Proteins



Tomatidine

Cat. No.: HY-N2149 CAS No.: 77-59-8 Molecular Formula: $C_{27}H_{45}NO_{2}$ Molecular Weight: 415.65

Target: NF-κB; JNK; Autophagy; Endogenous Metabolite

Pathway: NF-κB; MAPK/ERK Pathway; Autophagy; Metabolic Enzyme/Protease

-20°C Storage: Powder 3 years

In solvent

4°C 2 years -80°C 6 months

-20°C 1 month

Product Data Sheet

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO: 2 mg/mL (4.81 mM; ultrasonic and warming and heat to 60°C)

0.1 M HCL: < 1 mg/mL (insoluble)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	2.4059 mL	12.0294 mL	24.0587 mL
	5 mM			
	10 mM			

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: 50% PEG300 >> 50% saline Solubility: 5 mg/mL (12.03 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 0.29 mg/mL (0.70 mM); Clear solution
- 3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 0.29 mg/mL (0.70 mM); Clear solution
- 4. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 0.29 mg/mL (0.70 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Tomatidine acts as an anti-inflammatory agent by blocking NF-кВ and JNK signaling^[1]. Tomatidine activates autophagy Description either in mammal cells or C elegans^[2].

IC₅₀ & Target JNK p65

In Vitro

Tomatidine decreases inducible NO synthase and COX-2 expression through suppression of I-κBα phosphorylation, NF-κB nuclear translocation and JNK activation, which in turn inhibits c-jun phosphorylation and Oct-2 expression. Tomatidine, solasodine and diosgenin (40 μM) show 66%, 22% and 41% inhibition of nitrite production, respectively. The iNOS protein is barely detectable in unstimulated cells but markedly increases after LPS treatment, and Tomatidine causes dose-dependent inhibition of LPS-induced iNOS expression. p65 is the major component of NF-κB in LPS-stimulated macrophages, the effect of Tomatidine on p65 DNA-binding activity is determined. In the presence of Tomatidine at 10-40 μM, the binding activity of NF-κB is suppressed in a dose-dependent manner. Tomatidine inhibits the phosphorylation of I-κB, blocks the I-κB production, and furthermore suppresses p65 NF-κB translocation to the nucleus and modulated binding activity [1]. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

PROTOCOL

Cell Assay [1]

RAW 264.7 cells, derived from murine macrophages, are cultured in DMEM supplemented with 10% endotoxin-free, heat-inactivated fetal calf serum, Penicillin (100 units/mL), and Streptomycin (100 μ g/mL) in a 5% CO₂ atmosphere at 37°C in a humidified incubator. For all assay, cell is plated at 2×10⁵ cells/cm² in culture dishes or plates. Treatment with vehicle (0.1% DMSO or 0.1% ethanol), test compounds and/or LPS is carried out under serum-free conditions^[1].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- iScience, 2023 Jul 13.
- Aging. 2020 Jul 5;12(13):12799-12811.
- Eur J Pharmacol. 2020 Sep 5;882:173280.
- FASEB J. 2019 Feb;33(2):2574-2586.
- Research Square Preprint. 2023 Apr 27.

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REFERENCES

[1]. Chiu FL, et al. Tomatidine inhibits iNOS and COX-2 through suppression of NF-kappaB and JNK pathways in LPS-stimulated mouse macrophages. FEBS Lett. 2008 Jul 9;582(16):2407-12.

[2]. Anil Ahsan, et al. Tomatidine Protects Against Ischemic Neuronal Injury by Improving Lysosomal Function. Eur J Pharmacol. 2020 Jun 21;173280.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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