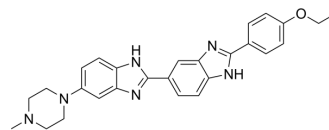


## Hoechst 33342

Cat. No.:	HY-15559
CAS No.:	23491-52-3
Molecular Formula:	C <sub>27</sub> H <sub>28</sub> N <sub>6</sub> O
Molecular Weight:	452.55
Target:	Autophagy
Pathway:	Autophagy
Storage:	4°C, protect from light * In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (protect from light)



### SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro	DMSO : 6.25 mg/mL (13.81 mM; ultrasonic and warming and heat to 60°C)						
	H <sub>2</sub> O : < 0.1 mg/mL (insoluble)						
	Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Concentration	Mass	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg	
				1 mM	2.2097 mL	11.0485 mL	22.0970 mL
				5 mM	0.4419 mL	2.2097 mL	4.4194 mL
10 mM				0.2210 mL	1.1049 mL	2.2097 mL	
Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.							
In Vivo	1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 0.5 mg/mL (1.10 mM); Clear solution						
	2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 0.5 mg/mL (1.10 mM); Clear solution						
	3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 0.5 mg/mL (1.10 mM); Clear solution						

### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	Hoechst 33342 is a marker dye in Hoechst series. Hoechst is A live nuclear marker dye. Hoechst binds to the grooves in the DNA double strand, which tends to be A/ T-rich DNA strand. Although it binds to all nucleic acids, the A/ T-rich double strand DNA significantly enhances fluorescence intensity Therefore, Hoechst dye can be used for living cell labeling. The fluorescence intensity of Hoechst dye increases with the increase of pH of solution <sup>[1]</sup> .
IC <sub>50</sub> & Target	Dye reagent <sup>[1]</sup> DNA Stain <sup>[1]</sup>

## In Vitro

### General Protocol

#### Preparation of Hoechst working solution

##### 1.1 Preparation of the stock solution

Dissolve 10 mg of in 5 mL DMSO

Note: It is recommended to store the stock solution at 4°C or -20°C away from light and avoid repetitive freeze-thaw cycles.

##### 1.2 Preparation of Hoechst working solution

Dilute the stock solution in serum-free cell culture medium or PBS to obtain final concentration 10 µg/mL Hoechst working solution.

Note: Please adjust the concentration of Hoechst working solution according to the actual situation.

#### 1. Cell staining

##### 2.1 Suspension cells 6-well plate

a. Centrifuge at 1000 g at 4°C for 3-5 minutes and then discard the supernatant. Wash twice with PBS, 5 minutes each time.

The cell density is  $1 \times 10^6$ /mL.

b. Add 1 mL of working solution, and then incubate at room temperature for 3-10 minutes.

c. Centrifuge at 400 g at 4°C for 3-4 minutes and then discard the supernatant.

d. Wash twice with PBS, 5 minutes each time.

e. Resuspend cells with serum-free cell culture medium or PBS. Observation by fluorescence microscopy or flow cytometry.

##### 2.2 Adherent cells

a. Culture adherent cells on sterile coverslips.

b. Remove the coverslip from the medium and aspirate excess medium.

c. Add 100 µL of working solution, gently shake it to completely cover the cells, and then incubate at room temperature for 3-10 minutes.

d. Wash twice with medium, 5 minutes each time. Observation by fluorescence microscopy or flow cytometry.

#### Precautions

1. Please adjust the concentration of Hoechst working solution according to the actual situation.

2. This product is for R&D use only, not for drug, household, or other uses.

3. For your safety and health, please wear a lab coat and disposable gloves to operate.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

## PROTOCOL

### Cell Assay <sup>[1]</sup>

Labeling Nuclear DNA with Hoechst 33342<sup>[1]</sup> Step 1, Dilute the Hoechst stock solution 1:100 in H<sub>2</sub>O for use in labeling. Step 2, Aspirate the cell medium from cells grown on coverslips. Rinse the cells three times with PBS<sup>+</sup>. Step 3, Incubate the cells in the Hoechst labeling solution (from Step 1) for 10-30 min at room temperature. Step 4, Aspirate the labeling solution. Rinse the cells three times in PBS<sup>+</sup>. Step 5, Mount the coverslips. Step 6, Image the cells ( $\lambda_{\text{ex}} \sim 353 \text{ nm}$ ,  $\lambda_{\text{em}} \sim 483 \text{ nm}$  for Hoechst 33342)<sup>[1]</sup>.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

## CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Science. 2022 Nov 18;378(6621):eabq7361.
- Cell Host Microbe. 2023 Nov 8;31(11):1820-1836.e10.
- Bioact Mater. 2022 Mar 17;18:91-103.
- ACS Nano. 2023 Jul 23.
- Chem Eng J. 2023 Dec 2, 147850.

See more customer validations on [www.MedChemExpress.com](http://www.MedChemExpress.com)

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## REFERENCES

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[1]. Chazotte B. Labeling nuclear DNA with hoechst 33342. Cold Spring Harb Protoc. 2011 Jan 1;2011(1):pdb.prot5557.

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**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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