEFAVANDTGFVDIPQQEKALMKAVATVGPISVAMDASHPSLQFYSSGIYYEPNCSSKNLDHGVLLVGYGYEGTDSNKNKYWLVKNSWGSEWGMEGYIKIAKDRDNHCGLATAASYPVVNHHH
Biological Activity	Measured by its ability to cleave the fluorogenic peptide substrate Z-LR-AMC. The specific activity is 26159.6 pmol/min/µg,
Appearance	as measured under the described conditions. Lyophilized powder.
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20mM Tris, 150mM NaCl, pH 7.5-8.0. Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants before lyophilization.
Endotoxin Level	<1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.
Reconsititution	It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 $\mu g/mL$ in ddH_2O.
Storage & Stability	Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.
Shipping	Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

DESCRIPTION

Background

Cathepsin L (CTSL) is a cysteine protease that belongs to the papain-like family (peptidase C1A), which is associated with tumor occurrence, development, and metastasis. Cathepsin L is implicated in invasion and metastasis of tumors, inflammatory status, atherosclerosis, renal disease, diabetes, bone diseases, viral infection and other diseases. Functions of Cathepsin L depend on their subcellular localization: Cathepsin L is involved in cell death and inflammation in the cytoplasm, and it also regulates cell cycle in the nucleus and exert degradative roles in the extracellular environment. Cathepsin L is expressed in all tissues and cell types and the primary function of cysteine cathepsins is proteolysis of protein antigens generated by pathogen endocytosis^{[1][2]}.

REFERENCES

[1]. Mei-Ling Han, et al. Cathepsin L upregulation-induced EMT phenotype is associated with the acquisition of cisplatin or paclitaxel resistance in A549 cells. Acta Pharmacol Sin. 2016 Dec;37(12):1606-1622.

[2]. Caio P Gomes, et al. Cathepsin L in COVID-19: From Pharmacological Evidences to Genetics. Front Cell Infect Microbiol. 2020 Dec 8;10:589505.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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